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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXV NO. 27 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Bihar Votes Congress: Sweeping Victories

Rai Bahadur Forfeits Deposit Money

Dr. Syed Mahmud

Bihar Muslims' Lead

SPLENDID RALLY TO CALL OF NATIONAL CONGRESS

Dr. MAHMUD ELECTED

(From Our Correspondent).

PATNA: February 1.

Muslims of Bihar gave a remarkable demonstration of their faith in the Congress by returning Dr. Syed Rahmud to the Bihar Legislative Assembly at the top of the polls from the North Champaran Sadar Constituency. Dr. Mahmud defeated four of his rivals.

Dr. Syed Mahmud is one of the foremost Nationalist Muslims and has been a member of the Congress Working Committee and General Secretary of the Congress for a number of years.

SIR SULTAN AHMED'S SON ELECTED

GAYA, February 1.

Mr. Syed Najmul Husan, son of Sir Sultan Ahmed of Patna, was declared elected to the Bihar Legislative Assembly to-day from the East Gaya Mahomedan Rural constituency.

He secured 3,310 votes while his rivals Moulvi Abdul Hai (Independent) Mr. F. R. Azam and Moulvi Khalilur Rahman (a sitting member) secured 2,212; 1,263 and 287 votes respectively.

The total number of votes recorded was 7,027. The total number of voters was over 13,000.—United Press.

EDUCATION MINISTER SUCCESSFUL

PATNA, Feb. 1.

The Hon'ble Mr. Syed Abdul Aziz, Minister for Education and leader of the United Muslim Party was elected to the Bihar Legislative Assembly from Patna City Mohammedan Urban defeating Mr. S. M. Hafeez (Muslim Independent Party), Deputy President of Bihar Legislative Council by 1,368 votes against 1,110.—A. P.

LABOUR VOTERS CONGRATULATED

CALCUTTA, Feb. 1.

"Well done! voters in various Labour constituencies in Bengal. I hope the workers of other provinces will fully maintain the lead given by Bengal," says Mr. Sibnath Banerjee, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, in the course of a press statement in connection with the success of all five T.U.C. candidates, who had contested elections to the Bengal Legislative Assembly.—United Press.

Similar Fate For Many Others

Maharaja Of Dumraon Badly Beaten

Dr. MAHMUD'S SPLENDID SUCCESS

After Orissa, Bihar.

The Congress has registered unprecedented successes all over the province in the election to Provincial Assembly, despite all the attempts at intimidation and violence on Congress voters resorted to by its opponents.

A remarkable feature is that many candidates opposing the Congress have forfeited their deposit money.

Results of the election now available show that the Congress has so far secured 50 out of the total 152 seats and has sustained defeat only in one General Constituency.

PARTY POSITION

The following is the latest Party position:—

CONGRESS	50
NO-PARTY	9
CONSTITUTIONAL	1
LOYALIST	1
UNITED MUSLIM PARTY	3
MUSLIM AHRAR	1
EUROPEAN	4
ANGLO-INDIAN	1
INDIAN CHRISTIAN	1
INDEPENDENT	2

BIHAR RESULTS

PATNA, Feb. 1.

The first four general seats, the results of which were received to-day have gone to the Congress.

PATNA CITY URBAN: Mr. Sarangdhar Sinha (Congress) got 8,520 votes, while Rai Sahib Balgovind Malaviya (no party) got 189, the latter forfeiting his security.

WEST SARAN SADAR: Mr. Biresh Dutta Sinha (Congress) was elected, his Independent rival candidate forfeiting his security.

SOUTH BHAGALPORE SADAR: Mr. Mewalal Jha (Congress) was elected.

NORTH BHAGALPUR SADAR-CUM-KISHANGANJ: Mr. Shivdhari Sinha (Congress) was elected, defeating three others.

Mr. SHYAM NANDA SINHA (Congress) was elected from Dinapore Constituency securing 17,549 votes, defeating the Hon. Mr. Rajan Dhari Sinha, President Bihar Legislative Council who secured 4,879 votes.

FOUR MORE VICTORIES.

Four more seats, including one Mahomedan, have gone to the Congress in the Bihar Assembly.

DOCTOR SYED MAHOMUD (Congress) was elected from North Champaran Sadar, defeating four of his rivals.

MR. MAHESHPRASAD SINHA (Congress) was elected from East Muzaffarpur Sadar.

MR. RAMDAYALU SINHA (Congress) was elected from East Satamarhi-cum-Katra and Minapur.

MR. HARIKISHORE PARSAD (Congress) was elected from Banka general constituency.

INDRA DEWAN SRAN SINGH (Congress) was elected from Central Patna General defeating Mr. Dasu Sinha.

MR. NARAYAN PRASAD SINHA (Congress) from North-East Siwan and MR. BUNDI PASI (Scheduled Caste, Congress) from Naada have been elected to the Bihar Assembly, including 21 uncontested returns.

Mr. Ranjiv Ranjan Prasad Singh was elected to the Bihar Legislative Council (Upper Chamber) from North Patna Division.

General Constituency securing 473 votes and defeating Mr. Chandra Madho Singh, who polled three.

MORE VICTORIES

MR. PRABHUNATH SINHA (Congress) was elected from East Gopalganj-cum-Mashrakhand Marhuur, a General Constituency, securing 13,988 votes and defeating Mr. Rajnandan Prasad Sinha (Independent) who polled 4,148 votes.

Three more Congress candidates have been returned to the Bihar Legislative Assembly.

MR. HARINANDAN SINGH (Congress) has been elected from the North-East Shahabad General Constituency.

PANDIT BAIDYANATH MISRA (Congress) has been elected from the South Betiah General Constituency and RAMANANDAN SINHA (Congress) has been elected from the North Sitamarhi General Constituency.

Rai Bahadur Forfeits Deposit

PANDIT LADDOO SHARMA (Congress) was declared elected to the Bihar Assembly from the Barh General Rural Constituency, securing 14,164 votes. His rivals Sirdar Jagdeo Sinha (Tribeni Sangh) and Rai Bahadur Lekhanarayan Sinha secured 4,772 and 2,386 votes respectively, the Rai Bahadur forfeiting his deposit money.

MR. HARGOVIND MISRA, a Congress nominee, has been elected to the Bihar Assembly from the Buxar constituency, having floored the Maharaja of Dumraon by 3,384 votes. The total number of votes polled was 25,384.

MR. ANUGRAHA NARAYAN SINHA, M.L.A., General Secretary of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee, has been elected to the Bihar Assembly from the Aurangabad General Constituency, defeating Mr. Ramanugraha Narayan Singh who has forfeited his deposit money.

Mr. Shree Krishna Singh, M.L.A., Congress nominee, has been declared elected from the South Sadar-Monghyr constituency, securing 23,700 votes. His rival, Mr. Nawadsip Ghosh (Independent) has forfeited his deposit.

In Banka, Bhagalpur, Barh and Patna Congress candidates have been elected by an overwhelming majority.

In Mazaffarpur, MR. RAMDAYALU SINGH, Congress leader, has floored his opponent.

In North Manbhum MR. AMBIKA CHARAN MALIK, Congress nominee, has been elected secur-

(Continued on page 7, column 4.)

SEC. 144 FOR ALLAHABAD?

Move For Promulgation Sequel To Election Disturbance

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 1.

What might have been a serious disturbance was averted by the timely intervention of the police this evening, when they prevented supporters of two rival Muslim candidates to the Assembly from Allahabad City constituency coming to blows. In the minor scuffle that took place one man was slightly injured.

It is understood that the authorities are considering the advisability of promulgating Sec. 144 with a view to preventing disturbances of the public peace.—A.P.

OVERLOADING SHIPS, AN OFFENCE

Merchant Shipping Bill Passes Second Reading

LONDON, Feb. 1.

The second reading of the Merchant Shipping Bill was moved in the House of Commons to-day.

Dr. Burgin stated that it dealt with two specific problems connected with the safety of ships at sea; namely, overloaded cargo ships and supplies of life saving apparatus on fishing vessels. He said that as a result of recent prosecutions and comments by a judge, it had been decided to recommend that Parliament create a new offence of taking out an overloaded ship to sea. He added that when the United Kingdom law for Merchant Shipping was altered, it was necessary to see that the law was altered to cover British ships registered in the Colonial Possessions. Accordingly provision was made in the Bill to cover these cases as also a provision, enabling the Bill to be applied by an Order-in-Council.

The Bill passed the second reading.—Reuter's Special.

STOP PRESS

BIHAR RESULTS.

PATNA: Feb. 1.

In North Madhubani Constituency Rajendra Narayan Chaudhuri (Congress) was elected, defeating his No-Party rival.

Sasaram Harihar Singh (Congress) was elected, defeating the No Party candidate.

In West Gaya Muhammadan Constituency Mahomed Latif-ur-Rahman (United Muslim Party) was elected, defeating Shah Mahomed Umair (No Party).—A.P.

MRS. NEHRU PROGRESSING.

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 1.

Mrs. Motilal Nehru spent a peaceful day. She is progressing satisfactorily.—United Press.

SURAT SWEEPERS GO ON "HARTAL."

(From Our Correspondent.

SURAT, Feb. 1.

Sweepers of the Surat Municipality are on "Hartal" to-day as protest against overburden of work and the small number of sweepers engaged. The sweepeers held a meeting at the Kazi Maidan at noon.

41 DETENUS RELEASED.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 1.

Forty-one more detenus have been released by the Bengal Government on completion of their training from the Maslandpur Agricultural Camp in Twenty-four Parganas District. The number of those released so far is 101, and steps are being taken to admit another batch of detenus for agricultural and industrial training.—A. P.

Child Marriage In Miss Mayo's Country

Girl Of 9 Plays With Doll Presented By Husband On Wedding Day

AMERICA SHOCKED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

LONDON: February 1.

It is reported from New York that a marriage which took place on Saturday last of a 9-year-old girl, named Eunice Winstead, to a 22-year-old Tennessee farmer, named Charles Johns, has shocked the Americans.

President Upset.

It is stated that, though powerless to act, President Roosevelt was himself terribly upset by the news. He remembers that Miss Catherine Mayo condemned and attacked India and her political leaders, because of the existence of child-marriages, and now he finds a similar state of affairs in his own country.

Women's Outcry

American women are raising the greatest outcry ever known since Lincoln's anti-slavery campaign to end Eunice's marriage, which took place with the consent of her parents, according to the existing law in Tennessee.

National Scandal

Miss Lillian Rock, President of the League for Women, declared that this national scandal was repugnant to every woman in the civilised United States of America. "We will take the case to the Supreme Court and get the marriage annulled," she stated.

She Plays With Doll.

Meanwhile, Eunice keeps playing with a doll which her husband gave her as a wedding present. She said: "Charlie is going to build me a house. I am going to learn housekeeping."

Her mother told Pressmen that she had approved of her daughter's marriage, because "it has God's sanction."

This is the second child-marriage in Sneedville, Tennessee, within two weeks.

SINGAPORE IMPREGNABLE?

Elaborate Manoeuvres To Test Vulnerability Of Fortress

SINGAPORE: Feb. 1.

Elaborate manoeuvres to test Singapore's ten-million sterling fortress by naval attack and land defence began, without warning, this morning, when air patrol 'planes roared away to seek enemy warships and also transports, carrying invaders.

Vice-Admiral Sir Charles Little, Commander-in-Chief of the China Station, commands the attacking forces and Maj.-Gen. Dobbie, G.O. C., Malaya, commands the defenders. The total personnel involved is 8,000, comprising naval, army and air forces and also the Johore military forces.

The attacking naval forces had to be 250 miles from Singapore at the beginning of the exercises, so it is assumed that the first attacks on Singapore will be by air.

In addition to testing the fortress' vulnerability to attack and powers of defence, barbed wire defences have been laid along the beaches.

It is confidently believed in Singapore that the fortress will prove impregnable.—Reuter's Special.

The Two Budgets & Their Dates For Discussion

NEW DELHI, Feb. 1.

It is understood that the Railway Budget will be presented in the Council of State on February 16, discussion on it will take place on February 20.

The general budget will be presented in the Council of State on February 27 and discussion on the general budget will take place on March 3.—A P.

INEVITABLE HAPPENS

Italy Nominates First Ambassador To Gen. Franco's Govt.

ROME: Feb. 1.

Italy has nominated Sgr. Roberto Cantalupo, at present Ambassador at Rio de Janeiro, to be the first Ambassador to General Franco's Government in Spain.

Sgr. Vincenzo Lojacono, Ambassador at Shanghai will replace Sgr. Cantalupo, while Sgr. Juliano, ex-Ambassador to Chile, will go to Shanghai.—Reuter's Special.

WALKOVER FOR CONGRESS?

MEERUT: Feb. 1.

It is reliably understood that Messrs. Narayan Singh and Naider Singh (Independents) are withdrawing their candidature in the elections to the U. P. Assembly from the Meerut Distt. against Mr. Khushiram, a Congress nominee, who will thus have a walk-over.

It may be mentioned here that Mr. Ramchandra Sharma, another candidate, withdrew his candidature in favour of another Congress nominee from another constituency.—United Press.

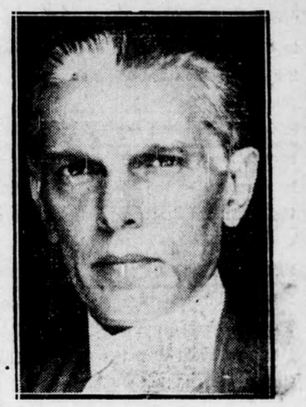
Jawahar Congratulates Utkal

CUTTACK: February 1.

"Bravo, Utkal. You have given the lead. May others follow".

With these words Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru congratulates the Utkal Provincial Congress on the signal success achieved in the Orissa Assembly elections.—United Press.

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant arrived here and is staying until the elections.—A.P.



Mr. M. A. Jinnah

Jinnah Shouted Down

FUTILE ATTEMPT TO ADDRESS MUSLIM MEETING

AHMEDABAD SCENES

AHMEDABAD: Jan. 31.

Uproarious scenes marked proceedings of a meeting of Muslims addressed to-night by Mr. M. A. Jinnah, in the course of election propaganda on behalf of Muslim League candidates to the Bombay Legislative Assembly.

Mr. Jinnah said that now the Government which would be set up under the new Government of India Act, would be quite different from the existing one.

(Cry from audience: Muslim League candidates are pro-Government).

"They are pro-Government, but that Government is gone," replied Mr. Jinnah.

Mr. Jinnah was subjected to continuous heckling followed by uproarious scenes. Mr. Jinnah tried to address the meeting several times but the uproar continued and he left the meeting abruptly.

The meeting was subsequently addressed by speakers opposing the Muslim League candidates.—A. P.

BENGAL PARTIES' FINAL POSITION

CALCUTTA, Feb. 1.

Enquiries made by the "United Press" in the Secretariat of different parties which had participated in elections to the Bengal Assembly reveal their respective final position as follows:—

Official Congress—43;

Scheduled Caste group—30;

Hindu Independents (including special constituencies such as University, Commerce, Landholders and Labour)—23;

Muslim League—48;

Proja Party—40;

Krishak (Agriculturist) Party—8; (this party is distinctly (pro-Congress);

Muslim independents—27;

European (General & Commerce) —25;

Anglo-India—4;

Indian Christian—2;

The grand total is 250 seats comprising the full strength of the Bengal Legislature (Lower House.) —United Press.

Assam Council President Defeated

DIBRUGARH, Feb. 1.

Khan Saheb Saydue Rahman, Advocate, was returned to the Assam Assembly to-day from the Lakhimpur Mohammedan constituency, defeating Mr. Faizpur Ali, President of the present Assam Legislative Council by 927 votes against 528 votes.—United Press.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words- "Box No ..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted—A few influential share selling representatives in the unrepresented areas. Enquiries from Musical Dealers are also invited. The Pioneer Records and Musical Varieties Ltd. 3|1, Russa Road, Calcutta. 7670.

Wanted two graduates as apprentices, one in Spinning and one in Weaving. Apply in writing with full particulars Ahmedabad Advance Mills, 24, Bruce Street, Bombay, 1. 4804.

District Secretaries wanted in principal Districts of India by well established and progressive Life Office of Bombay with ten Branches in India, Good terms for persons with actual field and Office experience able to produce results. Apply Box 4805, "Bombay Chronicle."

Posts Guaranteed: Don't remain without jobs! Learn shorthand, typewriting. Posts guaranteed. Completion of course. Consult: Brentford Shorthand-Typewriting School, Forbes St. opposite Greaves Cotton, Bombay. (7699)

Wanted—Paid organiser on Rs. 60 p.m. with increments and office expenses to organise a scheme that brings Rs. 40,000 to individuals. No security and guarantee required. P. B. 10009, Calcutta. (7658)

Wanted Assistant Solicitor or Managing Clerk for Solicitors' Office, must be competent and hard-working. Apply stating experience and salary required. Box No. 7681 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Men-women 18 up. Get started in industry. Quick raise. Mine of wealth. Common education sufficient. Experience unnecessary. Investment only nominal. Literature free. The Trade and Industry Stimulator, Cape Road, Nagercoil (S. India). (7693).

Wanted highly experienced Spinning Master for Big Local Mill. Novices and assistants need not apply. Apply with copies of testimonials Box No. 7673. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—A. I. C. P. S. for the Mansinghji Hospital, Palitana State. Apply stating age, caste, experience and minimum salary expected, before 28th February, 1937, to the Chief Medical Officer Palitana State (Kathiawar). (4749)

Wanted—Applications are invited for the post of Lecturer in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering for the Muslim University Technical Institute. The applicants must have a degree or a diploma in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering from a recognised institution. At least 2 years **practical experience in a Workshop is essential. Salary Rs. 150** p.m. with prospect of increment. Applications with recent testimonials must reach the undersigned by the 28th February, 1937. A. E. Zobairi, Registrar, Muslim University, Aligarh. Dated 25-1-37. 4788

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted—Actors, Actresses, Clerks, two Accountants, three Storekeepers, Music Master and some decent Boys to act in Talkie Films. Apply with Postage RISHIKUL RAJENDRA & Co., Lucknow. 7696

Wanted a lady stenographer for one hour daily. Pay Rs. 15. Apply stating age, qualifications, etc., to Box No. 7678, "Bombay Chronicle."

20. OFFICES TO LET.

To Let—Spacious Office Flat 2nd Floor in Annexe of Esplanade House (Tata Palace) at Waudby Road. For full particulars apply to SHAPOORJI PALLONJI & Co., 70, Medows St., Fort. 7691

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Wanted Candidates to quality as Sub-Engineers. Overseers through correspondence. British India Technical College, Sukkur (Sind). (7698)

87. ASTROLOGERS.

Consult always in Cotton, Share Bazar and other fluctuations. One month daily details Rs. 5 in advance. Pandit Sharma, Astrologer, Savantwadi. (7667).

99. MACHINERY WANTED.

Wanted—Second hand Expeller, Steam Engine Compound 12 H.P., 3 Double Roller Cotton Gins. Apply least prices. The Partap Ice Factory, Kaithal (Punjab) (7697).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Wanted—Buy one Jute or hard waste cleaning opener. Apply Sadani Cotton Factory, 13, Jackson Lane, Calcutta. (7686).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion ...	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion ...	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion ...	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions ...	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Gazette. 4788

Public Notices.

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

Sealed percentage Rate tenders are invited for the construction of Sewers as per following details:—

Particulars.	Estimated amount.	Earnest Money.
1. Sewers in Gomtipur Saraspur area	Rs. 1,90,055-0 -0 or Rs. 1,59,315-3 -0 as alternative.	1,900-9 -0
2. Hume Pipe lines in Dariapur Kajipura area	Rs. 56,723-4 -0	567-4 -0
3. Stoneware pipe line in Gomtipur Saraspur area	Rs. 36,060-4 -0	360-10-0
4. Stoneware pipe line in Dariapur Kajipur area	Rs. 18,540-13-0	185-6 -0
5. Pump chamber Sump pit and Main Building construction work	Rs. 82,090-9 -0	820-15-0
6. Constructing of screening and grit chamber at Main Pumping station with 72" Bye pass and connecting sewers.	Rs. 29,298-13-0	293-0 -0
7. Interstage Pumping station at Gomtipur	Rs. 14,800-0 -0	148-0 -0
8. Interstage Pumping station at Dariapur	Rs. 14,800-0 -0	148-0 -0

Tender must be on the prescribed form obtainable from the Municipal Engineer, Ahmedabad, from 8th February, 1937, to 22nd February, 1937, on payment of Rs. 10 per tender with specifications.

Plans can be seen in the undersigned's office on any working day. ....

Tenders will be opened by the Chief Officer, on 22nd February, 1937, and must not reach him later than 4-0 P.M. on that date.

The Municipality reserves the right to reject any or all of the tenders received in answer to this advertisement without assigning any reasons for such rejection.

(Sd.) J. S. MALIK, I.S.E.,
Municipal Engineer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
4810.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the construction of a building on Plot No. 19, Pherozshah Mehta Road. Tender forms, specifications and conditions of contract can be had from the office of the undersigned from FRIDAY, the 5th instant. Tenders close on FRIDAY, the 12th instant, at 3 p.m.

ADALJA & NOORANI,
Engineers Architects and Surveyors,
Kernani Building,
Hornby Road, Bombay.
(4809)

COIMBATORE MUNICIPALITY

TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS from Engineering firms will be received by the Commissioner, Coimbatore Municipality, at the Municipal Office up to 12 noon on 25-2-1937 for the work of constructing main outfall conduits eggshaped 32" x 48" and 26" x 39" for the underground drainage scheme, Coimbatore Municipality. Approximate cost Rs. 58,020.

A set of drawings and other contract documents can be had from the Municipal Engineer, Coimbatore on payment of Rs. 10-0-0 for each set. Every tender must be accompanied by a receipt for Rs. 500 paid into the Municipal treasury without which no tender will be considered.

E. H. S. ABRAHAM,
Commissioner,
Coimbatore Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Coimbatore, 26-1-1937.
4791

Legal Notices.

NOTICE TO SHOW CAUSE

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE OF AGRA.
Misc. Case 34 of 1936.
RAM CHAND ... ... Applicant.
Versus.
SRI THAKUR NAVNITLALJI and others .. Opposite-Party.
To

GOSWAMI SRI BALLABHLALJI, son of Goswami Siri Ranchorlalji, administrator and MUTWALLI SRI THAKUR NAVNITLALJI MADAN MOHANLALJI and NAVNIT LALJI by caste Brahman r|o Kabutar Khana near Lal Babaka-mandir, Bombay.

WHEREAS applicants have presented an application to this Court for consolidation of the suits No. 1745 of 1936 pending in Sub Judge's Court S. C. C. Muttra and No. 566 of 1935 in the Court of Munsif and to transfer the suit in any Court whatsoever.

You are hereby informed that you should appear personally or through some counsel thoroughly acquainted with the facts of the case on 20th February, 1937, at 10 a.m. forenoon and show cause against the application. If you fail to appear on the date and time specified above the application will be heard and decided exparte in your absence and you would be considered to have nothing to say against it.

Given under my hand and the seal of the court this 27th of January, 1937.

For DISTRICT JUDGE,
Agra, U. P.
4771

Legal Notices.

NOTE.—Defendant to file his written statement at least 8 days before the date of hearing.

SUMMONS FOR SETTLEMENT OF ISSUES.

(Rules 1 and 5. Order V., Act V. of 1908).

CIVIL SUIT NO. 46A OF 1936.
IN THE COURT OF II SUB-JUDGE II CLASS AT KHAMGAON

TEKCHAND .... Plaintiff
BHAGIRATH MILL Defendant.
Claim—Rs. 783|2|-
To

Bhagirath Mill by Managing Agent: Surajmal Gandalal Marwari resident of Jalgaon, Tahsil Jalgaon, District East Khandesh.

WHEREAS Plaintiff Tekchand has instituted a suit against you for Rs. 783|2 you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person, or by pleader duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions on the 19th day of March, 1937, at 10 o'clock in the noon to answer the claim; and you are directed to produce on that day all the documents upon which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before-mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this 21st day of January 1937.

S. N. MISHRA,
II Sub-Judge: II Class,
Khamgaon. 4803.

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.

Telephone No. 24927

SALE THIS DAY.

AUCTION SALE OF 175 BOXES OF CIGAREITE PAPERS.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction this day TUESDAY, the 2nd February 1937 at 2-30 P. M. (S. T.) at their Auction Rooms, at No. 72, Meadows Street, Fort, by order of Messrs. Kamrudin Hakimji Sabuwalla and on account and at the risk of Societa Commissionaria Di Esportazione E Di Importazione.

175 Boxes Cigarette paper No. 825 each of 60 booklets. Made in Italy.

TERMS: Cash and immediate delivery.

GANDHI & CO.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc|s (13.97 m.), GSF 15.14 Mc|s (19.82 m.), GSB 9.51 Mc|s (31.55 m.).

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. 'World Affairs.' A talk by H. V. Hodson. 7-46 p.m. Geiger and his Orchestra. From Claridge's Hotel, London. 8-13 p.m. Jack Peterson v. Ben Ford. A commentary on the boxing match. 8-30 p.m. The Torquay Municipal Orchestra. Leader, Harold F. Petts. Conductor, Ernest W. Goss. From the Pavilion, Torquay. 9-40 p.m. Australia v. England: The Fourth Cricket Test Match. An account of the fourth day's play by Alan Kippax, from Adelaide (in collaboration with the Australian Broadcasting Commission). 10-0 p.m. The News and Announcements. 10-20 p.m. Dance Music.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

8-0 am. Bhoopali on Violin. 8-10 Sundrabai in popular songs. Assisted by the VUB Indian Orchestra. 9-10 Gujerati Selection. Pushpa Bahen I. Sampay. "Kevi bili varshani bahar".—Garba. Ashrakhan. "Janu Kavi na Game". "Gitana Ganara". Madhurika. "Shankare Bhanga Pilayi" "Javode Amone Sham Morari". 1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates. Leo Goutkin's Russian Trio. Leo Goutkin.—Violin. Rudolph Kougel—Cello. Michel Beno—Piano. 6-0 A Potpouri. 6-30 "For Children" Aunties Marion and Zena. "Customs of the Coronation", "Introduction to Sandy and Bobs." "Tongue Twisters". Songs by Auntie Zena —Stories. 7-0 "About the Home". Talk: "Delicacies Children Like". By Hilda Flanders. 7-15 Popular Selections. 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 Talk (English): Behind the Wheel": Making an old Car look new. By Pilot Ray. 9-15 The News. 9-30 Light Classical Music. Master Krishnarao Fulambrikar with Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla.

Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. 49.10 metres, 6,109 kc/s. (Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

12-30 p.m. SB Light Songs, selected Sushila Sen. (Contralto). 12-51 Francisco Casanova and his Spanish Orchestra. (Relayed from Firpo's Restaurant). Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 Religious Talk: "Uddhab-Srikrishna Sanghbad". No. 1. By Abulya Krishna Bhattacharya. 2-6 Rabindra Sangeet Banikanta Guha. 2-16 Talk: "More about the Ear, Nose and Throat". Dr. S. K. Nag Chaudhury. 2-31 Banjo Solo. Ardhendu Bose. 2-41 Bengali Song Prithwish Mukherjee. 2-51 p.m. Talk: 'Woman's Status Through the Ages: Woman in Primitive Society.' By Sachi Kanta Guha. 3-6 p.m. Time Signal. Close down. 5-6 p.m. Letters and Riddles. Mejdidi Tales. 'The Little Gardner.' (Musical Item). Santa Claus' Workshop. Mejdidi talks to the children. 6-6 p.m. Music Lessons by P. K. Mullick. 6-36 p.m. Light Hindustnani Songs. Fullanalini. 6-51 p.m. Rashokatha. By Asude. 5-56 p.m. Modern Bengali Song. Binapany. 7-11 p.m. Rashokatha. By Asude. 7-16 p.m. Topp-Thungri. Provabaty. 7-31 p.m. Rashokatha. By Asude. 7-36 p.m. Violin Recital. Ramchandra Mohanta. 7-46 p.m. Kirtan. Radharany. 8-6 p.m. Talk: 'Modern Criminal Investigation,' No. 5. Scientific Devices in Criminal Investigation. By Panchanan Ghosal. 8-21 p.m. SB Bhajan (Hindustani). K. C. Dey. 8-41 p.m. SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In Bengali). 8-46 p.m. SB The News and Announcements. 9-0 p.m. SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In English). 9-6 p.m. SB The News and Announcements. 9-21 p.m. SB Talk (English) 'The Value of the Health Exhibition.' By J. Neogy. 9-36 p.m. A Choral and Orchestral Concert. Presented by the Rev. T. H. Croxall.

Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres. 882 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta (Text and Translation). 8-15 Indian Music. (Recorded). Hirabai Barodekar—Bhajan and Sarang. Narayan Rao Vyas—Lalit and Malgramji. Zohra Jan.—Ghazals. Abdul Karim Khan—Basant and Jhanjoti. Angurbala—Ghazals. Durga Rani Dadras. Kananbala and Dhumi Khan.—Geet. 9-0 Talk (Hindustani): "Who Stand and Wait" No. 5. The Army by Col. G. A. Pim. (Hindustani Translation.) This series of talks is intended to help those who unhappily may have to stand and wait in their desire to serve, by explaining the scope of various careers and the methods of training or entry for each. 9-15 Umrao Zia Begam (Film star). Classical and Light Music 9-55 AIR Orchestra. Motki. 10-0 Lachhi Ram. "Mane nahin Pham Murrai". Thumri Jonpuri. "Nahin manungi tumri". Thumri Bhairvin. 10-15 G. A. Khan Gwaliori. "Mall-i-soz i ghamhae nihani dekhte jao, Bharak uthi hai Phama-i- zindagani dekhte jao" "Khab men hi rukh-i-purnoor dikha do hazrat, Meri soi hui taqdir jaga do Hazrat". 1 p.m. Mixed Picklets" (A Recorded Programme). 2-0 AIR Orchestra B. Saindura. 2-10 Lachhi Ram. "Bhor bhai he rajni". Khayal Modh Mad Sarang. "Bhajan". 2-26 Naghma-i-Raqs On Sarod, Sitar and Piano. 2-31 G. A. Khan Gwaliori. "Mori Naiya Lage par" Geet. "Tum jo chaho to mire dard ka darman ho jae, Warna mushkil hai yeh musakil meri asan ho jae". 2-45 Umrao Zia Begam. Light Music. 5-0 1st News and Weather Report (English) 5-10 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 5-20 AIR Orchestra Marwa (with an introduction to the Ragni). 5-35 Lachhi Ram "Ban ae balayyan lun hun tihari" Khayal Bhopali. "He bamana aiso shagun wichar". Khayal Chhaya Nat. "Mat chhero dheet Kanhai". Thumri Shudh Behag. "ad Mahadeva been bajai" Khayal Shankra. 6-10 Sarangi Lance Melody 6-13 Sarod. Dance Melody. 6-16 Violin Dance Melody. 6-19 Sitar Dance Melody. 6-22 Clarionet. Dance Melody. 6-25 Orchestra Dance Melody. 6-30 'For Villagers Only" (Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates at 7-0 p.m.) 7-30 G. A. Khan Gwaliori. "Jo main janti bichhrat ho saiyan" Geet. Khansa "Mad prem ka de piala" Geet. 7-55 Lachhi Ram Hill Song. 8-0 Time Signal. Talk (Hindustani): "India and the world" No 4. Commercial Relations between India and America. By Prof. Sh. Ataullah. 8-15 AIR Orchestra. Jhanjoti. (with an introduction to the Ragni). 8-30 Umrao Zia Begam and G. A. Khan. Hindi Duets. 8-50 Umrao Zia Begam. Light Hindustani and Punjabi Songs. 9-15 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 Talk. (English): "Who Stand and Wait". No. 5 The Navy. By Lt.-Commander J. T. S. Hall. The Indian Navy does not as yet provide much scope for employment but there is the training ship "Dufferin" at Bombay. Tonight Commander Hall speaks on a career in the Navy. 10-0 Hotel Marina Viennese Orchestra. H. Phillips. Bass.

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AFRAID OF PUBLIC CRITICISM

Medical Council Resolves Not To Supply Agenda Papers To Press

In spite of the protests from the Journalists' Association, Doctors and other private individuals, the Bombay Medical Council today passed a resolution that "the papers connected with the agenda of the Council meetings should not be supplied to the Press".

The resolution was passed in an ordinary meeting of the Council at 12 noon, with Major-General E. W. C. Bradfield, C.I.E., O.B.E., in the chair.

Some members objected to press being shut out. They stated that if the proceedings were supplied to the press, there would not be any misgivings in the minds of the public. Again, there might be the possible benefit of new suggestions and other important matters coming from certain medical friends. Further, things affecting the public at large, should not as far as possible, be kept secret, especially in the case of such modern bodies with democratic principles in their organisation.

Mr. M. N. Talati, L.C.P.S., moved for the reduction of the fees and travelling allowances granted to the members. He was of opinion that the members were to consider the work as honorary and that only third class allowances be granted to them. He stated that men like Gandhi and Jawaharlal were travelling in third class and that the other classes were simply a luxury. But his efforts were in vain as there was nobody to back him.

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Manu Subedar Commends Experts' Recommendation

INCOME-TAX REPORT HAS TAKEN SOBER VIEW OF QUESTIONS, HE SAYS

NEW DELHI, (By Mail).

"I have always desired that direct taxation should play a much larger part in the financial system of India, and I am glad that the report provides a sound foundation on which the levy and collection of income-tax in India in future could be based", observed Mr. Manu Subedar in an interview to the Associated Press regarding the Income-tax Enquiry Report. Mr. Subedar added: "The loopholes for evasion, legitimate and illegitimate, which existed, have been plugged up and the honest taxpayer is going to have the solace that the cleverness of those, who were escaping hitherto, will not avail in future. The public in India must develop a conscience against those, who dodge taxes, just as the public is gradually beginning to realize that those, who gather an illicit harvest from supply and contract either with the Military, Railways, P. W. D., or any other Department of Government, are enemies of the taxpayer.

CRITICS OF REPORT.

There will be those, who will accuse the Finance Department of increasing taxation on the plea of reform, but I think most of the measures, such as the substitution of the "slab" system for the "step" levy, the merging of the income of the husband and wife for purposes of income-tax, the taxing of income earned abroad, whether it is brought to India or not, the clarification of exemptions for religious and charitable purposes, and the addition of agricultural income for purposes of assessment as to scale, including some of the measures with regard to partnership, particularly in the case of a minor, and those affecting Hindu undivided families, would commend themselves to persons like me, who desire to see the income-tax occupy a more important place amongst the sources of India's tax revenue. The collective effect of these and other reforms would, in my opinion, lead to an improvement of income-tax receipts by two to three crores of rupees, some of which, it is satisfactory to note, would come from those who are at present managing to escape.

SIMPLER SYSTEM.

It is a merit of the report that the income-tax system, in spite of the alterations recommended, still remains in India simpler than in the United Kingdom. I should have personally preferred to see in India the beginning of an attempt to make a distinction between earned and unearned income. I should have personally liked the curtailment of the existing exemption of income applied under a trust or other legal obligation to religious and charitable purposes. I am glad that it is recommended that the exemption from super-tax of investment trust companies should be continued, but it would have been helpful if other concessions asked for on behalf of investment trust companies had been also granted, as it is very desirable in India to encourage the development of this type of investment trusts to save the small man from the vagaries and perils of direct contact with the stock exchange.

The authors of the report have taken a sober view of the questions and have thus very rightly rejected the sentimental demand to put additional burden on the unmarried assessee on the ground that the demand did not reflect the realities of the situation in India.

There are several minor recommendations with regard to procedure calculated to help the assessee and to reduce the troubles of the "bona fide" taxpayer.

"CORPORATION TAX."

It is now well-known that the definition of "corporation tax" is not satisfactory to Government of India, and, in anticipation of the Federation, a change would have to be made so as to enable the Federation to retain the whole yield of the taxation on the income of companies. The abolition of the present limit of exemption of Rs. 50,000 recommended in the report would need some adjustments in order to change the form of the tax on companies, without increasing the scale.

I am glad to see the scheme worked out for the purposes of granting the demand of the business community for carrying forward losses, a demand which can be met by Government only at some cost of revenue. It is unfortunate that the occasion for this should arise when there are so many other calls on the available resources of the Government of India. It may be, however, possible to find a modified form for the introduction of this reform so as to minimise the burden, which would be involved on Government finances during the transition period.

HAPPY COINCIDENCE.

There will be criticisms on details and on some recommendations affecting business. But on the whole, the changes recommended will secure a marked improvement on the present position. Because of this as well as the fact that many of these changes would bring to Government the extra two crores, which are needed this year and which Sir Otto Niemeyer expected would arise from increased yield under existing heads of taxes of the Central Government, I hope the necessary legislation for giving effect to the recommendations will be introduced as early as possible. It is a happy coincidence that the consolidation of income-tax law in this country should be completed by the present Finance Member, who has a great reputation as an authority on income-tax matters."—A. P.

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M. N. ROY TO EDIT WEEKLY JOURNAL

Explains Policy Of His Paper And Appeals For Funds

BOMBAY, January 31.

Mr. M. N. Roy will be the editor of "Independent India," a weekly journal which will make its first appearance on March 1, 1937. In announcing the aims and objects of his paper, Mr. Roy appeals to the public for helping him with funds.

In detailing the objects of his paper, Mr. Roy says that he and his associates will always promote the cause of national freedom and social emancipation.

POLICY OF HIS PAPER.

"In pursuance of this object," he says, "we shall work for the reinforcement and democratization of the National Congress. We shall agitate for the mobilization of the toiling masses together with all other forces antagonistic to foreign domination under the banner of the National Congress, so that the National Congress becomes an irresistibly powerful force. We shall endeavour to convince all concerned that these essence of all anti-imperialist struggle is the historical necessity for such transformation of Indian society as will quicken the play of economic and cultural forces and, thereby mark the Renaissance of India as a modern, prosperous, progressive nation."—United Press.

PARLE PUBLIC INVADE MUNICIPAL HALL

Excitement Over Proposed Overbridge

(From Our Correspondent)

ANDHERI: Sunday.

Animated scenes of enthusiasm and tense excitement were witnessed at to-day's meeting of the Vile Parle Municipality when a large crowd composed of the public of Vile Parle invaded the Municipal Hall to protest against the decisions of the municipality in accepting the offer of the donor, Mr Gopinath Harmukheri, for the construction of an overbridge at Vile Parle as the site proposed by the donor was very inconvenient to a large section of the residents of Vile Parle.

The President, Mr. Ceasar D'Mello was heckled by the public as well as by the Municipal Board on more than one occasion during to-day's proceedings for the attitude adopted by him on this question. The visitors' gallery was fully occupied and the scenes were made more lively by the presence of a number of ladies amongst them.

Mr. V. D. Jog, the leader of the deputationists, first asked the President to explain to the deputation the legal position of the Municipality with regard to the resolution adopted by the Municipality in the matter on the 17th of January, and said that if it was possible to rescind the resolution in deference to the wishes of the public.

He asked for a moral assurance from the Municipal Board that it would not proceed with the construction of an overbridge on the site proposed by the donor until the question of a permanent overbridge near the present railway bridge as originally proposed was settled. Mrs. Maniben Nanavati, on behalf of the ladies, enumerated the difficulties that the ladies will be called upon to face if a bridge was constructed on the proposed site.

After hearing the deputationists the House resolved to adjourn to consider this question.

A heated and excited discussion then took place in which Mr. Kalbag, Mr. Gomes and Mr. Goculbhai Bhatt participated. The President was highly annoyed with certain objectionable and unparliamentary words used by Mr. Kalbag against him. and at one time he was so very excited that he shouted out the words "meeting dissolved".

Mr. Kalbag then moved a resolution in 3 parts, the first part dealing with the construction of an overbridge near the present railway bridge at the expense of the Municipality as originally proposed, the second part dealing with the legal position of the Municipality in relation to the offer of a donation for the construction of an overbridge accepted by it and the third part appointing a committee of 3 members to go over the position created by the resolution.

Mr. Gomes quoted section 26 sub-section 12 of the District Municipal Act and asked the chair if all the 3 parts were in order. The President said that he was not in a position to give his ruling on any of the parts until he had obtained opinion of the legal adviser over it and he, therefore, dissolved the meeting until such time as would enable him to give his ruling.

Soon after the meeting the public in great excitement threatened the Municipality with non-payment of taxes or the offering of Satyagrah if the proposed scheme was carried out in spite of the protests registered by it.

Mr. V. A. Desai prominent Congressman of Bombay who passed away on Sunday.

MOVE TO CENSURE MUNICIPAL PRESIDENT

Sequel To Withdrawal Of Offer By Anonymous Donor

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE: January 31.

As I understand the anonymous donor who had made an offer of a sum of Rs. 10,000 for the construction of a joint municipal office, municipal market and municipal dispensary, has withdrawn his offer as in his opinion the municipality has violated the terms under which such donation was offered. The Vile Parle Public has made this question a major issue and I would not be surprised if at the next municipal meeting a resolution suggesting a vote of censure on the chair is tabled by some of the members on account of a mandate received from their electorates.

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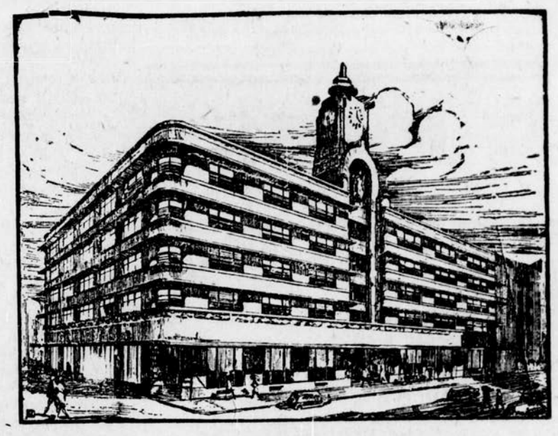

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World Of Sports: Home And Abroad

Prospects Of The Fourth Test Match At Adelaide

(By "LOOKER-ON.")

By the time these notes appear in print the fourth Test match between England and Australia will have begun at Adelaide. England now stand at a more favourable position in the fight for the Ashes than their opponents, having won two of the three Tests already played. Australia however enter the field with the confidence gained in the Third Test match which they triumphed over by a huge margin. At the same time it should be remembered that none of the above matches was played through in fair and even conditions, the clerk of the weather having arrogated to himself the right of deciding them all according to his own whims. If he decides to take the matter into his own hands again, it is impossible to forecast the verdict of the match. In any case the spin of the coin will play a very important part in the fate of the match. Whoever wins—whether it is Don Bradman or Gubby Allen—will make his chances more than fifty per cent sure. If Bradman succeeds, the final battle at Melbourne will be a titanic one, but if Allen proves victorious, the destination of the Ashes will be settled at once. Therefore the result of the fourth Test will be awaited with the keenest interest all over the cricket world.

AUSTRALIA STRONGER

It is a matter of gratification to Australia that all their best players are now quite fit. Their chief speed merchant, McCormick, is back again to his post, so are the two great all-rounders. A. G. Chipperfield and S. J. Gregory, having replaced Sievers, Ward and Darling. There is not the least doubt that the coming in of the abovementioned trio will considerably augment the strength of the Home team in every department of the game. With O'Reilly and McCormick in charge of the attack and Bradman, McCabe and Fingleton to pile up runs, the Australians have excellent prospects before them.

ENGLAND HOPEFUL

England on the other hand stand on a sure foundation, namely the balance of victories in the favour. It is a matter of further satisfaction to them that their principal opening batsman, Bobb Wyatt, who was on their injured list, has now fully recovered. With Wyatt and Barnett to open their innings and Hammond and Leyland to run home the initial advantage, England's batting chances are fairly bright. Their bowling with Voce, Allen and Verity in charge smacks of a tremendous force. If their fielders back them up handsomely, they should put up a battle royal for the final verdict. Will it be a slow marathon or a spectacular climax, remains to be seen.

BOMBAY OLYMPICS

Bombay had a surfeit of athletics during the last few days. Long and short distance races, field events and cycle races organised by the Bombay Presidency Olympic Association engaged the attention of the sportsmen of the Presidency, and plenty of interest and enthusiasm was noticed among them. It is happy sign indeed that more people took interest in the last Olympic Games than in the previous sessions. Sir Nowrojee Saklatwalla, the President, and S. K. Mukerjee, the Hon. Secretary, of the B. P. O. A., with the help of a fine band of honorary workers did everything possible to make the meet a successful one. I have no doubt that with such energetic people behind it, the Association would prosper rapidly and athletics in Bombay make great headway in the near future.

ATHLETICS PROGRESS

All the events on the card attracted excellent entries and there were competitors from various parts of the Presidency, though I cannot say that all the best talents in it were fully represented. That is a great pity. Because the cause of athletics and athletes cannot be thoroughly served and advanced unless the athletes themselves take their proper share of responsibility in it. I am fully conscious of their difficulties, especially of those who have to travel long distances at no inconsiderable cost to participate in the Games in Bombay. They should find ways and means to do so, until the B. P. O. A. is in a position to pay their expenses. I hope the fourth Olympic Games next year will see all the best athletes in the Presidency trying their strength in it.

INDIAN RECORDS SMASHED

It is worthy of note that two all-India records—one in Women's Broad Jump and the other in 100 Kilometres Cycling—were smashed by Miss H. J. Godwin and A. K. Bastani respectively. The distance in the first instance was 14 feet, 4-1|2 inches, and the timing in the second was 3 hours 17 minutes, 56-1|5 seconds. Both of them deserve to be highly complimented on their meritorious efforts.

Several Bombay records were also overhauled which clearly demonstrates that athletics in Bombay are on the progressive march. Although we are still far behind the athletes of the Punjab—not to talk of European or American giants—we can confidently hope from what we saw during the last Olympic Games in our city that it will not take our athletes very long to reach the highest standard in India. And provided we give them the opportunities and facilities that obtain in the Western countries they will not take many years to attain even the world standard.

OUTSTANDING PERSONALITIES

The outstanding personalities in the meet were C. S. A. Swami who represented India in the Olympic Games at Berlin, J. Jameson of the Armed Police, R. Davis of the G. I. P. Railway, S. DeSouza of the St. Sebastian High School, and P. M. McDonnell of the B. B. & C. I. Railway among the men competitors and Miss B. Shore of the Christ Church Old Girls, Miss D. Haji Aff of the Nagpada Neighbourhood House and Miss K. B. Jog of the Matunga Vyayam Shala among the women, besides of course, those already mentioned above.

Swami won the 10,000 metres and 3,000 metres Steeplechase and stood second in the 5,000 and 1,500 metres, while S. DeSouza got the first place in the 5,000 metres and second in the 10,000 metres and 3,000 metres Steeplechase.

Jameson had three wins and two second places to his credit, the High Jump, Pole Vault and 110 metres Hurdles falling in the first category and Hop, Step and Jump and 400 metres Hurdles in the second.

R. Davis surpassed in the 800 and 400 metres and McDonnell outshone in the Men's Pentathlon.

Miss Shore, on the other hand, was in the winning list of the High Jump and the 100 metres and second in Broad Jump, Putting the Shot and 50 metres. And Miss Aff outstripped her rivals in Putting the Shot, and throwing the Javelin and the Discus.

Miss Jog and Bastani won the 1,500 and 3,000 metres Cycle races for women and men respectively.

The honour of the Marathon Race and the 5,000 metres Walking Race went to H. P. McGhee of the Poona Olympic Committee and C. B. Michael of Bombay, respectively.

ALL-INDIA TENNIS

I heartily congratulate E. V. Bobb and Leela Row on their grand performances in the All-India Lawn Tennis Championship held recently at Allahabad. Bobb regained the All-India Crown having lost it three years ago. And Leela not only retained the singles crown for women but also added the Women's Doubles title to her Roll of Honour in company with Menra Dubash of Karachi. Bombay has every reason to be proud of the great achievements of these two players.

BOBB AND LEELA

Bobb has silenced all his critics by the brilliant manner he recaptured his title. His displays were so poor last year that most people thought that Bobb was 'finished' so far as first class Tournament play was concerned. But he recovered wonderfully, like his rival in the final round, D. N. Capoor, and vanquished such powerful antagonists as Ghaus Mahomed, India's No. 3, Marshall, Shamser Singh, and Rajkumar of Jath easily.

Leela, in her turn, contended a formidable opponent in Mrs. Lakeman, who as Miss Joan Fry become a runner-up at Wimbledon a few years ago. It was an uphill fight which Leela had to face her rival having secured a lead of 6-2 and 5-3 in the final match. With her characteristic pluck and courage Leela fought every inch of the way and won the verdict in a most creditable manner. I hope that Jenny Boland and Olga McInnes who now occupy the first two places in the All-India Ranking List will come to Bombay and measure strength with the All-India Champion to vindicate their positions.

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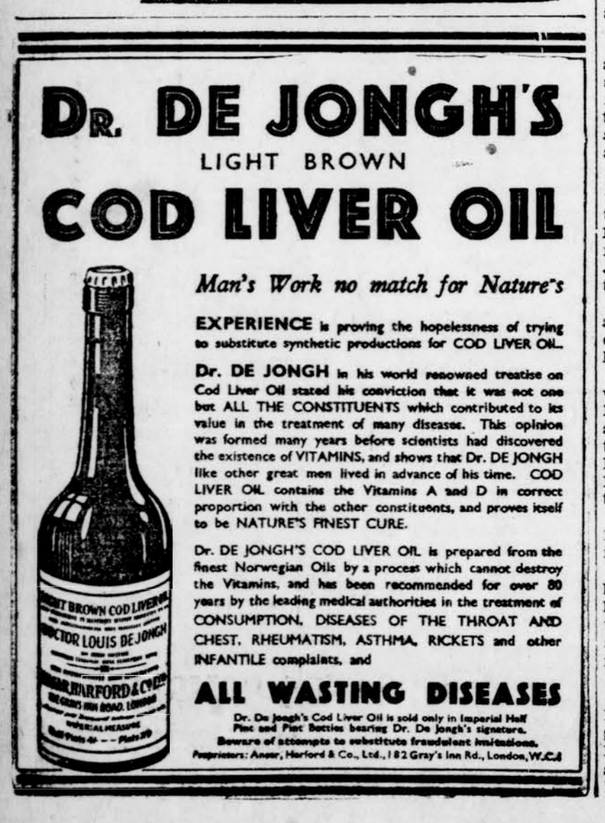
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CHARGED WITH DICE GAMING

Squad Raid Room In Mody Street And Arrest Sixteen

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Prevention of Gambling Squad raided room No. 15, on the first floor of Ahmed Building, Mody Street, at about 2 p.m. on Sunday.

16 persons alleged to have been playing "Girdhi" (gambling with dice) were put under arrest. About Rs. 625, in cash; including marked coins, dice, cards and other instruments of gaming were also seized, during the search.

They were placed before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court to-day. Four were remanded and the rest were bailed out.

GWALIOR CUP HOCKEY TOURNAMENT

Matches To Start On Monday Next

The Gwalior Cup Hockey Tournament, organised by the Western India Football Association, will start on the Cooperage on February 8.

The draw which was decided on Sunday morning, is as follows:—

Kirkee United vs. G. I. P. Railway—bye.

Customs 'B' vs. Armed Police,

Young Sports vs. Bombay Portuguese.

Christ Church 'A' vs. Indian Telegraphs.

Bombay Port Trust vs. Brady and Co.

Military Engineering Services vs. Lusitanians 'B'.

Customs 'A'—bye.

Lusitanians 'A'—bye.

Christ Church 'B' vs. "Times of India 'B'.

Mackinnon Mackenzie vs. No. 3 Coy. R.A., A.F. (I).

Y.M.C.A. 'A' vs. Vincent Club.

Y.M.C.A. 'B' vs. B.E.S.T.

Bombay Telephones vs. Texaco.

"Times of India" 'A'—bye.

Brijraj—bye.

All matches commence at 5-30 p.m. There will be two matches on Saturday, the first starting at 4-10 p.m.

RUGBY MATCH AT TWICKENHAM

LONDON: February 1.

The following players will represent the English Rugby Team, in the match against Ireland at Twickenham on February 13:

Owen-Smith, Butler Cranmer, Candler, Sever, Kemp (another), Longland, Toft Prescott (another), Huskisson, Weston, J. Dicks (from Northhampton), and Campbell. Anothers are Gadney and A. W. Hettley on condition they are fit.

Following is the Irish Team:

Malcolmson (North Ireland), Boyle (Dublin University), Bailey (University College, Dublin), McMahon, (Blackrock College), Moran (Clontarf), Cromey (Queens), Morgan (Clontarf, Captain), Alexander (North Ireland), Corken (Collegians), Deering (Bective) Graves (Wanderers), Lawlor (Bective), Russell (University College, Cork), Siggins (Collegians), Walker (Collegians), Cromey and Corken are the new caps.—Reuter.

England's Lead In First Innings

Tourists Score 330 Runs: Fine Century By Barnett

ADELAIDE, Feb. 1.

In the Fourth Test Match, England had made 253 runs for four wickets at lunch.

England were all out for 330 runs.

Tea was taken at the conclusion of England's first innings.

Australia had made 63 for one wicket in their second innings.

ENGLAND (First Innings)

Scores:—

The following is the Test match closing score:—

Verity, c Bradman, b O'Reilly	19
Hammond, c McCormick, b O'Reilly	20
Leyland, c Chipperfield, b Fleetwood Smith	45
Wyatt, c Fingleton, b O'Reilly	3
Barnett, l.b.w., b Smith	129
Leyland, c Chipperfield, b Fleetwood-Smith	45
Hardstaff, c and b McCormick	20
Allen, l.b.w., b Fleetwood-Smith	11
Robins, c Oldfield, b O'Reilly	10
Voce, c Rigg, b Fleetwood-Smith	8
Farnes, (not out)	0
Extras	20
Total	330

BOWLING ANALYSIS:—McCormick 21|2|81|2; McCabe 9|2|18|0; Fleetwood-Smith 41.4|10|129|4; O'Reilly 30|12|51|4; Chipperfield 9|1-24|0; Gregory 3|0|14|0.

AUSTRALIA (Second Innings).

Fingleton, l.b.w., b Hammond	12
Brown, (not out)	23
Bradman, (not out)	26
Extras	2
Total (for 1 wicket)	63

—Reuter.

Tennis In Australia

SYDNEY, Jan. 30.

In the Australian championships final, McGrath beat Bromwich 6/3, 1/6, 6/0, 2/6, 6/1. McGrath was in peak form, smashing brilliantly with his most delicate drop shots. He did not allow Bromwich to settle down.—Reuter.

15-MILE CYCLE RACE WINNER

The 15-Mile Cycle Road Race organised by the Bombay Amateur Athletic Club on Sunday morning was won by A. K. Bastani who was closely followed by B. Malcolm, N. J. Nariman and J. B. Guard.

After the race, the competitors and spectators adjourned to the Cooperage to witness the distribution of prizes.

Results

1. A. K. Bastani (Sassanian Wheelers).
2. B. Malcolm (B.E.S.T.)
3. N J. Nariman (Sassanian Wheelers).
4. J. B. Guard (B.B. & C. I. Railway.

Time: 42mins. 17secs.

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and visit of

NEW ZEALAND—FRENCH TENNIS TEAM

February 18th to 27th

Entry forms and Season Tickets (Rs. 10|8|-) from Bombay Gymkhana.

4732.

Here's News for Stomach Sufferers

A sparkling, bubbling drink that ends Indigestion, Wind, Flatulence and Acidity — Instant relief for Headaches, Colds, Neuralgia.

Ninety per cent of our every day ailments are caused by too much acid in our systems. Scientists tell us that to keep well and healthy, our bodies must be slightly more alkaline than acid. Careless habits of eating, late hours, rich food, lack of exercise, overwork, over-indulgence, all lead to excess acidity. Then, the power of resistance is lowered and we become an easy prey to Indigestion and all sorts of Stomach Troubles, Headaches, Colds, Neuralgia and other common ills.

Now comes a new treatment for excess acidity, "Alka-Seltzer" Tablets. Now, scientists have discovered how to combine in a pleasant refreshing, effervescing form the three essential ingredients doctors have used separately for years.

These "Alka-Seltzer" Tablets are amazing in their results. If you suffer from Indigestion, Wind, Flatulence, Heartburn or Fullness after eating, just drop an "Alka-Seltzer" Tablet in water. Drink it while the bubbles are still sparkling in the glass. Your pain and discomfort will vanish. If you have a Headache you will be astonished how quickly this pleasant, refreshing drink will make it go. Rheumatic Pains, Neuralgia, even the ever present Cold will yield to this new discovery.

You mustn't confuse "Alka-Seltzer" Tablets with the ordinary type of remedy. They are a scientific product—a corrective alkalizing drink which first relieves the pain and then removes the cause. There is nothing so good as "Alka-Seltzer"—nothing to equal it. It is not harmful and not a laxative. Try it to-day.

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ALKA-SELTZER, MY BOY, LETS YOU EAT AND FORGET
ACID-INDIGESTION
YOU NEVER CATCH COLD. ARE YOU LUCKY OR WISE?
I THINK I'M BOTH, I ALKALIZE!
COLDS
MY HEAD ACHES SO, I CAN HARDLY SEE!
TWO ALKA-SELTZERS' DID WONDERS FOR ME.
HEAD-ACHE
Be Wise— Alkalize
Alka-Seltzer
"Alka-Seltzer" Tablets make a sparkling alkalizing drink. They give prompt, pleasant relief from Headaches, Sour Stomach, Wind, Distress after Meals, Colds and other everyday Aches and Pains

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FIRST, of course, you bought the news from the far-off corners of the world. Late news and live news, covering all the countless interests and activities of all peoples.

Then too, you bought the local news—about the recent doings of people you know, announcements of coming events, intimate details of your own special circle.

And, what more?.. Aren't you forgetting the vital news items "in the advertising columns?" Items of immediate interest and real importance to you and yours. News of better buys in food and clothes and things for the house. "News that you must watch closely and constantly—if you expect to make your money do its job".

This new year, form the fine habit of following the advertisements with an eagle eye. It will save you money and help you live a richer life.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.

Hindu: Posh Vad 6, 1993.
Muslim: Jilkhad 18, 1306.
Parsi: Amardad 29, 1306.
Hightide: 3-21; 16-20.
Lowtide: 9-54; 21-33.

Public auction of foreign liquor licences, C. J. Hall, 11 a.m.

Improvements Committee, 4-10 p.m.

The Sir Dorab Tata Graduate School of Social Work: Opening of School by Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor, Nagpada Neighbourhood House, 5-30 p.m.

GATHA SOCIETY.

A meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-day (Tuesday), at 6 p.m. (S. T.), at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute (Ravelin Street, Hornby Road, Fort) when Mr. Behramgore Tehmuras Anklesaria, M.A., will give in Gujerati further summary of Ha 31 with reference to three Pahlavi Commentaries.

J. KRISHNAMURTI
PUBLIC TALK
at
Cowasji Jehangir Hall
on
FRIDAY February 5th
and
TUESDAY February 9th
at 6-15 P. M.

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Breathe the Vapour

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Big ENTERTAINMENT Hit
THE MAGNIFICENT BRUTE
A FASCINATING EDUCATION IN MANHANDLING
You Can't Afford To Miss!

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EMPIRE—"Garden of Allah." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Garden Murder Case". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"A Woman Rebels." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Village Girl." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"The Magnificent Brute" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Cain and Mabel." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Dharmaveer". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WEST-END—"Gay Prince". Daily at usual time.
OPERA HOUSE—"Izzat." Daily at 3-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Dalit Kusum". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Destiny." Daily at 5-15 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Baghi-Sipahi". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"Modern Times". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m
EDWARD—"Hind Kesari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Dharmaveer". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

"SOCIAL WORKER & HIS TASK."

Will be the subject of speech by Prof. Arthur Holt of the Chicago University in the Sir D. Tata Graduate School of social work to-day, (Tuesday), at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House Byculla. Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar will preside over the opening ceremony of the school.

THE SIR DORABJI TATA GRADUATE SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK.

Miss M. K. Davis' lecture has been postponed to next Tuesday, (Feb. 9).

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION.

Professor B. P. Hivale will meet his students in Psychology to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the South Wing, University Buildings.

THIYAGARAJA UTSAVAM

Under the auspices of Sri Rangini Sabha there will be a musical concert by Srimati Chellamal at 9 p.m. to-day (Tuesday) in the special pandal constructed at Pratab Bhuvan, Telang Road, G. I. P. Matunga.

AIR MAIL POSTAL NOTICE.

As the Imperial Airways East Bound 'plane due to arrive in Karachi on the 1st February, 1937 has been delayed for 24 hours the London-India air mails which were due to be received in Bombay on the 2nd February will be received here and issued for delivery by the Bombay General Post Office at 3-30 p.m. on the 3rd February in the ordinary course.

The latest hours of posting air mail correspondence for Hyderabad Deccan and Madras at the Bombay General Post Office will be as shown below:—

Ordinary correspondence: 11-30 hours on 3rd February.

Registered correspondence 11-00 hours on 3rd February.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The O. S. K. steamer "Shunko Maru" left Sakito on January 29 and is due to arrive in Bombay on February 23 via usual ports.

● Never neglect a cold—it can easily lead to the more serious trouble. At the very first sneeze, cough or sign of sore throat, gargle instantly with Listerine Antiseptic, *full strength*. Repeat every few hours.

Listerine Antiseptic destroys the germs that cause disease. It is gentle, safe, yet amazingly effective. Apply Listerine Antiseptic to cuts, burns, insect bites, and prickly heat, too. It soothes, cools, sterilizes, ensures against infection. Keep a bottle always on hand.

N-33

LISTERINE
THE SAFE
ANTISEPTIC

"E" WARD" VOTERS SUPPORT ALVA

The Propaganda Secretary of "E" Ward Congress Committee writes:—

A public meeting of the Christian Voters organised by the "E" Ward Congress Committee was held on Sunday night to support the candidature of Mr. Joachim Alva, Congress candidate, in B. I. T. Chawl compound under the presidentship of Miss Violet Hart.

Some persons among the audience tried to raise Ambedkarite slogans and disturb the meeting but Mr. Achrekar held the audience spellbound and the meeting continued peacefully.

When Mr. Joachim Alva in a brief speech reminded the audience not to commit a mistake on 15th February by voting for the oppenent of the Congress candidate.

Mr. Charles Mascarenhas spoke in Hindi. A large number of voters flocked round Mr. Alva and gave their names and assured him of their support.

AT WALPAKHADI.

Under the auspices of "B" Ward Election Committee, there will be a public meeting to-day (Tuesday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Walpakhadi, when Mr. K. F. Nariman will preside and Messrs. Nagindas T. Master, S. K. Patil, Dr. Jethalal Vora and others will address the meeting.

AT ZAOBA'S WADI.

Under the auspices of Bhuleshwar Congress Parliamentary Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at the Zaoba's Wadi, Thakurdwar Road for election propaganda. Messrs. K. F. Nariman, S. K. Patil, Nagindas Master, Motichand G. Kapadia, Khadilkar, Y. K. Parulkar Mansing Rao, Jagtap, Gajendranath Sherman, will address the meeting.

AT GHATKOPAR.

Under the auspices of Ghatkopar Bhagini Mandal, a women's meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at Ghatkopar Upashraya Hall under the chairmanship of Smti. Hansabehn Mehta to support the Congress candidates. Messrs. B. G. Kher, D. N. Wandrekar and C. Songaonkar. Smti. Hansabehn Mehta (President) Smti. Bachubehn Dharamsh Thakker, Smti. Kanta Behn Khandwala and Smti Dahibehn Desai of Santa Cruz will address the meeting.

AT JUHU TARA.

Under the auspices of the Bombay G Ward and Suburban Districts Joint Election Committee, a public meeting will be held at Juhu Tara to-day (Tuesday) at 9 p.m. when Sjt. Purshottam Kan Sjt. Ramnikrai Mehta, Sjt. Gokulbhai Bhat, and the Congress candidates Messrs. B. G. Kher, D. N. Wandrekar, S. Sangaonkar, and others will address the meeting.

AT SUN MILL ROAD.

Under the auspices of the Bombay G Ward and Suburban Districts Joint Election Committee a public meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 8-30 p.m. at Sun Mill Road, Raju Mamaji Chawl, when Sjt. Jairam Dewang, Sjt. B. T. Rane, Sjt. Nerkar Buwa, Sjt. V. B. Karnik, and others will address the meeting. Sjt. I. S. Patel will preside.

Late Mr. T. P. Munim

The following resolution was adopted by the Board of Directors of the Lalubhai Samaldas People's Co-operative Bank. Ltd. at their meeting held on January 13th on the death of Mr. T. P. Munim:

"Resolved that this meeting of the Board of Directors places on record its deep sense of loss which the Bank has sustained by the sad death of Mr. Thakordas P. Munim, who had rendered valuable services to the Bank by placing at its disposal his rich and varied experience and mature judgment in the difficult times of the Bank in the midst of his numerous professional engagements and that he will always be remembered by his colleagues on the Board for his amiable nature and sweet disposition."

Late Mr. Gulabrai

(From A Correspondent).

Ghoda Kallianrai Gulabrai, for 37 years Secretary to the late Sheth Narottam Morarjee and to Sheth Shantikumar Narottam Morarjee, age 62, died on Sunday, at Sir Harkisondas Narottamdas Hospital after a paralytic stroke.

Uttamna ceremony on Monday February 8 at 4-30 p.m. (B.T.) at Goregaonkar's plot, Dammar Lane, Gamdevi, Bombay.

HARD COURT TENNIS

Bombay Presidency Tourney To Open On Feb. 5.

Tennis loving people of Bombay will be glad to know that another major tournament which is included in the Ranking list by the All-India Lawn Tennis Association, is starting at the Hindu Gymkhana, at the Kennedy Sea Face, from February 5.

All the well-known players including B. T. Blake of Karachi, E. V. Bobb and Charanjiva of Bombay, H. C. Sansoni, Ceylon's No. 1; A. G. Gupte who recently won the Singles title of the Parsi Gymkhana tennis tournament are amongst the various entrants.

There are good entries in the Ladies events also. The draw is taking place at the Hindu Gymkhana, on Tuesday at 6-30 p.m., where entries will be accepted upto 6 p.m.

All the above players have treated the Bombay tennis enthusiasts with their great skill in the game in the Parsi Gymkhana tennis tournament, which concluded only yesterday evening. Mr. Y. R. Savar, the famous Madras player has also sent in his entry.

VOTE FOR Mrs. DESHMUKH

An Appeal To Karnatakis

An appeal to Karnataki voters, signed by, among others, Messrs. R. A. Jahagirdar, R. S. Padbidri, R. K. Prabhu, G. S. Gudal, D. N. Nadkarni, S. S. Wagle, Drs. A. V. Baliga and R S. Samsi and Mrs. Sitabai Padbidri, Mrs. Sanjivibai Prabhu, Mrs. Krishnabai S. Kamat, says:—

We, the undersigned Karnatakis, appeal to all Karnatak Assembly voters in Bombay Assembly D. Ward constituency, to extend wholehearted support to the candidature of Mrs. Annapurnabai

Mrs. Annapurnabai Deshmukh

Deshmukh, Congress nominee for the women's constituency in the ward, in the ensuing election to the Assembly, taking place on the 18th February, 1937. The following observations have necessitated the issue of this special Appeal.

(1) Reports have been circulated that some of the undersigned are either supporting the rival candidate Mrs. Sukhtanker or that they are indifferent about the candidature of either.

(2) Some voters are under the misunderstanding or have been given the wrong impression that each voter is entitled to cast two votes by putting a cross against the names of both the candidates. The truth is that there is only one candidate to be returned and as such, there is only one vote to be given. Therefore, supporters of Mrs. Deshmukh will be careful in casting their only vote in favour of Mrs. Deshmukh.

(3) Both men and women voters can and should exercise their franchise—this is specially mentioned since some voters are still under the impression that only women voters are entitled to go to the Polls in connection with the women's constituency.

Condolence For Late Mr. V. A. Desai

The Secretary, Swaraj Sabha, writes:—

The special general meeting of the Swarajya Sabha held in the People's Jinnah Hall, on Monday, passed a resolution expressing its deep sorrow at the death of Mr. Vaikunthrai Ambalal Desai and recorded its appreciation of his services to the Sabha and its Volunteer Corps. The resolution be forwarded to the members of his family.

Lok. Rashtriya Kanyashala and the offices of the Swarajya Sabha and the People's Jinnah Hall were closed on Monday in memory of the deceased.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN).

The Bombay East Indian Association's Open Bombay Suburban Catholic Cricket Tournament of which I have written before in this column has now reached its final stage. On Sunday the second semi-final which was a third replay owing to the game being twice drawn was played on Danda Green, Bandra, between Callina Athletic Club, Kole Kallian and Chapel Road United XI, Bandra. The game was a very interesting one and a large crowd from Bombay and Suburbs had gathered to watch the two XI's, who had so stubbornly played twice to draw.

Chapel Road United XI batting first put up a score of 103 of which J. Albuquerque and Colaco contributed 21 and 19 runs respectively. Callina Athletic opened their innings very disastrously, but recovered splendidly and put up a score of 117 for 7 wickets, the highest contribution being that of C. Miranda and E. Fernandes who scored 25 and 22 runs respectively thus Callina won the game by 3 wickets and 14 runs.

The finals of this tournament is to be played on Sunday February 7, between Young Men's Parish Association, Sahar and Callina Athletic Club at Danda Green, Bandra, starting at 10-45 a.m. so if you are a cricket fan you might note this in your diary, for all suburban fans are expected to be present.

WHIST-DRIVE CRAZE.

It looks as if the suburbs had gone whist-drive crazy last weekend for quite a number of whist-drives were held in the suburbs. On Saturday Bandra Gymkhana and the Merry Vile Club clashed with two whist drive, one at the pavilion of the Gymkhana and the other at the premises of the Club. Both these functions were enjoyable affairs, especially the one at the premises of the Merry Vile Club was a very crowded affair, and the young merry-makers carried on with merry-making right up to the early hours of the morning.

On Sunday the premises of the G. I. P. Railway Institute, Bandra were gaily decorated with flags and buntings. The occasion was a whist drive followed by a social which saw a crowded gathering and about 25 tables contested in the whist.

After whist dancing commenced to a radiogram which only ended after the couples had thoroughly enjoyed themselves sometime after midnight.

Before I conclude this report, I would be doing injustice if I did not say a word of praise for the excellent management rendered under the personal assistance of the President of the Institute Mr. D. E. Dibbin, Assistant Transportation Superintendent, and the Secretary Mr. Louis Rodricks. The two of them are a hardworking and a jovial combination, such men like these are what Club and Institutes really want.

Mr. Dibbin on behalf of the Institute in a humorous speech thanked the gathering for patronising this function and expressed his joy at seeing such a large number of members present. Mrs. Dibbin gave away the prizes to the winners.

PILGRIMAGE TO MANI.

Bassein-Virar area has been the scene of many pilgrimages. Last week I told you about a pilgrimage to Arnala, to-day a correspondent tells me that the Men's Sodality St. Peter's Church, Bandra, went on a pilgrimage to Mani, at the Church of St. Anthony of Lisbon on Sunday last. The Sodalist started at 7-15 a.m. from Bandra and heard the 8 a.m. Mass at the said Church after which Rev. Fr. Soler who officiated at the Mass gave short interesting and edifying instruction. Then followed a picnic. At about 4 p.m. the Sodalists held sports for the village boys, which the youngsters enjoyed immensely. After evening service at said Church the pilgrims returned to Bandra.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REGRETS

Unable To Re-engage Durgadas & Iyengar On Their Terms

Mr. Durga Das and Mr. A. S. Iyengar whose contracts with Associated Press of India expire on March 31 next have informed the Company that they do not wish to accept the terms offered by the Company for their re-engagement, and have asked the Company to be released from February 1, in order to undertake work of their own.

The Company agrees to the request and regrets this severance of their long connection with the Associated Press which comes into effect on to-day February 1.

Widow Remarriage

VILE PARLE, February 1.

A widow remarriage in the Jain community was celebrated here last night, the parties being Miss Lilavati (daughter of Mr. Nanchand Chunilal) and Mr. Vrajlal Sukhlal Shah.

India's Delegates To Dairy Congress

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, February 1.

The Government of India have nominated the following delegates to represent India on the eleventh Dairy Congress to be held at Berlin (Germany) in August, 1937:

Sirdar Datar Singh, Dairy Expert, Punjab;

Mr. F J. Gossip, Livestock Officer, Bengal;

Mr. E. J. Bruen, Livestock Officer, Bombay Government, and

Mr. F. Ware, Director, Muktsar Institute.

AIR MAILS DELAYED

The Post Office has issued the following:—

As the Imperial Airways East Bound 'plane due to arrive at Karachi on 1st February, 1937, has been indefinitely delayed the London-India Air Mails which were due to be received in Bombay on the 2nd February, 1937, will not be received and delivered on the 2nd February, 1937.—A. P.

Official & Personal

Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Bowers and Mrs. and Miss Greenway lunched at Government House on Monday.

Amidst a large and distinguished gathering of officials and non-officials, Sir Hyde Gowan, Governor Central Provinces, performed the opening ceremony of the Mahakoshal Police Constables' Training School in Jubbulpore on Monday.—United Press.

SCOUTING AND WORLD PEACE

Movement In Almost All Countries Brings Them Closer, Says Chief

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 1.

"If India is going to take her place among other nations, she has got to be a United Nation" said Lord Baden Powell in special interview with representative of the "Associated Press". The interview was granted in a local hotel, where Mr. L. A. Impey, the Imperial Headquarters Commissioner for Scouts, is staying.

Lord Baden Powell recalled that on the last occasion, when he came here, India had only about 15,000 boy scouts but now the number had increased to 320,000. He specially referred to the scouts of the Punjab, who had done good work at Melas.

WOULD IT HELP PEACE?

"Could boy scout movement help world peace?" was the next question asked.

Lord Baden Powell replied in affirmative. His reason was that as almost all countries of world had boy scouts. They considered boy scouts of other nations as their brothers and thus nations were brought closer to one another.

His lordship, however, made it clear that movement was nowhere military or political nor was it associated with any religion or creed.

Jamboree Opens

A neat little colony of about 500 tents sprung up into existence in heart of Kingsway (Old Delhi) near the site of the 1911 Coronation Darbar to accommodate over 4,000 boy scouts, who assembled here from all-over India to attend the first All-India Jamboree. To-day which marked beginning Jamboree Camp flag breaking ceremony was performed and various scouting demonstrations given. The Nawab of Chhattari, Chief Scout Commissioner for India visited camp in the afternoon and welcomed the scouts and said that scouting that international movement. Internationalism was not opposed to nationalism, which was but one of the stages in development of human civilization and which must ultimately lead to internationalism.

Ladies' Procession In "G" Ward

"G" Ward and Suburban Election Committee have decided to take out a big ladies' procession on coming Sunday, Feb. 7, at 4 p.m. A number of ladies from "G" Ward and Suburban are coming to this procession. The route of the procession will be announced later on.

FOUR YEARS WITH ULCERATED STOMACH

Now feels "different altogether"

If you endure the terrible agony of ulcerated stomach—or if you have suffered from the pain of other gastric ills, flatulence, wind, indigestion—you will understand the joy with which Mr. W. H. H. wrote this amazing letter:

"For nearly four years I have suffered from ulcerated stomach. I am a waiter, so you can understand how I have suffered—on the go for 12 to 14 hours each day. Sometimes I could have screamed with pain whilst waiting on the guests. Each year I have had to leave my work as I could not carry on. Not long ago I got a bottle of your Powder and since taking it I feel different altogether."

This is typical of the letters continually being received by Macleans. Sufferers who had given up all hope, whom even operations had failed to cure, tell of the marvellous results they have experienced even from the very first dose of Maclean Brand Stomach Powder.

Follow their example, and be absolutely certain to ask for Maclean Brand Stomach Powder, the one with the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" on the bottle and the red seal on the carton. There are inferior substitutes at lower prices, but they are not worth the risk to your health. Get the genuine Maclean Brand. It is never sold loose. Also in tablet form.

If you have any difficulty in obtaining it from your local chemist or store, write to Martin & Harris, Ltd., 119, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

Help Kidneys
Clean Out Poisonous Acids

Your Kidneys have nine million tiny tubes or filters which are endangered by cheap, irritating drugs or neglect. Unknown to you, weak Kidneys may be the real cause of your Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Dizziness, Swollen Ankles, Bladder Trouble, Headaches, Backache, Rheumatism, Leg Pains, Circles Under Eyes, Dry, muddy Skin, Acidity, Burning, Smarting or Lost Vigour. Don't take chances. Your life may be in danger. Get the Doctor's guaranteed prescription Cystex (Siss-tex). £1,000 deposited with Westminster Bank, London, backs up Cystex Guarantee to bring new health and vitality in 48 hours, make you feel 10 years younger and to end troubles in 8 days or money back on return of empty package. Ask your chemist for Cystex.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1937

COMPLETE INDEPENDENCE

Mahatma Gandhi's letter to Mr. H. S. L. Polak on the subject of the Congress goal of complete Independence calls for some detailed comment in view alike of the intrinsic importance of the subject and the possibility of the letter being mis-interpreted in the excitement of the election campaign. It is easy to understand or to misunderstand the meaning and implications of the term complete Independence. It all depends upon one's political predilections. There are some in the Congress and outside it who hold the view that the expression necessarily means severance of British connection. For else, they say, it would not have been necessary to change the goal from "Swaraj" to Poorna Swaraj." But apart from the merits of the ideal of such severance, the view itself is untenable; and every time an attempt was made in the Congress to add an explanatory clause, defining the creed as necessarily involving severance, the attempt was defeated, not because the clause was superfluous but because, we believe, it sought to pre-judge now a question of India's foreign politics under Poorna Swaraj, a question which will have to be decided by free India with regard to the then world situation and the terms offered by Britain about her political and economic relations with free India. It is no more necessary to decide now the question of India's relation with the British Empire than it is to determine now her relations with, say, the League of Nations. Independence must come first, and independent India's foreign policy and such other questions will be dealt with as they arise, the decision depending upon a variety of circumstances which it is not possible to anticipate now.

Fallacious Reasoning

Is it then to be understood that the Congress in fact still clings to Dominion Status as its goal? Not at all. It is true that the Liberals and other critics of the Congress often contend that, though the Congress creed on paper is Complete Independence many Congressmen would readily accept Dominion Status, that the creed adopted in 1929 did not prevent Gandhiji from expressing his willingness at the R. T. Conference in 1931 to accept Dominion Status in terms of the Statute of Westminster, that is, with the right to secede at will. They will now, of course, point out that even now Gandhiji is willing to accept the same position, as he has said it in so many words in his letter to Mr. Polak and that, therefore, in practice there is little or no difference between the Congress and the Liberals, so far at any rate as the political goal is concerned. This is most fallacious reasoning. There is a world of difference between the Congress goal and that of the Liberals. If the former does not necessarily involve severance of British connection, it does not either commit the Congress to British connection under all circumstances. The Liberals by their unconditional acceptance of Dominion Status imply that they will in no circumstances sever British connection The Congress wants first complete freedom without even one per cent of subjection to Britain or any other power. If that is compatible with association with Britain or the British Commonwealth and if otherwise the association and its terms are acceptable to India, she may not insist upon severance of all connections with Britain. It is in this sense, we believe, that Gandhiji would even to-day accept Dominion Status, in the sense of a status which is compatible with perfect freedom, which is acceptable to India in other respects generally and which, in particular, concedes the right to secede at will.

Struggle For Freedom

The position then is briefly this that what the Congress aims at is complete freedom and that whether that will mean any connection with the British Empire and, if so, of what kind are questions which will have to be decided, when the struggle for freedom will reach a stage when India will be able to dictate her terms. And then all important constitutional questions will be decided finally by the Constituent Assembly, whatever may be the views of different Congress leaders. Just at present the question that should most engage the attention of the people of India is how to intensify the struggle for freedom. The results of elections in various provinces show that the country is solidly behind the Congress demand for complete independence. That demand will be reiterated at the National Convention, to be held at Delhi shortly after the elections are over in all the provinces. The larger the number of persons elected on Congress ticket the greater will be the strength of the Convention and the greater the strength behind its demand for Complete Independence.

A Double Slander

"It is not right for Mr. Brelvi that he or other people should become the standard bearers of Islam and inflame religious sentiments of Musalmans by referring to the period when the Islamic Caliphate was in danger. The fact is that at that time every Musalman did his duty according to his possibilities but a very large majority was opposed to it and they refused to adopt a destructive and unlawfhl line of action."

The above is the translation of an extract from a statement communicated to the local Urdu press by Mr. M. M. M. Isphahani, the Publicity Officer of the Bombay Muslim League Parliamentary Board.

We do not know where Mr. Isphahani was during the Khilafat agitation or what exactly he was doing. But it is evident that in his eagerness to serve—or shall we say lead—Muslims he has betrayed himself. He does not know what he is talking about and, worse still, he has tried rather too obviously to be very clear. But the only result is that the enthusiastic Publicity Officer of the Muslim League has rushed where even his leader will, probably, fear to tread. Chattering parrot-like expressions like "destructive" and "unlawful", he has slandered both the Muslim community and the Muslim League itself, by indulging in a gross misrepresentation and an utter perversion of fact. The very large majority of Muslims was at the back of the Non-Co-operation Movement. Moreover, the Muslim League itself has been a party to it. And the fact that Mr. Isphahani and his fellow-leaders can afford to sneer at the movement and openly repudiate the League itself represents the unreality, nay, the farce to which the Muslim League has been reduced.

Division Of Spoils

The progress made by Japan in her maritime trade during the last score of years is nothing less than phenomenal. Japanese ships to-day are sailing the seven seas, and if her navy is one of the strongest in the world at present, her merchant vessels, too, are providing the keenest competition to European shipping lines. It is calculated that Japan now controls nearly three-quarters of India's carrying trade to the East and with all the resources of the State behind its back Japanese shipping is, it is reported, preparing a further intensified campaign to capture the remaining quarter. It is natural that the pressure of the competition should be felt most by British interests which are finding more and more trade slipping from their hands. They are anxious to arrive at a compromise with Japanese shipping lines, and it is suggested that the trade between Calcutta and Japan should be equally divided between themselves. Lord Lloyd, in the letter he has addressed to the London *Times* on the subject, shows himself extremely anxious to conclude such a pact for obvious reasons.

This division of spoils is excellent as far it goes! But we suppose India, too, has some interest in her foreign maritime trade. It is characteristic of British shipping interests that they have ignored this aspect of the question altogether. After having systematically and successfully suppressed India's shipping industry in days gone by, they have obviously no desire to help Indian enterprise in this field now. In fact they are trying their utmost to nip it in the bud. As Mr. David Erulkar observes in the letter he has sent to the *Times* in reply to that of Lord Lloyd, "British shipping interests can afford to be generous in bartering away what legitimately belongs to Indian shipping." The proposed pact, however, raises many interesting issues. Was, for example, the Government of India consulted in this matter which vitally affects Indian interests? What do they propose to do now to safeguard India's nascent shipping industry? Or do they, too, regard the Indo-Japanese pact as an "equitable compromise"? The replies to those questions will be awaited by the public with some interest, though not much hope.

TOWARDS SUCCESSFUL LIFE

Need For Distress Relief Association

(BY A. P. SABAVALA, B.A., BAR-AT-LAW.)

The first of this series of articles appeared in this paper on 11th January 1937. In that article and the succeeding one attention has been focussed on the low standard of life in India as compared with that of other countries, especially America known as the workmen's paradise. That the standard of life in India is unthinkably low is an admitted fact, and not much can be gained by trying to emphasise it by comparisons and statistics. In fact comparison would put us on the wrong track by blinding us to the fact that the Indian problem is altogether different from the problem in any other country in the world. Boiled down to plain facts, the Indian problem is primarily a bread and butter problem. This has to be faced first and the question of comforts luxuries and other amenities can come later. When the primary problem has been solved, it is time enough to think of a standard of life. Till then it is futile to ask the starving millions to raise their standard.

Indebtedness.

The second great economic problem in India is the question of indebtedness. Of late there has been a widespread campaign from many quarters to awaken the public conscience to the crushing handicap of chronic indebtedness under which the Indian agriculturist has to labour. That in itself is a gigantic problem to tackle, for the population is mainly agricultural but that is not all. The monster of indebtedness has spread its tentacles far and wide drawing within its fatal grasp a large proportion of the middle class people in urban areas. The people from across the border and our own compatriots are reaping a rich harvest from the needy by charging unconscionable rates of interest. It is common knowledge in Bombay and elsewhere that the trans-border tribe of money lenders charge anything from 10 to 25 per cent per month. In other words in about six months time the unhappy victim has paid by way of interest as much as he borrows and is still where he was when he began, if already he has not got into it deeper by incurring further liabilities in the same quarter by being unable to pay the monthly interest. If such a state of affairs be allowed to continue, all work directed towards the economic uplift of the country would go to waste. Victims labouring under such handicaps cannot certainly be expected to make a success of their lives. We can easily imagine certain smug people saying that, "these people have made their beds and let them die in them". But do they realise that if millions of their countrymen are in such beds, their country degenerates and they along with it? Can poison enter a portion of the social fabric and leave the rest of it untainted? Certainly not. Then the only way for the whole as well as the unhealthy members of society is to cure the disease and not to leave it alone.

Economic Inquiry.

But before work can be started on either of the problems mentioned above a good deal of spade work has to be done. Statistics must be collected in order to have an idea of the problem to be tackled and when collected we should not be staggered into inaction by them for their magnitude will be stupendous. In carrying out such an economic survey a two-fold method should be adopted. A questionnaire should be widely circulated asking for replies to a carefully thought-out series of questions. Of course it is quite on the cards that a large number would be unwilling to answer most of these questions. But something may be achieved

(Continued on Page 10).

British Labour Party

Is A Split Inevitable?

By H. N. BRAILSFORD

That an agreement for friendly collaboration has been reached between the Socialist League, the Communist Party and the I. L. P. ought to be good news. But we are told that the official Labour Party will reply by driving the Socialist League from its ranks.

In that event, with Cripps, Mellor, Harold Laski, Aneurin Bevan, and 3,000 others, I shall become an "untouchable."

Before this happens, I should like to put to my old friends, Attlee and Dalton some reasons that tell against a breach.

First of all, what are these three organisations doing? They think that the disunion in the Labour Movement is one of the main reasons for its relative lack of success.

I have often listened to the average simple worker talking about it. First MacDonald deserted; then the I.L.P. broke away; next the Communists were rebuffed. Whom is he to trust, whom to believe?

He stays in the Party; but he has no aggressive enthusiasm. He will not wholly trust any of the leaders, neither Attlee nor Cripps nor Pollitt, while they are all at sixes and sevens.

So we have made a first step to unity. The three groups of the Left have made it clear that they wish their alliance to work within the framework of the Labour Party and the Trade Unions. They repudiate any thought of "splits or breakaways."

It is false to suggest that they wish to create a rival party. On the contrary, the I.L.P. has expressed its wish to return, provided the machinery of the Labour Party is reformed in a democratic direction.

As for the Communists, they have long been seeking to affiliate.

The Unity campaign is, therefore, an effort to bring new and vital forces into the official movement, so that we may all oppose a united front to Fascism and Imperialist war.

Why Quarrel?

The issue can be put even more simply. Everyone is talking of the need for a short, intelligible programme that will rally the masses. Here is our draft.

It is a moderate programme—some urgent measures of immediate reform and the bare essentials of the first steps in socialisation.

There is little or nothing with which anyone can disagree. When Transport House drafts its own short programme, it cannot differ greatly from ours.

Then why, in the name of reason, should the official Party reject the aid of three groups who wish to work for the same urgent measures?

Here are 20,000 men and women mobilised for the common battle and you talk of drumming them out of the ranks.

A small number, perhaps, compared with your hundreds of thousands? But they possess a zeal, a faith, a capacity for self-sacrificing work that multiply their numbers many times over.

Melancholy Example

This question ranges far beyond the affairs of our island. Our own internal dissensions have not yet destroyed us, though they have hampered our advance

But everyone knows the dismal history of Italy and Germany. The triumph of Fascism was possible only because the bitter feud of Socialists and Communists split the working masses and robbed them of the courage to resist.

Both sides were grievously to blame, but to-day over a great part of Continental Europe both of them have repented the follies of their past.

As yet the reunion is only local and national. Whenever in the councils of the political and industrial internationals an attempt is made to reach a general understanding, it is the dissent of the British movement that wrecks it.

Just because the quarrel in our island has been comparatively mild, we ought to have been the peacemakers, but it is the opposite part we have played.

Our movement still enjoys an immense prestige; its example counts. A week ago, when the news of our triple alliance reached Spain it had an immediate effect in drawing the rival workers' parties together.

This set of facts is familiar to Attlee and Dalton. I beg them to recollect it before they strike a blow at unity that will reverberate round the Continent.

Boycott Dangers

I am trying to find common ground; I think it is there, available to us all, in our short programme.

Perhaps I am minimising our disagreements. They were painful enough over Spain, but on this matter, in words at least, we are agreed.

Our complaint is that apart from speeches in the House of Commons the official Party does nothing. Part of the reason is that it has tied its own hands by this petty red tape of the untouchability rule.

A memorable demonstration was held recently in the Albert Hall to raise funds for medical aid to Spain. None of the Front Bench, save Cripps, would attend it. Why? I suppose because Harry Pollitt was speaking.

This kind of thing happens repeatedly. The result is that the Labour Party has ceased to be the natural vehicle for the emotions and aspirations of the masses—their anger, their hope, their impulses of humanity and gallantry. It tends to become a mere electioneering machine.

My case is, in a sentence, that this jealous boycott of the Left impoverishes and narrows the Party.

Arms Pact

Even graver than our differences over Spain is the matter of re-armament. So far as I can gather, the intention of the leading men who wield the big block votes to interpret the ambiguous resolution passed at Edinburgh in the sense of support for re-armament under the National Government.

That means logically a return to the position of 1914, when the Party and the Trade Unions backed a Capitalist Government in an Imperialist war.

The real issue came out sharply in the first leading article in which the Party's official organ assailed the Socialist League a fortnight ago.

It said, truly enough, that the League agrees with the Communists in recognising the fact of the class struggle, which the official reformist party denies.

Now, if that statement correctly describes the attitude of the Labour Party, our differences are fundamental. But I am puzzled. If there is no necessary and inevitable struggle between the owning and the working classes, why was it necessary to create a separate party composed of "workers by hand and brain"?

Instinctively, every worker knows, when he stands at the pay-desk at the end of the week, that this struggle goes on incessantly over the division of the product of Labour.

So long as a ruling class owns the means of life—land, mines and machines; so long as one man can dictate to hundreds of his neighbours whether and how they shall gain their bread by serving his machines, so long will a class struggle rage. It will go on until we have abolished class.

There can be no ground for common action between these classes—no, not even for defence in wartime. For in any war under the leadership of the owning class it is their privileges, their pyramidical society, their investments in the subject colonial empire that they will defend.

If the Labour Party does in fact deny the class struggle, does in fact contemplate class-collaboration for the defence of the existing order, we shall not complain if it expels us. But is this in truth the attitude of the masses?

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FRANKLY SPEAKING

BRITAIN AND HITLER.

It is pleasing to note that the British Press has realised the reality of Herr Hitler's speech or rather the absence of reality in it. "If," says the "Daily Herald," "Herr Hitler does not want the world to believe that he talks of generalities to hide concrete plans of future aggression, he must give his pacific sentiments a more practical form than he did on Saturday." The tragedy is that while it is nothing unusual for Herr Hitler to be vague and ambiguous, Britain always responds to the vagueness by humbly hoping that he will be more specific and give concrete expression of his "sentiments." What is needed is that Britain should cease to hope or beg and give some concrete expression of her own determination to stand against Herr Hitler's tactics and policy. Herr Hitler must be made to realise that he has now had more than his innings. Incidentally, we are glad that M. Delbos, the French Foreign Minister, has given a reply—which could and ought to have been concluded in sharper terms—to the Fuhrer's main "sentiment" by declaring that "it would be arbitrary and dangerous to try to exclude, for instance, the Soviet from the international community"

FRESH FAVOURITES.

Yet another "Honours List" has been duly published. To those who have been "honoured" and "titled," we hope, it has brought some consolation for their zeal and enthusiasm in the cause of the bureaucracy. To a greater number it must have brought deep and bitter disappointment. The vast bulk of Indians, of course, regard the event with cold indifference. They know very well what type of people get these titles. And they also know what "services" are rewarded by the conferment of titles. A "title holder" is no longer a term of respect in India. And the publication of a new "Honours list" is but an occasion to remind us of the anomalies and absurdities which we have to suffer as a result of our subjection.

CONSISTENT AUTOCRACY

The philosopher-democrat Dewan of Mysore, Sir Mirza Ismail, has now struck with his own authoritative hand a blow for the progress of progressive Mysore. An adjournment motion was sought to be moved in the Legislative Council of the State to discuss the order of the District Magistrate of Bangalore and Mysore prohibiting Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya from delivering speeches during her recent visit to Mysore. The theory is simple: the executive having decided to put a ban on freedom of speech it is not competent for representatives of the people to discuss the rights and wrongs of it. This is of course the common privilege of autocracy and dictatorship all over the world about which the Dewan knows so much. Whether he knows that his own practice is a denial of his learned profession is, however, a different question and a little too obvious to be laboured here. But we congratulate Mrs. Kamaladevi. Thanks to her, the bans on her and their "progressive" sequel in the Legislative Council effectively expose the administration.

FILMS AND ELECTIONS.

The Madras Government order prohibiting the use of the cinema as a medium of election propaganda is, to say the least, surprising. Only an unrestrained bureaucracy, with peculiar notions of law and order, could have seen in political education through the screen something offensive and dangerous. As for the plea that propaganda films may give rise to hostile demonstrations, it is absurd, for the same argument could be applied against public meetings. The purpose of the ban is, however, very clear. While carrying on an intensive bureaucratic propaganda through their so-called "rural-uplift" schemes and otherwise, the Government are afraid of radical political parties creating mass consciousness through the effective medium of the cinema.

ANOTHER ADVISER!

The Government of India apparently seem to have made up their mind to appoint another Economic Adviser! The news, coming as it does on the very eve of "the new era", is immensely intriguing. We are of course yet to be enlightened why the Government should have felt this urgent necessity of an adviser at present, unless they want to oblige some British 'expert' in search of a suitable job. The Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry have made a cogent case against the proposal in the letter they have addressed to the Government on the subject. They rightly stress the fact that such an adviser, apart from being unnecessary at present, is likely to embarrass the future federal ministers. Alternatively, if the Government stick to their decision, the Federation has done well to urge the appointment of an Indian to the post. Little imagination is needed, however, to foresee what response Government will give to the Federation's plea.

Indian Shipping

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Mr. Walchand Hirachand, the Chairman of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company Ltd., in a recent interview, has rightly exposed the game of British shipowners who wanted to exploit and to sabotage the progress of Indian shipping in the name of larger interests at the sacrifice of Indian shipping interests.

It is a deplorable fact that India has very meagre shipping trade of its own despite its large volume of business of export and import trade. Even a just and fair demand of a premier shipping concern like the Scindia Company for subsidising Indian shipping was turned down by the Indian Government.

India is in a stage of economic transition. Indians must control the key industries of the State. What India really wants is the control of such industries. The time has come when India ought to put a stop to further domina-

(Continued on Page 10).

WITHOUT COMMENT

What film star ever screened can register the emotional expression of a dog which, ears cocked, head a little to one side and tail slowly moving, awaits his master's pleasure, content to do his bidding whatever it may be?

* * * *

One of the new Baronets in the British Honours' List is Sir William Clare Lees.

I use the usual journalistic cliche, the elevation of Sir William Clare Lees, the well-known Lancashire Textile Magnate, recalls the splendid services that he has rendered to the British Empire through the Mody-Lees Pact, etc. etc., etc.

* * * *

By the way, it is most regretable that the Hon'ble Mr. E. Raghavendra Rao of the Central Province should have got nothing.

Evidently the time was not regarded as ripe or suitable for, say, a knighthood for Mr. Rao.

But we entirely disagree. This was the psychological moment. It would have proved a source, during election, of strength and after the result, of consolation.

* * * *

Maulana Shaukat Ali wires to the Press: "I have invited Dr. Kitchlew, Shaheed Suhrawardy and Jabbar from Calcutta and Ahrar leaders and Maulana Zafarali Khan all progressive. Muslims to help fight the reactionaries in the United Provinces."

Here in Bombay of course no such help is necessary because there is no opposition from reactionaries. In fact, Mr. Jinnah may well greet them and himself with the famous Persian lines:—

Man tu shudam tu man shudi
man tan shudam tu jan shudi,
Ta kas na guyad bad azin man
digaram tu digari.

* * * *

BARTERING AWAY INDIA'S SHIPPING.

Lord Lloyd's Charity At Others' Expense.

—Our Own Headlines.

But is it anything new, brother Sub?

* * * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS

(Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague, Of Course.)

(1) The constables who let President Jawaharlal's car go with the flag flying were recommended for the Police Medal.

(2) The Princes' Chamber will soon meet to protest against the restraint placed on the Maharaja of Dumaroon for obstructing the Congress voters and British lawyers will be engaged at fabulous remuneration to interpret the situation in the light of treaty rights of Indian Princes.

(3) The two alleged police reporters who followed a batch of Congress volunteers in Bardoli Taluka were really special correspondents of an Anglo-Indian contemporary.

* * * *

The American Press suggests that since his accession, ex-king Edward had been drafting heated reports on social conditions which the officials quickly pigeon-holed.

And to which Society ultimately responded with such a cold douche that the ex-king was swept away to freeze abroad.

* * * *

"Thoughtless Readers Form Majority of Newspaper Readers". —French Decorator at Circle Literaire.

So says a headline. Whereat a colleague disguised as Our Official Cynic proposes to deliver an address at a Stri Mandal with the Text "Thoughtless Husbands Foot The Bill And Form The Mass Patronage For Home 'Art' Superfluities."

* * * *

'Is your wife talkative?'

'If I were suddenly stricken deaf and dumb it would probably be six or eight days before she found out.'

London Press Attacks Hitler's Speech

No Concrete Proposals For European Peace

LONDON, February 1.

Herr Hitler's speech is regarded as mainly negative in the morning papers which generally express disappointment at the absence of concrete proposals regarding Germany's future collaboration for the preservation of peace.

The "Daily Telegraph" says "As far as concrete proposals for a solution of European difficulties, political and economic, are concerned, the position remains as before. That the "era of surprises" is ended we are assured with the latest repudiations of Versailles.

"Peace is now Germany's dearest treasure'

"If that be the real situation, Germany has but to abandon the vague rhetorical generalities for precise suggestions how that peace may be given a solid and enduring foundation."

The "Morning Post" says: Though he spoke at great length on foreign affairs, Herr Hitler said nothing as far as the world can see which alters anything.

The "Daily Herald" expresses a similar view and adds: "From start to finish it is a speech of desolating vagueness and ambiguity. If Hitler does not want the world to believe that he talks of generalities to hide concrete plans of future aggression, he must give his pacific sentiments a more practical form than he did on Saturday."

CAREFUL STUDY NEEDED

The "Daily Mail" says: Herr Hitler's historic address demands the most careful study by British statesmen. Some of Germany's colonies were allotted after the War to British Dominions and are outside the British Government's control. But the British Government and people have seriously to ponder the future of those former German territories now under the mandate of Britain.

The "Times" says: What is now wanted to maintain and expand the calming and conciliatory effect of Hitler reassertions is the starting point for closer business of negotiations. The German reply to the last Locarno Note from London might well provide it.

The threads of political negotiations are not in British hands alone, but two contributions to security and appeasement are at our disposal. One is the utmost dispatch in the repair of our defences and the other diligent application of economic policy to the present international needs excluding no country, least of all Germany, unless it is self-excluded.—Reuter.

JUTE WORKERS DOWN TOOLS

A.-I. T. U. C. President Formulates Demands Of Calcutta Strikers

CALCUTTA, Feb. 1.

Five thousand workers of the Fort William Jute Mills in Calcutta Suburbs downed tools this morning. A meeting of the strikers held this afternoon Mr. Sibnath Banerjee, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, presiding, formulated the following demands on behalf of the strikers:

(1) Restoration of cuts in rate introduced in 1932, as mills are now resuming 54 hours week; (2) Pension and Provident Fund; (3) Permanent service; (4) Free medical aid and education for all workers and their families; (5) Free quarters; (6) Double shift work; and (7) Recognition of Jute Mill Workers' Union.—United Press.

STRIKE SETTLEMENT TALKS AT DELHI

But Labour Leaders And Govt. Members Maintain Reticence

NEW DELHI, Feb. 1.

Added interest to the B. N. R. strike situation is lent by the fact that Sir Benjamin Robertson, at one time Governor of Central Provinces and Director of the B. N. R. Company, is in New Delhi.

It is believed in informed quarters that, prospects of a settlement of the strike appear to be bright. No official announcement is however forthcoming yet.

"United Press" further gathers that Messrs. N. M Joshi and V. V. Giri had further talks with officials concerned even to-day. Both, Government members and Labour leaders, maintain absolute reticence about the outcome of talks, though it is freely stated that a settlement may come soon. In the meanwhile, Mr. V. R. Kalappa, Secretary of the B. N. R. Strike Committee, wishes to contradict reports that men have returned to work. He has informed the "United Press" that he has received telegrams from all centres including Kharagpur that strikers remain firm and peaceful.—United Press.

GIRI'S WIRE TO UNION OFFICE

KHARAGPUR, Feb. 1.

To-day is the 51st day of the Bengal Nagpur Railway strike. While settlement seems to be imminent no official announcement is yet forthcoming. Mr. V. V. Giri, who is still at New Delhi in connection with negotiations for settlement of the strike, has sent the following telegram to the Union Office:—

"Everything favourable. Await details. Wire the situation daily. All centres must keep firm."—United Press.

B. N. R. STRIKERS FIRM

KHARAGPUR: Feb. 1.

The strikers are firm and peaceful everywhere.

They are determined to remain firm till Mr. Giri calls off the strike.—United Press.

POLLING OFFICER CHANGED

PESHAWAR: Feb. 1.

Allegations of irregular conduct, submitted by a Congress candidate, have led to the Polling Officer in one of the polling stations in Nowshera South Constituency, being changed, states a report received here.

Apart from this incident, polling has been peaceful.—A.P.

PROJA PARTY'S POLICY

CALCUTTA, Jan. 31.
(delayed in transmission.)

"The Proja (Tenants) Party will never tolerate any Government to function which does not appreciate the interests of Muslim masses. If Government co-operate with us we will co-operate with Government. But if we are ignored, we know how to make government in Bengal impossible."

Thus said Mr. Fazlul Huq, President, Bengal Proja Party, at a public meeting held at the Town Hall this evening, replying to an address presented to him by the Muslim Students of Bengal on his victory in Bengal Assembly election defeating the leader of the Muslim League Parliamentary Board, Bengal.

Proceeding Mr. Huq said that it was a vile calumny spread by his political enemies that the Proja Party was an offshoot of the Congress, Proja Party stood for co-operation said Mr. Huq, while Congress stood for destruction.—United Press.

Congress Victoreis

(Continued from Page 1.)

ing 5,355 votes. His rival, Mr. Mahadev Chandra has forfeited deposit by securing 372 votes.

In Singbhum, MR. PRAMOTO BHATTASHALI (Congress) and Mr. Rasik Ho, (aboriginal community) have been elected.

CONGRESS SCORES IN ORISSA AGAIN

Saraladevi Elected From Women's Constituency

CUTTACK, Feb. 1.

Congress gained another and final victory namely from Women's constituency, Cuttack, Town Srimati Sarala Devi, having won with 3,188 votes against her rival Srimati Latika Sundari Devi (National Party) who polled 1,411. There still remains the Commerce seat counting to be done. For this, the contestants are independents.

The party position may now be finally given as follows:—

Congress	36.
United Party	5.
National Party	4.
Independents	11.
Nominated	4.

Srimati Sarala Devi was an outstanding figure in the last Civil Disobedience movement and is a social worker.—A P.

PUNJAB RESULTS

LAHORE, Feb. 1.

The first three results in the election to the Punjab Legislative Assembly, announced to-day, show a Congress defeat in one and Unionist victories in the other two.

Lt. Sardar Naunihal Singh, Hon. Magistrate, (Independent), with 4,996 votes defeated Sardar Teja Singh (Congress) with 4,259 votes, while the third with 1,577 votes. In the Nankanasahib Muslim constituency, Mr. Karmatali (Unionist) polled 6,012 votes against 3,537 polled by his opponent and in the Shahdra Muslim constituency, Syed Afzal Ali Haenie (Unionist) secured 2,289 votes against two obtained by his opponent.—A P.

ANOTHER CONGRESS VICTORY

LAHORE, Feb. 1.

"Chaudhri Muhammed Hassan, Congress nominee was elected defeating Khan Bahadur Rai Inayat Khan, Honorary Magistrate by 1282 votes and two other rivals by a large majority, from the Ludhiana Mahomedan constituency."—United Press.

KARACHI GOES TO POLLS

KARACHI, February 1.

The City was agog with excitement to-day being the election day. Election fever ran high till 6 p.m.

An indication of awakening among the voters of Backward classes was witnessed when processions of Baluchi voters marched to the polling stations, refusing the offer of motor cars.

It is estimated that 50 per cent. of the votes were recorded, including 45 per cent. of ladies' votes.

About 16 persons were arrested for alleged impersonation. They were subsequently released on bail.

Congress candidates Mr. R. K. Sidhwa and Dr. Popatlal are leading. It is expected that the Congress will capture 8 seats out of 13 contested by it.

The District Magistrate issued an order prohibiting the carrying of lathis, daggers, etc., on the polling day. By order liquor shops also were closed.

The results will be announced on February 15.—United Press.

Brisk Polling Witnessed In Sind

KARACHI: February 1.

Polling commences this morning in all territorial constituencies all over the province including the women's constituencies. For fifty seats there are 144 candidates.

In Karachi where there are four seats no less than 32 polling booths have been provided including three for women.

The local Congress Committee completed its electoral campaign by holding several meetings all over the province yesterday.

Pandit Nekiram Sharma who arrived here after touring the districts declared that he was satisfied with the position of the Congress in rural parts.—A. P.

Shankarrao Deo Progressing

POONA: Feb. 1.

Mr Shankarrao Deo, M.P.C.C. President, who was seriously injured on Jan. 30 in a motor accident, and taken to hospital, is progressing favourably.—A.P.

WHY EXCLUDE SOVIET?

Delbos On Franco-German Rapprochement

CHATEAUROUX: February 1.

Assurance to Germany that France eagerly welcomed all efforts towards rapprochement as long as they were not directed against any nation was given by M. Delbos, Foreign Minister in a speech, to-day.

He said, it would be arbitrary and dangerous to try to exclude for instance Soviet from international community. There was inclination in Germany to take offence when France spoke about limitation and control of armaments and economic reconstruction but France did not ask anything of Germany which she did not ask of all including herself. France is saying she was ready to collaborate in clearing out raw materials desired to see flames of war should not be fed. He did not doubt the sincerity of the solemn declarations made across the Alps and across the Rhine. Divergence of opinion was not on the question of goal but on the question of methods.—Reuter.

JAPANESE CRISIS ENDS

TOKIO, Feb. 1.

Japanese political crisis has ended with the formation of the new cabinet by General Hayashi who becomes Premier.

Saito, Ambassador at Washington, has been appointed Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Lieut-General Nakamura, Inspector-General of the Army, becomes Minister for war.

Newspapers predict that steps will now be taken to form a new coalition party.

A War Office statement denies that the army seeks either Fascism or dictatorship in Japan.

MOSCOW ACCUSED SHOT

MOSCOW, Feb. 1.

The death sentence on the thirteen men condemned in the Moscow trial was carried ou by shooting to-day.—Reuter's Special.

WEARY MEN FIGHT FLOODS

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.

While weary men are fighting to strengthen the levees holding up the raging Ohio River, rain and snow are predicted in the Ohio Valley.

Colder weather is increasing the hardships. Millions have been rendered homeless by the floods. Only eighteen inches of temporary barricades now guard the city of Cairo, at the junction of the Mississippi and Ohio Rivers, from the waters.

Sirens are in readiness to sound a warning at the first sign of the break of the dykes.

The Mayor of Cairo has ordered fifteen hundred women and children out of the city.

CALCUTTA BRANCH OF BANK OF BARODA

Khaitan Performs Opening Ceremony

CALCUTTA, February 1.

Inviting Mr. D. P. Khaitan, President of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce to perform the opening ceremony of the Calcutta Branch of the Bank of Baroda, Ltd., this evening, Mr. Walchand Hirachand, Chairman of the Bank of Baroda, Ltd., gave an account of the progress made by the Bank since its inception.

Starting in 1908, said Mr. Walchand Hirachand, with a paid-up capital of Rs. 10,00,000 and a working capital of about Rs. 25,00,000 the bank had now a paid-up capital of Rs. 30,00,000 and a working capital of over Rs. 7 crores with another amount of Rs. 30,00,000 as the reserve liability of the shareholders. During the last 28 years the Bank had been able to build up a reserve of Rs. 25 lakhs. The Bank had altogether 19 branches now besides the head office at Baroda.—United Press.

WOMAN'S FATAL FALL

A woman named Sakubai (27), working in Princess Dock met with a fatal accident on Monday evening.

It is stated that she slipped and fell from an upper floor of the shed and sustained a fracture of the base of her skull. She was promptly removed to Hospital but succumbed to her injuries.

An inquest will be held on Tuesday.

Threat, Abuse And Assault

League Board Supporters Take To Goonda Tactics

'HOLD UP' OF BRELVI'S WORKER

On Sunday night, a meeting under the auspices of the Muslim League Parliamentary Board was held at Mohammad Ali Road Allaya Seth was in the chair.

Mr. Usman Adam Kodinarwalla, a resident of the same locality who is in charge of Memonwada Centre on behalf of Brelvi, was sitting in a furniture shop, a little way from the meeting place. The meeting was still continuing when he moved on towards his house.

PLOT TO ASSAULT.

Hardly had he gone a few steps, when a man came up and informed him that a plan "to assault him had been hatched and that he should immediately leave the place." Seth Usman replied that he was already going to his house, and he moved on.

TIMELY INTERVENTION.

Just then, a man of mavali type overtook him and said to him: "You send your Bawa." Seth Usman immediately retorted that he did not know any Bawa, nor had he sent any. The mavali at once began to abuse Seth Usman. "You Congresswalla—you are contesting with "Bha" (Allaya Seth) remember I shall kill you." Saying this he attempted to assault him. Some people of the locality who heard this hue and cry rushed to the scene and intervened. Seth Usman then went towards his house.

THEY FOLLOW HIM.

After entering his house he had gone up a few steps when some more Mavalis, who were apparently following him, reached the place and began to hurl filthy abuse at Seth Usman. They however, did not enter his house Seth Usman kept quite and the mavalis finding no further excuse took to their heels.

WORKERS ROUGHLY HANDLED.

Another incident which took place at the meeting is worth mentioning. Two or three workers of Mr. Brelvi who were standing near the meeting place had some handbills under their arms, intended to be distributed after the meeting. They were roughly handled and the bundle of leaflets was snatched away from one of them.

AT MUTTON STREET

At Mutton Street Mr. Brelvi's Board was fixed up of which two supporting strings of either sides were fastened in the two adjacent houses. Some people went to the adjacent house and cut off the supporting string. They even took away the board lest it may be refixed.

COUNCILS NOT FOR REACTIONARIES

Seth Bajaj On Congress Election Campaign

WARDHA, (By Mail).

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj was the principal speaker at a meeting held at Hinganghat in connection with Congress election campaign.

Addressing the gathering Seth Jamnalal Bajaj said that Congress was the only institution with a well-defined programme for the national emancipation and social regeneration. The Congress had now adopted a Parliamentary programme, not because that it believed in winning Swaraj through fight inside the Legislatures, but because it desired to keep reactionary elements, who helped in passing repressive laws, outside them. All voters were bound up by duty to the country to return all candidates set up by the Congress which, besides enabling the Congress to make the working of the new Constitution impossible, would also show to the world that Congress was the only representative of the people of India.

Concluding Seth Jamnalal Bajaj made a passionate appeal to voters to return all nominees of the Congress with particular reference to Messrs. Khushalchand, Pukharaj and Viswanath Mahar contesting elections to the C P Assembly.—United Press.

BHULABHAI AT TRICHUR

(From Our Correspondent).
ERNAKULAM, (By Mail.)

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai arrived on Friday night at Trichur and was received at the station by Mr. Ikkanda Warrior, President of the Cochin State Congress Committee.

Next morning, Mr. Desai performed the opening ceremony of the office of the "Matruboomi," a Nationalist daily from Calicut, Malabar, edited by Mr. K. Kelappan, Congress leader of Kerala.

He will be leaving on Saturday for Guruvayoor in connection with the Election campaign there. On Monday he will leave by air from Cannanore for Bombay.

Pt. PANT'S OPPONENT

Move For Disciplinary Action

BAREILLY, February 1.

Mr. Bhagwati Sahai Dedar, a Hindu Mahasabha candidate, contesting election from the four cities' constituency against Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant, has been asked by the Congress President to show cause why disciplinary action should not be taken against him for opposing a Congress candidate.—United Press.

RAJEN BABU FOR ALLAHABAD.

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 1.

Babu Rajendra Prasad will arrive at Allahabad to-morrow evening in connection with election campaign in United Provinces.—United Press.

JOCKEY'S TRAGIC FATE.

LUCKNOW, Feb. 1.

R. Cullen, the jockey riding "Cyprus" this afternoon in the Dilkusha Hurdles, the first race of the Lucknow Spring Meeting, was thrown off at the second fence and fractured his skull. He was admitted to the British Military Hospital, where he succumbed to his injuries.—A. P.

Congress Candidate Withdraws

PESHAWAR: Feb. 1.

Dr. Khan Sahib in a statement to the Press says that, owing to certain developments he thought it advisable to withdraw the candidature of Pandit Premchand in Peshawar Cantonment General Constituency.

This reduces the Congress Party's strength to 36.—A.P.

RAMAKRISHNA CENTENARY

Mayor Opens Exhibition At Calcutta

CALCUTTA, February 1.

Sir Hari Shanker Paul, Mayor of Calcutta, performed the opening ceremony this afternoon of the Sri Ramkrishna Centenary exhibition of Indian culture and industries in the presence of a distinguished gathering at Northern Park, Bhawanipore.

Mr. Justice Dwarakanath Mitter, Dr. Satyacharan Law, Sheriff of Calcutta and Raja Bhupendranath Singh opened Art, Culture and Health sections, respectively of the exhibition.

The Ladies' Section was opened by the Maharani of Santosh.—United Press.

LINDBERG FLIES TO EGYPT

LONDON, Feb. 1.

Col. Lindbergh, who now lives quietly in Kent, left Lympne this morning on a flight to Egypt, piloting his own machine.—Reuter's Special.

F. A. Cup Draw

LONDON, Feb. 1.

Following is F A Cup draw fifth round to be played on February 20:

Luton Sunderland v Swansea or York.
Bolton or Norwich v Manchester City.
Grimsby v Wolverhampton or Sheffield United.
Everton v Tottenham.
Coventry v Westbromwich.
Preston v Exeter.
Millwall v Derby.
Burnley v Arsenal.—Reuter's Special.

KARACHI:— The Governor of Sind is leaving to tour the Tharparkar District and Garu Subdivision.

PRESIDENT FOR MAHARASHTRA

Crowded Programme For Jawahar And Rajen Babu

POONA: Feb. 1.

A crowded week's programme has been arranged for Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Babu Rajendra Prasad, who are touring the Maharashtra in an election campaign next week.

Pt. Jawaharlal is starting his tour from Jalgaon on Feb. 8. After a two-days' tour in the Khandesh and Nasik Distts. he will fly to Mangalore on February 10 and return to Maharashtra on Feb. 14 via Karad. He will visit Poona on February 15, and by the time he concludes his tour at Ahmednagar on Feb. 16, he will have visited 30 towns and villages.

Babu Rajendra Prasad's tour begins on Feb. 9. He is visiting Poona on Feb. 10 and will tour Maharashtra and Karnatak.—A.P.

PRESIDENT FOR SAHAJAHANPUR

BAREILLY, February 1.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is arriving at Sahajahanpur on February 4 whence he is expected here.—United Press.

BALDWIN ENTERTAINS AFGHAN PREMIER

LONDON: Feb. 1.

The following were present at Mr. Baldwin's luncheon to H. H. Sardar Hashim Khan, (Prime Minister of Afghanistan), namely:—The Afghan Minister, Abdul Majid Khan; Lord Zetland; Mr. Eden; Mr. Ormsby Gore; Mr. W. S. Morrison; Lord Cranborne; Lord Bessborough; Sir Edward Dellington, Sir Maurice Hankey, Sir Richard Maconochie, Sir Robert Vansittart, Mr. O. S. Cleverly and Mr. Findlater Stewart.—Reuter's Special.

REMEDY FOR NAZI AGGRESSION

"Izvestia" On Hitler's Speech

MOSCOW: Feb. 1.

British and French weakness is blamed in the first Soviet reaction to Herr Hitler's speech.

The "Izvestia" depicts England and France impotently stretching their hands towards Germany, the hands remain hanging in the air.

The paper says that Herr Hitler will only abandon aggression if he sees it meet with an immediate united and crushing rebuff.—Reuter's Special.

Muslim Leaders For U. P.

LUCKNOW, February 1.

Maulana Shaukat Ali states that he has invited Dr. Kitchlew and Mr. Shaheed Suhrawardy Jabbar from Calcutta and Maulana Jafali Khan to help in the elections and to tour upto February 7.—A.P.

COMMUNALISM IN KENYA

Editor & Printer Assaulted; Aga Khan Rebukes Wrong-Doers

NAIROBI: Feb. 1.

Communal feeling developed at Dar-es-Salaam prior to the Aga Khan's arrival by air from Zanzibar to-day. The Hindu editor of a Dar-es-Salaam paper published references to the visit, which was considered unflattering to the Aga Khan by the latter's followers, some of whom waylaid the editor and assaulted him. He was taken to the hospital and is likely to lose one of his eyes.

A Hindu painter engaged in decorating the streets with welcome signs was molested by his own people and was also taken to hospital.

The Aga Khan sternly rebuked the wrong-doers in a message from Zanzibar.—Reuter's Special.

SUBSIDY TO TRAMP SHIPS

LONDON, Feb. 1.

Moving a financial resolution in the House of Commons authorising the continuance of the tramp shipping Subsidy, which expired on December 31, Dr. Burgin explained that ship-owners had been informed that they must make plans on the assumption that the subsidy would cease finally at the end of 1937 and the industry was expected to reorganise itself to continue the co-operation which had been the the result of the subsidy. During the last six months of 1936, there was a remarkable increase in freight rates and the number of British Tramships, commissioned at the end of the year, had increased by 76 or 285 thousand tons, but since then there had been a wide-spread and most pronounced setback. The subsidy would be continued below two millions sterling and if the average freight rates rose 22 per cent above the level of 1929, no subsidy would be paid.

Government did not propose to make any payment on account, until the end of the year. He hoped that conditions in 1937 would make it unnecessary to pay a subsidy.—Reuter's Special.

Mr. Virendrarai C. Desai, ex-municipal President of Bhavnagar, has been elected as President of the Taluka Land Development Association, Ghogha, a small British Indian town, near Bhavnagar.

Asaf Ali's Challenge To Govt. Members

WORDY WARFARE OVER CHANGE OF RULES

Law Member Indulges In Cheap Jibes Against Absentees

NEW DELHI, Feb. 1.

In the Legislative Assembly Mr. Asaf Ali's motion for postponing the consideration of the change in the standing rules of the Assembly was rejected.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir then moved that the proposed changes be referred to a committee of the House. Sir Cowasji's amendment was accepted by the House.

Standing Committee

On Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai's motion, three non-official members were elected to serve on the Standing Committee to advise on subjects other than Indians overseas, emigration and Haj pilgrimage.

Mr. N. M. Joshi wanted information regarding the number of times the Committee had met and what work it had done. He also suggested when motions of this kind were proposed report of the work done by the Committee should be given to the House.

Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai replying said that the Committee had not met during the last year (Laughter). He added that more important matters relating to Indians overseas and Haj pilgrims engaged its attention.

CONTEMPT OF COURT ACT.

Sir N.N. Sircar then introduced the Bill to amend the Contempt of Courts Act, and Sir James Grigg introduced the Bill further to amend the Indian Incometax Act, 1922.—A. P.

HEATED DEBATE ON PROPOSED RULES

Sir N. N. Sircar moved amendments to the rules relating to interpellations. Sir N. N. Sircar described the different stages through which the question of changing the rules had passed.

Sir N. N. Sircar referred to the assurance given by his predecessor, Sir B. L. Mitter, that before any changes were made in the Standing Order, the opinion of the House should be obtained. Sir N. N. Sircar said that he was making the motion in pursuance of that assurance.

WHERE IS THE URGENCY?

Mr Asaf Ali, the Congress Party whip, who was the only member of the party present, moved that the consideration of the changes in rules be adjourned till after February 23rd. Mr. Asaf Ali said that his reasons were simple. Government desired to obtain the opinion of the House. If this be so, how can Government say they are consulting the House, when only 19 elected members were present out of a total of 105 elected members? Replying to numerous interjections as to whose fault this was, Mr. Asaf Ali said that he would willingly give an explanation if the House desired but at this stage, he merely wished to point out that the House was not representative of elected members.

Sardar Sant Singh supporting Mr. Asaf Ali's motion for postponement of consideration said that there might be a difference of opinion as to whose fault it was that the elected members were absent. The fact was that the majority of the elected members were absent and, therefore, the House was not representative.

Mr. Lalchand Navalrai supporting Mr. Asaf Ali said that this question of change of rules was discussed in 1933 by a committee of which he was a member and the committee was unable to reach unanimous conclusions. The matter had not been touched throughout 1934, 1935 and 1936 and he asked what had happened now to make the matter urgent?

Mr. Azhar Ali supporting the adjournment said that the matter was of greater importance to non-official members and in the absence of a large number of them, it would be in the fitness of things to postpone consideration for the present.

IS THIS THE RIGHT SPIRIT?

Sir Cowasji Jehangir said that it could not be contended that the matter was not important, not that it was urgent. The fact remained that these benches behind him were empty and in these circumstances, were Government carrying out their pledge in letter and in spirit? Sir Cowasji assured the Law Member that even after February 23rd if the amendments were brought up, they would receive the best attention and consideration from all reasonable persons.

Mr. F. E. James opposing adjournment, declared that it would be an unfortunate precedent if an important and urgent subject should be postponed because large numbers did not choose to be present. Government undertook to consult the House and were now carrying out that undertaking. (A voice: Before an empty House?)

Mr. James: Why is it empty?

Mr. A C Dutt suppoorted the adjournment.

Sir A H Ghuznavi in a speech opposing had sharp exchanges with Mr. Asaf Ali.

Sir N N Sircar, while replying to the debate was frequently interrupted by Mr. Asaf Ali, with whom he had several spirited encounters.

SIRCAR REPLIES

Sir N N Sircar said that the two arguments used by Mr. Asaf Ali were that the benches were empty and the matter was not urgent. Dealing with the second point first, he submitted that the matter was urgent and declared that he would not concede that he had to make out a strong case for emergency before any matter could be discussed in the House on the ground that benches were empty. Why were they empty? Elections were practically over in Bengal, Behar, Orissa and the Punjab and members from these provinces had no pretence or excuse for not being present.

Mr. Asaf Ali:—We are contesting a thousand seats.

Sir N N Sircar proceeded to state that at the meeting of the Select Committee on Dr. Deshmukh's Bill three members besides the sponsor, were present. There was one member in Delhi whose company the speaker enjoyed when he went out for a morning walk (Laughter). On 25th January again six members were present in the Select Committee.

Sir Mohomed Yakub interjected: "Do they draw allowances?"

Mr. Asaf Ali: Does the point arise?

Sir N N Sircar stated that more than a dozen members were drawing daily allowances and travelling allowances, when they were not attending the Assembly.

Sir N N Sircar then proceeded to refer to Mr. Asaf Ali's other arguments. He was constantly interrupted until he declared, "I ignore the interruptions with contempt".

Mr. Asaf Ali: "I reciprocate the feeling". (Laughter).

Later Mr. Asaf Ali, interrupting, said the Law Member was indulging in cheap sneers and jibes, and he hoped he would have the right to reply.

Sir N N Sircar replied that they were not cheap sneers but unpleasant facts, and went on to refer again to members drawing allowances while not attending the Assembly.

Mr. Asaf Ali excitedly asked: "Are you refering to me? I am not drawing a penny, and I shall not do so."

Sir N N Sircar concluded by reiterating that it was not right to adjourn the discussion.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir then moved his amendment "that changes in Rules be referred to a Committee consisting of Sir N N Sicrar, Mr. A C Dutt, Sir Homi Mody, Sir Mohammed Yakub, Sir Leslie Hudson, Sardar Santsingh, Sir Mohamed Yamin Khan, Mr. N M Joshi, Mr. J D Anderson, Cr. P G Griffiths, Mr. A D E C Williams and himself". Sir Cowasji reviewed the history of the proposed changes since 1933 and pointed out that the Committee then was unable to make unanimous recommendations. He said that two essential matters which should be borne in mind were that the starred questions should not be taken to ensure retention of the full question hour.

Sir Cowasji said that he did not believe that the Government wished to interfere in these two principles. Admitting that the Assembly had no right beyond that of an advisory body in these matters, Sir Cowasji said that the persons mainly interested in asking questions were absent, and begged the Government to accept his amendment.

SIR M YAKUB'S CHARGE

When the House reassembled, Sir Mahomed Yakub continuing the debate on Sir Cowasji's amendment, declared that the members, who were absent, were guilty of dereliction of duty and insult to the other members. The Rules certainly were badly in need of improvement, but the suggested improvement should be carefully scrutinised. Members who put frivolous questions should realise that every question cost the taxpayer between Rs. 75 and Rs. 200.

HUDSON'S AMENDMENT

Sir Leslie Hudson drew attention to the statement made by a member of the Opposition that the object of the questions was to bring the Government into contempt. Sir Leslie Hudson suggested the addition of Sir Sher Mahomed Khan's name to the Committee and moved an amendment to the effect that the Committee should report by February 4.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir accepted Sir Leslie Hudson's amendment.

Mr. N M Joshi, while recognising that there have been unreasonable use made of the privilege of interpellation, said that it was unfair to amend Rules and thus penalise all members. He suggested that representations be made through Party leaders to those who misused the right.

MR ASAF ALI'S REPLY

Mr. Asaf Ali said that speaking on behalf of his Party, their intention in asking questions was to obtain information and correct maladministration. "Was it a crime to be energetic a sin to be vigilant? He pointed out that some members were more energetic than others and it did not lie in the mouths of the less energetic members to say they were unable to get a chance of putting questions. Illustrating how even the Amended Rules could be overcome, Mr. Asaf Ali said that the Party would divide the total questions into three per member, giving 160 questions daily, whereas it was impossible to answer more than 40. Mr. Asaf Ali said that the Party had perfect confidence in the President and matters should be left to him rather than trust to the amendment Rules. He protested against the continued jibes at absent members who were unable to answer.

Dealing with Sir N N Sircar's speech in the morning, Mr. Asaf Ali referred to each member who had been present in Delhi and explained that each had a bill to sponsor. He challenged any member of the Government who indulged in jibes to fight in any constituency throughout the country. They would then know what the election meant.

REPLY TO GIBES.

As regards the gibes at the allowances drawn by the elected members, Mr. Asaf Ali made reference to Rs. 80,000 yearly drawn by the Law Member.

Mr. A. C. Dutt considered that the changes in the Rules, which were proposed, were too drastic and pointed out that these were not only an infringement of the rights of members of the House, but also the rights of discretion of the Chair.

Mr. Ziauddin emphasised that a series of difficulties would arise in practice, if the proposed Rules were accepted.

He also pointed out that the Assembly Office, including the President, would become exceedingly unpopular, if in sorting out questions each day, they failed to meet the wishes of all sections of the House.

Sardar Sant Singh said that though Mr. Satyamurti was absent, it appeared that his invisible spirit pervaded the Chamber, and he remained a terror, whether present or absent.

Mr. Joshi interjected: "No terror."

Sardar Sant Singh, referring to the Law Member's remarks about elected members drawing allowances being absent from the House, reminded the members that the huge salaries of officials were disproportionate to the 'per capita' income of Indians. These salaries being 263,000 times the 'per capita' income. He declared that idle nominated officials, besides their salaries were drawing allowances of Rs. 20 daily.

Sir N. N. Sircar briefly replied to the various points raised during the debate and disclaimed any intention of being personal.

The House adopted Sir Cowasji's motion.

LAND CUSTOMS.

Mr. Lloyd moving that a Bill further to amend the Land Customs Act of 1924 be taken into consideration, said that at the time the 1924 Bill was passed the only Land Customs Frontiers, which required legislation, were the Portuguese, French and Siamese. In 1927 the Government established the Kathiawar Line and more recently the Cutch Customs Line. The speaker did not contend that the present acts were unworkable, but they were inconvenient. He asked the House to agree that as the frontier between British India and some States had now become a permanent feature of the administration, this fact should secure legislative recognition.

Mr. Lloyd said that the provisions in the Sea Customs Act, regarding the disposal of unclaimed goods, now applied to land frontiers. Referring to the power to confiscate vehicles used for smuggling Mr. Lloyd said that this would not be used harshly.

After short speeches by Mr. Ziauddin and Sardar Sant Singh, the Bill was passed.

BOILERS ACT.

Sir Frank Noyce moved that the Indian Boilers Act Amendment Bill be referred to a Select Committee, consisting of ten members: Messrs. Shamlal Kazmi, Nilkantha Das, Ghiasuddin, Suryakumar Som, Bhagchand Soni, Sikman, S. N. Mehta, S. N. Roy and the mover, with instructions to report on or before Feb. 10.

Sir Frank Noyce said that the legal position under the new Government of India Act, read with the Boilers Act, was that after April 1 of this year the Central Legislature would share with the Provincial Legislatures the authority to legislate on the subject of boilers, but executive authority, and with it the power to make rules, would devolve largely on the Provinces, and the Central Government's regulation-making powers would be limited to the Railways.

The Bill sought to constitute a Central Board.

Sir Frank Noyce's motion was agreed to.

ELECTRICITY ACT.

Sir Frank Noyce next moved that a Bill further to amend the Indian Electricity Act be referred to the same Select Committee as the previous Bill.

The one difference in the constitution of the two Boards was that the Board on the Electricity Bill would include a member nominated by the Chief Inspector of Mines.

The motion was passed.

Only five minutes being left, the House agreed to Sir N. N. Sircar's request to move the Insurance Bill to-morrow, and the House adjourned till to-morrow.—A.P.

ANEY'S INSTRUCTIONS TO NATIONALISTS

NEW DELHI, February 1.

Sardar Sant Singh has received a telegram from Mr. Aney informing him that members not engaged in Provincial Elections can attend the Assembly meetings.—A. P.

23 SHOPS GUTTED

Devastating Fire In Delhi

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI: Jan. 1.

Twenty-three cloth shops in Chandni Chowk, the busiest shopping centre of Delhi, and one of the most congested parts of the city were gutted by a fire this morning at six.

The cause of the fire is not known.

The Fire Brigade battled for about three hours with flames before the fire could be extinguished.

Loss is estimated at about a lakh of rupees.

Four shops are insured.

No loss of life or injury to anybody was caused.

The "United Press" of India wires:—

A devastating fire broke out early morning in Chandni Chowk, Delhi, the busiest part of the city, which gutted over a dozen cloth shops and resulted in a loss of over one lakh of rupees. Eight fire engines had to struggle for full four hours to bring the fire under control. The cause of the fire is not known, but incendiarism is suspected.

Police are investigating. No loss of life is, however, reported.—United Press.

EUROPEAN CHAMPIONSHIP IS AT STAKE: This month will take place the contest for the European championship in heavy-weight at the Deutschlandhalle of Berlin. For the title-competition the International Box-Union of Paris have designed the nine times European champion in heavy-weight, Pierre Charles (Belgium) and the German champion, Arno-Kolblin (Berlin).

The picture shows (left) Pierre Charles and (right) Arno Kolblin.

NABHA NOT TO BE RELEASED

Asaf Ali Present In Assembly To Record Protest

NEW DELHI: February 1.

Attendance was slightly improved when the Assembly met this morning.

In accordance with Mr. Satyamurthi's suggestion Mr. Asaf Ali was present in order to lodge a protest against the House taking up the amendment of Legislative Rules relating to right of interpellation in the absence of a large number of elected members.

During question time, Sardar Mangal Singh asked whether Government were prepared to consider the question of release of the ex-Maharaja of Nabha at the time of the Coronation Durbar in London or India. Sir Aubrey Metcalfe replied in the negative.

Mr. Lalchand Navalrai in a supplementary question regarding the release of the Maharajah of Nabha asked if there were any conditions under which his release could be obtained.

Sir Aubrey Metcalfe replied it was a matter which he was not prepared to discuss on the floor of the House.—A. P.

COUNCIL OF STATE PRESIDENTSHIP

NEW DELHI, Feb. 1.

The "Associated Press" understands that the Governor-General has re-nominated Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy as a member of the Council of State and has appointed him as its President.—A. P.

NOMINATIONS TO COUNCIL OF STATE

NEW DELHI, Feb. 1.

The Associated Press understands that the nominations to the Council of State have been finally approved by the Governor-General and the following have been nominated:

His Excellency Sir Robert Cassells, Commander-in-Chief, Kunwar Sir Jagdish Prasad, Education Member, Leader of the Council of State; Mr. R. M. Maxwell, Home Secretary; Mr. H. Dow, Commerce Secretary; Mr. A. G. Clow, Industries Secretary; Sir Bertrand Glancy, Political Secretary; Mr. J. C. Nixon, Finance Secretary; Sir Guthrie Russell, Chief Commissioner of Railways and Mr. S. A. Lal, I.C.S., Legislative Department, Government of India.

Provincial Officials will be: Mr. A. Todd, Madras; Sir Justna Ghosal, Bombay; Mr. Khurisidali Khan, Punjab; and Khan Bahadur Mohd. Bashir Siddiqi, U. P.

The provincial non-officials will be: Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy, C.P.; Mr. B. K. Bose, Bengal; Sir David Devadoss and Sir Ramunni Menon, Madras; Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy, Bombay; Raja Charanjit Singh, Punjab and Raja Devakinandan Singh, Bihar.—A.P.

Rly. Budget Discussion Begins On February 16

NEW DELHI, Feb. 1.

In the Legislative Assembly today the President announced the Governor-General has approved the following dates for the railway budget:—

Presentation on February 16 and general discussion on February 19 and voting of demands for grants on February 23, 24, 25 and 26.—A. P.

HOW GOVT. FULFILS PLEDGE

NEW DELHI, January 31.

Interviewed regarding Mr. Satyamurti's telegram asking him to attend to-morrow's session of the Assembly and protest strongly against the discussion of amendments to Legislative Rules in the absence of Congress Party, Mr Asaf Ali, the Chief Whip of the Congress Party said he had not yet decided whether he should attend the Assembly and lodge his protest on behalf of those, who would not be in the House, because he did not see in what manner they could prevent the Government from carrying out their desire to "flout public opinion, if it bent upon doing so"

Mr. Asaf Ali added he had also had the advantage of full and frank discussion with Sir Cowasji Jehangir. After his letter to the President of the Assembly Mr. Asaf Ali said he had hoped that he (the President) would withhold his consent under Rule 24-A of the Standing Orders on the grounds: (1) that Government had not made out any case for any urgency to go through these amendments even when the majority of elected members were unable to attend the House, (2) that the proposed amendments were of very drastic nature and were designed to stifle supplementary question. These grounds were in addition to the grounds he had already communicated to the President. Unfortunately the power to amend the Standing Orders rested with the Governor-General and the vote of the House did not count.

FULFILLING PLEDGE!

The last occasion, on which this question was brought up, was in 1929 and although the proposed amendments were dropped, it was on that occasion that Government had given a pledge to consult the House before making any amendments to the Standing Orders.

"If it is in fulfilment of that pledge that the amendments are placed before the House it is perfectly obvious that in the absence of the majority of the elected members the House ceases to be representative and if Government think that they will be fulfilling that pledge by consulting empty benches they will be proving to the world that they believe in form and not in substance."—A.P.

"Capital Of Indian Politics"

Brokers Must Vindicate Bombay's Honour At Polls

Mrs. NAIDU'S APPEAL FOR CONGRESS ELECTION FUND

"After my tour in the Punjab and the United Provinces in connection with the Congress Election Propaganda, I am convinced more than ever before that there is not a single village in the remotest corner of India where the National Tri-Colour does not fly and where the name of the Indian National Congress is not known.

LOYALTY TO CONGRESS.

"The enthusiasm and regard evinced by the millions of people—men, women and children—whom I saw at the hundreds of meetings that I addressed: the loyalty with which they sat for hours together in biting cold, to hear the message of the Congress, which had pledged for Complete Independence for the country, was something one could never forget.

Hour Of Country's Trial

"I have declared from many platforms during my tour in the Punjab and the United Provinces that, while Delhi was the Capital of the British Government in India, Bombay was the Capital of Indian Politics, Capital of the Indian National Congress. I am sure, and I am convinced of the fact that, Bombay, which stood with the Congress in the hour of the country's trial, would solidly support the Congress candidates and show to the world that Bombay was with the Congress."

BROKERS' MEETING.

Declared Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, addressing a huge gathering of brokers of the Bombay Stock Exchange in the Ring of the Exchange on Monday afternoon. This was possibly the first time in the history of the Stock Exchange that an election meeting has been allowed to be held in the Ring.

Mr. K. R. P. Shroff, President of the Stock Exchange, in the course of his speech said that Mrs. Naidu and Mr. K. F. Nariman had come to address the Brokers of the Exchange and explain to them why they should vote for the Congress candidates. While it was the right of every voter to exercise his vote according to his liking, they should hear what the Congress leaders had to say. They had come here to explain the programme and the policy of the Congress and what the Congress would do in future.

CONGRESS FLAG IN VILLAGES.

Mrs. Naidu in the course of her speech said that she had been touring the Punjab and the United Provinces during the last one month in connection with the Congress Election Campaign. She had occasions to go to the remotest villages in the two Provinces to carry the message of the Congress. She was convinced, more than ever before that, there was not a single village in the whole country, where the National Tri-colour did not fly and where the Congress was not heard of. She addressed hundreds of meetings where tens of thousands sat in the biting cold to hear the message of the Congress.

Continuing Mrs. Naidu said that it should certainly be amusing if she were to ask for the votes of the brokers for the Congress candidates, as she was sure that, not a single vote would be cast by them against the Congress. Nor had she come before them to say what the Congress message was. She, however, wanted to tell them that the forthcoming elections were quite different from the ones that have been held in this country before. Vote was a heavy responsibility, a national trust reposed in the voters, who were required to exercise their votes in the interests of India and the development of its trade.

ANTI-NATIONAL.

The Government of India Act, 1935, said Mrs. Naidu was anti-National, it was anti-Indian Trade and it ought to be fought. The Congress which had proved its "bona fides," was the only body, which would be effectively fighting the anti-national Act and would safeguard the interests of the Indian mercantile community. The mercantile community had always solidly stood by the Congress and she had no doubt, it would continue to do the same.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

While the country and the people were ready to back the Congress candidates, there was the fear of Congress losing for want of proper financial support. It was the duty of the commercial community to come forward and contribute liberally towards the Congress Election Funds. She assured the merchants that the money given to the Congress Election Campaign was a very good investment and would benefit them a good deal.

Mr. K. F. Nariman reminded them of the glorious days of Civil Disobedience when the mercantile community had solidly supported the Congress. Bombay and the Faizpur Sessions of the Indian National Congress had belied the statements that the Congress was dead and that the Congress had lost the hold on the masses. He had no doubt whatever that the necessary funds would be forthcoming and the mercantile community which had shown to the world, by electing Mr. Govindlal Shivlal Motilal to the Council of State and the Indian Merchants' Chamber Presidentship that it was behind the Congress, would liberally contribute towards the Congress election funds.

Mr. K. R. P. Shroff said that it was now for the brokers to carefully consider what they had been told by the Congress leaders and vote for those who would help the cause of Indian trade and safeguard the interests of the Indian mercantile community.

PROGRESSIVES TO FIGHT REACTIONARIES

Shaukat Ali's Invitation To Dr. Kitchlew

BUDAUN, Feb. 1.

Moulana Shaukat Ali wires as follows:—

"I have invited Dr. Kitchlew Shaheed to Suhar and Jabbar from Calcutta and Ahrar leaders and Moulana Zafarali Khan, all progressive Muslims, to help fight the reactionaries in the United Provinces and tour up to seventh."—A. P.

The World Of Finance

A WEEKLY REVIEW

(By: ZANDHYALA).

The Continental bear speculators seem to have a fancy for the French franc. After a comparatively short period of quiescence the 'franc' has become the object of bear raids this week. The unconfirmed reports of a hitch in the £50 million credit negotiations to France, provided an opportunity for the speculators to launch their attacks. It is also considered probable that the proposals may be discussed for a further devaluation of the 'franc', at the Washington Monetary Conference.

The French Government with a grim determination to maintain the present parity of the franc, controlled the spot rate, while the discount on forward francs widened to three francs for three months.

The discount rate of the Bank of France was raised from 2 to 4 per cent. and M. Vincent Auriol stated that the Government were determined not to devalue the franc any further. It is believed in many quarters that even if the present credit is granted, it would merely serve as a palliative for the economic troubles of the French Treasury.

REVISION OF TRIPARTITE TREATY?

The results of the Washington Conference are now eagerly awaited in all financial circles as there is every chance of revising the recent Tripartite Monetary Conference, leading to a fresh agreement for the alignment of currencies. The powers of U. S President to devalue the dollar further, have been extended till June 1939. Though there is a slight economic recovery in France by way of a rise in prices, confidence is still lacking in the country as evidenced by the fact that the French capital is still feeling shy to flow back into its native land. The present impasse may be a temporary one, but a further devaluation of the franc, and a realignment of the principal currencies seem to be inevitable.

FALL IN THE GILT-EDGED.

Eminent economists like Mr. J. M. Keynes still cling to their pet theory of cheap money, and the pessimists sound a note of warning that the present boom in industrials and commodities is only an inflated one. But the values of the gilt-edged securities are falling everyday, and there is in evidence a tendency for the interest rates to go up.

The dropping tendency that was in evidence in the gilt-edged securities during the past few weeks became more pronounced this week, and there was precipitous fall in the many of the gilt-edged securities in the London market. The India sterling stocks suffered heavily; and the 3½ per cent. sterling stock dropped from £97-1/4 to £93-1/2.

The fears of an increase in the British Income-tax, the probability of a Defence Loan, and the continuance of the unsettlement in the European politics, contributed to a gradual fall in the values of the gilt-edged. Among the reforms proposed for the reform of the Indian Income-tax it is suggested to tax all incomes accruing to resident Indians from abroad. The investors who were formerly exempted from the income-tax on the incomes from their investments in the sterling stocks, will no longer escape from this liability if the proposals are accepted. Hence there is an inclination on the part of the investors to liquidate their holdings of sterling stocks. The rupee securities in such a case are likely to rule at a higher level than the corresponding sterling stocks.

Following the lower London sterling advices, the rupee securities also had a severe fall, with the 3 1/2 per cent G P falling from Rs. 98 to Rs. 96. All the other dated securities also had a corresponding fall.

THE INCOME-TAX ENQUIRY REPORT.

The report submitted by Khan Bahadur J. B. Wacha and Messrs. C. W. Ayers and S. P. Chambers on the Indian Income-tax system has been issued last week. The report recognises that the existing law and practice are defective both in its scope and incidence. The law relating to the assessment, appeal, and the machinery of administration are also found to be defective. The report points out that a substantial portion of the income arising abroad of residents in British India and of income arising in India of non-residents, escapes the assessment under the present law. And so the residents in India are led to invest their funds abroad. The profits of non-residents arising from trade in India often escape assessment. Pensions, royalties, rents, etc. often escape the income-tax. A large amount of the British capital is invested in India, and a portion of the profits on this capital escapes taxation. The committee propose that the income payable to non-residents arising in a primary sense from British Indian sources should be subjected to British Indian taxation.

After analysing all the present exemptions from taxation, the committee made recommendations as far as possible to restrict their scope and to prevent the evasion of the tax.

The Committee suggested that it must be made obligatory on every person to submit the returns of income on his own accord, if liable to tax under the Act. But such a far reaching recommendation will create numerous difficulties, especially in a country like India where the general standard of education is not so high. The recommendation are designed to secure the fairest possible treatment of the honest tax-payer and at the same time to strengthen the department in dealing with fraudulent evasion and what is known as legal avoidance. The opinion of the provincial governments is now awaited, and it would be in the interests of all to expedite the reforms.

CHOLERA RISE IN DHARWAR DIST.

Health conditions in the Bombay Presidency for the week ending January 23:—

The presidency cholera figures for the week were 169 attacks and 79 deaths against 76 attacks and 43 deaths in the previous week. Dharwar district reported 82 attacks and 28 deaths against 20-13 in the previous week. Satara 56-43 against 11-5; Kolaba 11-4 against nil; Kanara 8-1 against nil; Belgaum 5-1 against 3-2; Bijapur 5-1 against 10-6; Ratnagiri 1-1 against 2-0 and Thana 1-0 against 8-6.

In Dharwar district a rise has been recorded in Dharwar and Kod talukas.

PLAGUE.

Twenty-four cases and 12 deaths from plague were reported during the week against 29-18 in the previous week. Dharwar district had 20 attacks and 8 deaths against 14-7; Satara 2-3 against 13-10; Belgaum 1-1 against 2-1 and Sholapur 1-0 against nil.

SMALL-POX.

Small-pox figures for the week are:—Satara district 46-3; Ratnagiri 42-0; Broach 30-4; Sholapur 18-2; Poona 15-1; East Khandesh 14-0; Nasik 13-1; Kaira 12-2; Ahmednagar 10-0; Kanara 9-0; Dharwar 6-0; Belgaum 5-0, Surat 4-0; Bijapur 2-0; Ahmedabad 1-1 and Bombay city 10-4. Total 237 attacks and 18 deaths against 102-13 in the previous week.

CEREBRO-SPINAL FEVER.

Six attacks and 5 deaths from cerebro-spinal fever were recorded in the presidency during the week against 7 attacks and 4 deaths in the previous week. Bombay city recorded 4-5 and Ahmedabad 2-0.

INFLUENZA.

Two attacks and 2 deaths from influenza were recorded in Bombay city during the week and Kaira district had 67 attacks and no deaths.

Rs. 40,000 Deficit Expected In Nagpur Municipal Budget

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Feb. 1.

Due to failure of cotton and other reasons in Nagpur District Nagpur Municipality's receipts show a heavy fall.

It is estimated that the current year will close with a minimum deficit of Rs. 40,000.

In Aid Of Dadar Middle School

The Superintendent writes:—

The management of the Dadar Middle School have arranged for a benefit Cinema Show at the Kohinoor Theatre at Dadar on Sunday 7th February. The film called 'Vilasi Ishwar' produced by Messrs. Kolhapur Cinetone will be shown. All sympathisers—ladies and gentlemen—are requested to extend their helping hand to the School by attending at the show with their friends.

BIHAR GOVERNOR NOT RESIGNING

PATNA, Feb. 1.

Enquiries made by the "Associated Press" show that there is no foundation to the report that Sir James Sifton, Governor of Bihar, is relinquishing his office earlier and leaving for home.

His Excellency completes his term on March 10 when he will leave for home.—A. P.

Fifteen Muslims were arrested yesterday in connection with Satta Gambling, during a raid carried out by Dongri Police. They were bailed out for a week at Mazagaon Court, to-day.

COMPLAINANT IN CUSTODY

Sequel To Dispute Over Removal Of Copra Bags From Docks

BOMBAY, Monday.

A fraud involving 65 bags of copra valued at Rs. 975 is alleged to have been brought to light by the conduct of one of the parties involved.

Jafarbhai Jivraj lodged a complaint of criminal breach of trust against Jankhan Mohamedkhan at the Yellow Gate police station last night. He alleged that Jankhan had removed 65 bags of 'copra' from the dock sheds and sold it to one Chinam and misappropriated the proceeds.

Enquiries are stated to have showed that both Jafarbhai Jivraj and Jankhan Mohamedkhan and three others were involved in the fraud. Lalji Danji was arrested in the early hours of this morning. The three were placed before the III Presidency Magistrate.

Pending further investigation, they were remanded in custody till February 7.

ESSENTIALS FOR INDO-BRITISH TRADE AGREEMENT

Mr. G. L. Mehta's Statement On Political Pressure At Whitehall

CALCUTTA, (By Mail.)

Mr. G. L. Mehta, Vice-President of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta, has issued the following statement:—

While Indian commercial opinion is restive at the inordinate delay in the negotiations for the renewal of the Indo-Japanese Trade Agreement and the conclusion of the Indo-British Trade Pact, political pressure is being sought to be placed on the Secretary of State to ensure advantage for Lancashire and preferential treatment to the so-called "Empire" shipping. Meanwhile, Japanese tonnage is increasingly intruding in the Indian coastal trade. The Indian section of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce as well as the Commons Lancashire Conservative Members' Committee are endeavouring to exert their Parliamentary influence which can only tend to hamper the conclusion of an equitable trade agreement negotiated and entered into freely and on an equal basis

LANCASHIRE INTEREST IN INDIAN COTTON.

Apart from the fact that some of the principal items of Indian exports like jute are a monopoly, it is undeniable that Lancashire has taken some interest in Indian cotton only since its exports of cotton textile have been restricted owing to the development of the Indian cotton industry. Besides, the extension of the Ottawa Agreement after expiry of the notice period and despite the decision of the Assembly to terminate it combined with the differential duties on British steel and textiles continues to secure automatically existing advantages for British industries even while a trade agreement is under negotiations.

"INVISIBLE IMPORTS"

In view, however, of the nature of the economic relationship subsisting between India and England, namely, that of debtor and creditor countries, the possibility of a real *quid pro quo* is itself open to doubt and it is necessary that what are commonly known as "invisible imports" should be recognised in any proper evaluation of the balance of trade and payments between England and India. The Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce has emphasised from the commencement of the present Indo-British trade negotiations that the fact of India having to make annual remittances of nearly Rs. 78 crores to England is a fundamental factor which should govern any commercial agreement between England and India.

NO BLOCKING OF PROGRESS.

Moreover, the nature of India's export trade makes it imperative that any trade agreement with England concluded owing to the political influence of Lancashire interests and the constitutional subordination of the Government of India to the British Government should not be such as to jeopardise India's trade with various non-Empire countries or to weaken India's bargaining power *vis-a-vis* other countries while leaving England free, as hitherto, to conclude bilateral agreements irrespective of their effects on India. Nor should a trade agreement be such as to affect adversely the industrialisation of India and the diversification of economic pursuits.

It is stated that the proposals of the British Board of Trade have been unacceptable to the non-official advisors and a position akin to a deadlock has been reached. It is necessary, therefore, in order to allay public anxiety, for the Government to issue an authentic statement regarding the progress of these trade negotiations and it is hoped that the question would be raised in the Legislative Assembly which is now in session in Delhi.—A.P.

Economic Adviser To Central Govt. Departments

Federation Of Indian Chambers Urge Authorities Not To Create New Post Pending New Constitution

NEW DELHI: (By Mail)

The Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry does not approve of the Government proposal to appoint an Economic Advisor to advise the different departments of Government on economic questions

In the course of the letter to the Secretary to the Government of India, Commerce Department, the federation secretary says:—

From the replies given by the Hon'ble Sir Muhammad Zafrulla Khan, the Commerce Member, it appears to the Committee that the Government of India intend to create a new post to advise the different departments of Government on economic questions and that they have under their consideration the question of appointment to that post. The Committee, at the outset, would like to enquire of the Government of India as to the necessity of creating a new post of responsibility carrying with it the function of tendering advice to the Government of India on various economic questions and influencing thereby their economic policy, particularly at a time when the present Central Government would give place to a Federal one under the Government of India Act of 1935.

WILL EMBARRASS MINISTERS

The Committee feel that the present Central Government should not create such an important post, the creation of which may unnecessarily embarrass the future Federal Ministers' work under the new Act. The Governor-General, under the Act, is entitled to have the services of a financial adviser and such other adviser not exceeding three in number to advise him on matters that lie within the purview of his discretion. It is, therefore, the considered opinion of the Committee that no such post should be created at this present juncture. If the Federal Ministers feel that such a post is necessary for advising them in their attempt to renovate the whole economic structure of the Federal Government, then it would be for them to create such a post and to appoint a suitable Indian to it.

APPOINT AN INDIAN.

As it appears from the answers given by the Hon'ble Commerce Member in the Legislative Assembly that the Government of India will be considering as to who should be appointed to the post when created, the Committee would like to point out that for an important post like the Economic Adviser, it is necessary that the person occupying it should have an intimate knowledge of the economic and financial conditions prevailing in this country and he should be one possessing direct personal experience with regard to a number of problems concerning India. The Committee, therefore, desire to urge that the question of creating such a post should be deferred till the Federal Government comes into existence, and if the Government of India are intent upon creating such a post, it is essential to have an experienced Indian appointed to it. The Committee will much appreciate an early indication of the Government of India's intentions on this question.—A. P.

LODGER FEELS FOOT ON BED

Police Rush To Hotel On Hearing Alarm: Theft Suspect Remanded

In the small hours of this morning, a lodger in a hotel at Sleater Road stretched his hand in his half sub-conscious sleep and felt a foot on his bed.

Without looking up, he seized the leg and raised an alarm.

Two police constables on "post-duty" suddenly raced into the hotel, on hearing the cries, and after climbing up the stairs, hurried to the room and arrested the night intruder.

Gulam Hussein Abdul Rahiman (19) was then marched to the Lamington Road Police Station.

He was placed before the Girgaum Police Court Magistrate, today.

In applying for remand into custody of the accused, the Police Officer stated that a number of such thefts had been run to earth recently in the locality and that the accused was suspected in several such cases.

Application for remand into custody for ten days, pending further police inquiries, was granted by the Magistrate.

CONGRESS POSITION NOT SHAKY IN THANA

National Organisation Getting More And Still More Support

(From Our Own Correspondent)

THANA: January 31.

The report appearing in the Bori Bunder morning daily about the Congress position in Thana, Southern Constituency being rather shaky, is deliberately misleading and betrays nervousness on the part of the Congress opponents.

The meetings that are being held are due to the nearness of Thana to Bombay, it being a principal central place of the fight, and so the propaganda is carried on vigorously which stings so much in the nostrils of the opponents.

Congress Getting Stronger Daily

The Congress position is getting every day stronger and stronger and the columns attacks that are being made by the Democratic Party, in and out of meetings, are working havoc in rank and file of the rival parties and winning over even the hesitants to the Congress side.

The report appearing in the Bori Bunder journal is quite of a piece with those calculated to prejudice the Congress and its supporters and no body here is so foolish as to be led astray by such tricky items appearing in columns of the "Times of India".

STOCK EXCHANGE INQUIRY

Differentiation Between Brokers And Jobbers Long Over Due

MADRAS, (By Mail).

The following are some of the replies sent by the Southern India Chamber of Commerce to the questionnaire issued by the Bombay Stock Exchange in connection with the enquiry started by the latter:—

Forward trade should not be stopped, but there should be some provision to ensure that all scrips reasonably entitled to the facility of forward trading will be placed on the list.

There are too many sub-brokers now trading on the 'Exchange. They could as well be eliminated. At any rate their number should be substantially reduced by limiting the number to be attached to each broker. They should make a deposit with the Stock Exchange which would ensure their bringing only sound business. The same sub-broker should not be attached to more than one broker.

Brokers should never do business on their own account. The employees of broker should be licensed or registered. No up-country agents should be treated as sub-brokers.

JOBBERS AND BROKERS

Differentiation between jobbers and brokers is long overdue. The installation of electric boards is very necessary. This Chamber would rather not give power to the President or Board of Directors to interfere in individual transactions or in those of particular members. The purpose would be fairly served if jobbers and brokers are separated. The intervention of Government would not be advisable.

The holders should ordinarily be limited to the holidays declared under the Negotiable Instruments Act and a few sectional holidays. The death of members might be recognised by earlier closing.

There should be at least three hours per day for transacting business.

BROKERAGE RATES

Present rates of brokerage in many cases are unduly high. On the other hand the practice of undercutting and waiving is rampant, which leads to unsound business. Standard rates will be advisable.

Brokerage should be shown separately in the contract notes.

Defaulters should not be reinstated until they pay in full their creditors including the public. They may, however, be allowed to continue as sub-brokers, if sub-brokers are recognised in future, in case they pay at least eight annas in the rupee and give proper guarantee for meeting future liabilities.—A.P.

BUY

TATA'S Galvanized Sheets

INDIAN ENTERPRISE LABOUR and CAPITAL

TATA'S GALVANIZED SHEETS

are used and are in constant demand throughout the length and breadth of India. From the remotest village in the North West Frontier Provinces to the farthest South, Cape Comorin, TATA'S GALVANIZED SHEETS are found to shelter the people from the biting cold, or the torrential rains.

TATA'S GALVANIZED SHEETS

are supplied in the usual Commercial Quality, or to I. S. D. Specification No. G|Metals 41|F for both Prime Quality and Special Quality.

STOCKS CARRIED BY TATA DEALERS ALL OVER INDIA.

THE TATA IRON & STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

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THE BANK OF HINDUSTAN, LTD.

Head Office: MADRAS.
Bombay Office: 35, Churchgate Street, Fort

Branches: Bezwada, Calicut, Cannanore, Coimbatore, Madura, Pollachi, Tellicherry, Tiruppur, Triplicane (Madras) and Payyanur Pay Office (Malabar).

SAVINGS BANK

THE RATE OF INTEREST WILL BE 2-1|2 per cent on the monthly minimum balance from the 16th December, 1936,

and

WITHDRAWALS can be made twice by cheques up to Rs. 1,000 in a week without the production of the pass-book.

Apply for copy of the new "Rules of Business."

C. H. DIVANJEE, Secretary.

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METAL POLISH

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For

ALL METALWARES

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Imparts lasting lustre

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Minimum Cost & Labour

THE LILY CHEMICAL WORKS, Mangaldas Market, Bombay 2.

MOTHS
DAMAGE YOUR CLOTHES BEYOND REPAIR
KILL THEM WITH
FLIT
Don't risk your health and comfort by accepting worthless "insecticides" or imitations that masquerade under the name of Flit. Remember—there is only one Flit. Flit is sold only in the yellow tin with the soldier and black band—sealed to prevent fraudulent refilling. Will not stain. You can absolutely rely on Flit to kill all household insects.
Sprinkle the new FLIT POWDER in cracks and crevices. Crawling insects touch it and die!
FLIT
If the soldier is not on the tin, it is not FLIT

Sole Distributors:—
HERBERTSONS, LTD., Bombay and Calcutta.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 4 POINTS DOWN

Silver Easy But Wheat And Jute Better

BOMBAY: February 1.

On Monday Crossrates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON EASY.

New York Cotton was steady reflecting firmer statistical position. There was scattered trade and foreign buying. The closing tone was, however, slightly easy.

SILVER EASY.

London gold was firm but silver was easy.

WHEAT FIRM.

Wheat was firm on good general enquiry. Base metals were very steady. Jute and rubber were better.

SECURITIES IN GOOD REQUEST.

London Stock Exchange displayed improved sentiment on better enquiry. Gilt-edged securities were also in good request.

COTTON EXCHANGES

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1937
New York, February 1

Previous closing	12.83
To-day's opening	12.87
Difference	plus .04
To-day's closing	12.79
Difference	—.04

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1937
Liverpool, February 1

Previous closing	7.14
To-day's opening	7.18
Difference	plus 04
To-day's closing	7.12
Difference	—.02

BROACH EXPECTATION
April May ..... Rs. 227

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, February 1

Cotton displayed a very steady undertone reflecting firmer statistical position especially from a long viewpoint although irregularity of Liverpool and hesitancy on the part of foreign interests check bullish enterprise.

Operations in March commenced at 12.87 i.e. 4 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on scattered trade and foreign buying but thereafter the demand slowed down although underlying sentiment continued somewhat cheerful with March hovering around opening levels.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.79 with a decline of 4 points for March delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, February 1

The following were the opening ranges:—

March	(12.84/12.83) 12.88/12.87
May	(12.65/12.65) 12.70/12.69
July	(12.47/12.47) 12.54/12.53

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, February 1

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American March	(7.14) 7.15
American May	(7.11) 7.13
Egyptian March	(9.93) 9.91
Egyptian May	(10.12) 10.12

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, February 1

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 228-8 and Rs. 229 at night. The rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 228.

LONDON MARKETS

London, February 1

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

METALS

Tin (£225 buyers £225 1/4 sellers. Barely steady) £225 1/2 buyers £225 3/4 sellers. Steady.

Lead (£26 1/4 buyers £26 3/8 sellers. Easy) £26 1/4 buyers £26 3/8 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£56 3/4 to £57 3/4) £57 3/4 to £58 1/2

Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay February March (£14 1/4 sellers) £14 1/16 sellers

Linseed Calcutta February March (£14 1/8 sellers) £13 7/8 sellers

Linseed La Plata January (£11 1/2 sellers) £11 9/16 sellers

Groundnuts Coromandal March (£15 11/16 sellers) £15 11/16 sellers

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-0 1/4) 1-0 1/4

Indian Pekoe higher (1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4

Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 1/2) 1-0 1/2

Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-2) 2-2

JUTE

New Crop February March (£19 1/16 paid and value) £18 15/16 sellers

Dunlop February (£22 1/4 sellers) £22 1/4 sellers

Lightning February (£20 1/2 sellers) £20 1/2 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (10 3/8 value) 10 7/16 value

Forward April June (10 3/8 paid and value) 10 7/16 paid and seller

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, February 1

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat	5	7	6
Wheat September	5	6	6
Linseed May	7	6	6
Linseed September	7	10	2

Wheat was steady but linseed was quiet.

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, February 1

Previous closing	4.89 25/32
To-day's opening	4.89 19/32
To-day's latest	4.89 5/8

(At the time of New York cotton closing.)

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, February 1

Previous closing	4.89 11/16
To-day's opening	4.89 11/16
To-day's closing	4.89 11/16
Difference	nil.

FRANC RATE

London, February 1

Previous closing	105.10
To-day's opening	105.07
To-day's closing	105.04
Difference	—06

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, February 1

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.89 11/16 and kept very steady throughout with hardly any importation variation.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.89 11/16

Franc opened at 105.7 and then improved to 105.04 on better support

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 105.04

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, February 1

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"China bought. India sold. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER
London, February 1

	Last Price.	To-day's Price.
Spot	20 1/4d.	20 3/16d.
Forward	20 1/4d.	20 1/8d.

LONDON GOLD
London, February 1

Gold Bars fine per ounce (£7-2-0) £7-2-0 1/2

DISCOUNTS
London, February 1

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent

4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

CROSS RATES
London, February 1
3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay	(1-6 5/32) 1-6 5/32
Paris on Bombay	(7.942) 7.933
New York on Bombay	(57.07) 37.06
Berlin on Bombay	(0.92 1/8) 0.92 1/8
London on Milan	(93.03) 93.03
London on Shanghai	(1-2 21/32) 1-2 21/32
London on Kobe	(1-1 31/32) 1-1 31/32

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, February 1

Liverpool wheat opened steady with March at 98 5/8 and May 100. The market was more active on general buying influenced by overseas cables and better shippers offers coupled with improved sales of cargoes particularly to Spain.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, February 1

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 1.28 1/2. Prices advanced on improved enquiry and better local support influenced by strength of foreign cables.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED
Bombay, February 1
May 1937 Delivery
(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7	7	6
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	7	6
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	payment		
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	6	6

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, February 1

	Rs.	a.	p.
Silver ready	50	1	0
Silver 1st settlement	50	1	0
Silver 2nd settlement	49	10	0
Silver 3rd settlement	49	11	0
Gold ready	35	3	3
Gold 1st settlement	35	3	3
Gold 2nd settlement	35	3	0
Sovereigns	22	6	3

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, February 1

The 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper was quoted at Rs. 96-10 at 2-0 p.m. The closing quotation at 5-0 p.m. was the same.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

Opening	96	6	0
Highest	96	13	0
Lowest	96	6	0
Closing	96	10	0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, February 1

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £93 3/4 as against the previous closing at £93 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, February 1
3-30 p.m.

Markets generally showed brighter sentiment and expansion of business. Giltedgeds were steady to firm. Indian loans, coppers and minings were firm and fairly active.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£81 1/4) £81 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£104 1/2) £104 3/4

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 5/8) £107 5/8

5 per cent Funding Loan (£113 1/2) £113 5/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£103 1/2) £103 3/4

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£112 3/8) £112 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (16-9) 16-9

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (88-9) 90-7 1/2

Hydro Electric (dol 10 3/8) dol 10 5/8

Musical Industries (23-6) 23-6

Princhin Johnson (53-6) 53-9

Imperial Chemical (40-9) 40-6

Woolworth Ordinary (84-4 1/2) 85-0

Realisation 1930 (£98) £98

Dunlop Rubber (34-9) 35-1 1/2

Unilever Ordinary (44-6) 44-4 1/2

Ford Motors (31-3) 31-6

Cables and Wireless (£7 1/4) £7 3/8

British American Tobacco (133-1 1/2) 132-6

Carreas A (£8 3/8) £8 3/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (165-7 1/2) 161-10 1/2 ex div.

P and O S N Company Deferred (31-7 1/2) 31-4 1/2

Distillers (116-9) 117-9

Bredfords Dyers (10-6) 10-9

British Celanese (8-9) 9-3

J and P Coates Ordinary (54-0) 53-3

Courtaulds Ordinary (56-4 1/2) 56-4 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (13-0) 13-7 1/2

Vickers Limited Ordinary (34-9) 34-9

Inter Nickels (£63 5/8) £64

Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (43-1 1/2) 42-6

Tata Iron and Steel (£104) £104

INDIAN LOANS

London, February 1
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£98 3/4) £99

3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£93 1/2) £94

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55 (£112 3/4) £112 3/4

4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£116 3/4) £117

4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£107 3/4) £107 3/4

5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112 1/2) £112 3/4

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£103 3/4) £104

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£108 1/8) £108 1/8

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-6) 20-0

Conaro Tea (45-6) 48-0

Empire of India (30-7 1/2) 31-3

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (42-3) 42-3

Gula Kelampong (54-4 1/2) 54-4 1/2

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (41-3) 40-6

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£11 1/4) £11 1/4

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (60-0) 60-7 1/2

Burma Corporation (16-6) 16-9

Rio Tintos (£22 1/2) £23 1/2

East Rand Proprietors (79-0) 78-6

Rand Mines (9 1/8) 9 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£16 1/8) £16 1/4

Gedule New (£10 3/4) £10 3/4

New Moddars (£31 7/8) £31 7/8

Sub Nigel (£13 1/4) £13 1/4

Spring Mines Split Shares (39-4 1/2) 39-4 1/2

Union Corporation (£10 1/4) £10 3/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (55-7 1/2) 55-7 1/2

Anglo Iranian (110-0) 110-0

Burma Oil (116-10 1/2) 117-6

Musical Eagle (30-1 1/2) 29-4 1/2

Shell Transport (£136 1/4) £136 1/4

Royal Dutch (£46 3/8) £46 1/2

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£61 3/4) £61 3/4

L and S Ordinary (£32 3/8) £32 1/8

L N E R Defd (£5-3-4) £5 5/8

Southern Dutch (£27 3/4) £27 3/4

London Paris 5 per cent (£131) £130

London Transport 'C' Stock (£97) £97

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, February 1

The following were the opening rates:

General Motor (dol 67 5/8) dol 67 5/8

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 52 7/8) dol 53 1/4

U S Steel Common (dol 94 1/8) dol 96

U S Steel Preference (dol 149 3/4) dol 149 1/2

HARDENING TENDENCY IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Wall Street Firm

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON: Feb. 1.

On the Stock Exchange to-day the City's favourable reception of Herr Hitler's speech was reflected in the distinct improvement in the sentiment most sectors showing a hardening tendency though the activity was confined to specialities, oils, kaffirs, coppers and diamonds being especially good on Cape, Paris and local support.

Commodities:—Cocoa was flat and heavy on speculative liquidation in sympathy with lower New York.

Basemetals were very steady on good consumer demand.

Wall Street opened steady and was then firm.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Coals Firm And Copper Steadier

CALCUTTA, Feb 1

Jutes ruled steady and unchanged with moderate turnover. The undertone in coals continued to rule firm but trading was somewhat restricted. In miscellaneous mining and coppers ruled steadier. Others kept more or less unchanged. Teas were dull. Government securities were steady at decline. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities: Three per cent loan 1951 /54 101/8; three and half per cent paper 96/9; three per cent loan 1941 103/9, three per cent paper 88/13, two and three fourth per cent loan 1948/52 99/12, three and half per cent loan 1947/50 105/4, five and three fourth per cent Punjab bonds 1937 101/2 small lot.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1543, small lots, Reserve 131 ex div.

Cottons: Bengal Nagpur 16/8, Elgin Mills 132, E D Sassoon 1, Muir Mills 295, Dunbar ord 148, New Victoria 1/8.

Coals: Aldih 3/12, Bansra 4/2, Bengal 314, small lot, Borroa 15/2. Barrakur 16/14, Bura Dhemo 3/14, Bokaro and Ramgur 15, Deoli 6/12, Equitable new 32/12, East Indian new 20/5, ex div; Mundulpore 7/14, Nazira 9/5, North Damuda 3/12, New Beerbhoom 15, North West fully paid 10/14, Rewa 23/8, Raneegunge 35/14, Samla 1/13, Seebpore 15/8, premium; South Karanpura 8, Sendra 14/8, Searsole 4, Satpukuria and Asansol annas 13, Talcher 2/8, West Jamuria 12/8.

Jutes: Adamjee 13 small lot, Auckland 185 small lot, Auckland pref 126, Budge Budge pref 160 small lot, Cheviot 185 small lot, Howrah 51/7, Kamarhatty 527, Bally P repeat Lothian pref 150/8, small lot, Naihati pref 152, Bally pref 142, Clive 25/4, Gourepore pref 138, Kanknarrah 429, Lawrence pref 136 small lot, National 23/4.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 11/8, Indian Copper 4/3, Consolidated Tin 7/15, Tavoy Tin 4/8, Bareilly Electric 16/6, Bengal Telephone pref 14/12, Dishergah Power pref 113, Jubbulpore Electric 14/8, Burn and Co ord 302, Indian Iron and Steel 29/11, Indian Standard Wagon 64, Indian Steel and Wire Products ord 302, small lot, Indian and Wire Products defd 237, Kumardhubi Engineering ord 4 small odd lot, Marshalls 2/14, Saran Engineering 15/10, small lot, Jwala Insurance 104, Triton Insurance 275 small lot, Bararee Coke 17/8, Dunlop Rubber ord 14/8, Dunlop Rubber second pref 108/8, Indian Wood Products 28/10, Macfarlane and Col old 9/2, Macfarlane and Co defd 3/1, British Ceylon Corporation 8/4. British Burma Petrol 6/11, Tide Water Oil 12/12, Titaghur Paper ord 22/8, Titaghur paper pref Rs. 100, Titaghur paper paid up 167/8 small lot, Calcutta Landing and Shipping 18, ex div, Indian General Navigation 128/8.

Sugars: Cawnpore 30/10, Dyer Meaking (Burma) 87/8.—A. P.

THUNDERSHOWERS IN CENTRAL INDIA

POONA, Feb. 1.

The western disturbance has caused fairly widespread thundershowers in west Central Provinces and west Central India. Hoshangabad reports threequarters of an inch and Khandwa half.

Scattered light showers have also occurred in south Madras.

A fresh western disturbance is approaching the Northwest Frontier causing a rise of temperature over that region.

Forecast:—Thundershowers are likely to occur locally in the Deccan and at a few stations in the United Provinces, Central Provinces, Central India and Southwest Madras.—A P.

Indian Shipping

(Continued from Page 6.)

tion by external interests and to advance the cause of Indian interests.

Mr. Walter Runciman, President of the Board of Trade of Great Britain, in February last pointed out that the subsidies for operation of shipping were in 1932-33 about £5,000,000 in U S. A. and France, and £3,000,000 and £1,000,000 in case of Italy and Japan respectively. These figures were quoted by him to support the demand for a grant of £2,000,000 subsidy to British tramp shipping. These figures will speak for themselves to make one realise the efforts made by various maritime States for nationalising shipping.

May I suggest an organisation like the Indian Shipowners' Association in order to begin organised efforts to advance the cause of Indian Shipping? The progress of the Japan Shipowners Association must open our eyes to the need for a central institution to fight the various vested interests.—Yours, etc.,

BHIKHALAL B. KAPASI.

Baroda.

Towards Successful Life

(Continued from Page 6).

by assuring them of the sacredness of their confidences. The second method is that of private investigation carried on by the trusted agents of a central organization. This question will have to receive great and careful attention because there may be legal difficulties as well as danger in organising and carrying on the work.

A Scheme of Relief.

If all this is to be done the central organization must be on an all-India basis composed of persons of proved integrity. The activities should gradually be extended so as to reach every part of the country where there is distress of one kind or another. In this respect we should formulate a scheme that is likely to appeal to Indian psychology. Charity in one form or other has flourished in this country as in no other and most of it has been charity misplaced. We should not only try to direct this into the right channel but also to exploit it for the benefit of the country as a whole. But merely depending upon charity would be of no use for any length of time. The resources of the central organisation would soon dwindle away if there were a continual drain on it due to charity. To prevent this the resources must be kept intact which can only be done by adopting methods of business where the aim is to keep the capital intact and make it pay. Here then is a sort of skeleton scheme which will combine charity with business. There should be a central organization called something like "ALL-INDIA DISTRESS RELIEF ASSOCIA- kinds of distress such as accidents, non-political and non-communal. In the first instance it should collect subscriptions not only from individuals but also from already established charitable institutions. Its aim must be to relieve unemployment, indebtedness and special kinds of distress such as accidents floods, etc. The type of relief to be given is to put the sufferers on their legs and bind them by such moral means as may be found efficacious to contribute to the resources of the organization. As the organization grows stronger, industries may be established under its auspices providing not only a source of employment but also enhancement of the resources of the organization. This is only a suggestion in embryo. It requires a great deal of collaboration and amplification and the purpose of this article is to direct thought in this channel and invite constructive criticisms and suggestions. It may perhaps be better that men and women interested in social work should meet together to explore possible avenues of giving a concrete shape to this ambitious scheme.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

dha and Co; 300 bales cotton R Ramji and Co.

For Kobe/Osaka: 1500 bales cotton T M Kaisha; 500 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co.

For Osaka: 200 bales cotton T M Kaisha.

Imports

Bombay, Feb 1

S S Wardenfels, Agents L Edward Ltd. from Hamburg etc.: 199 cases card boards; 33 cases glassware; 405 crts elect batteries; 21 cases bronze powder; 29 cases chemicals; 159 cases machinery and parts; 164 cases padlocks; 23 cases soap; 164 cases hurri. lamps and parts; 26 cases haberdeshery; 532 cases glass bangles; 25 cases slate pencils; 180 cases gabloze; 160 bags broken tiles; 657 bales paper; 15 cases blue ink; 260 cases wire nails; 16 cases clocks; 50 cases typewriters; 11 cases chinaware; 37 packages dyes dry; 30 bundles horse nails; 70 cases cycle and parts; 157 bags batteries; 870 cases mercury atlas flag oil; 127 cases hardware; 70 casks hyposalphete of soda; 690 cases r tyre and tubes; 28 cases cutlery; 23 cases iron screws; 222 cases iron wire; 40 cases rice starch; 263 bundles white wood cutting boards 34 drums bleaching powder; 611 coils wyire; 1503 bags rivet, bolts and nuts; 334 nos. c'ware; 248 bags y m sheet and squares; 2080 bundles s baling hoops; 50 cases safety fuses; 266 bales m/s plates; 122 nos. m/s plates; 2050 bundles steel streps; 500 bags starch; 29 cases iron chains; 161 cases iron hinges; 400 cases slates.

From Antwerp: 1207 bales iron pipes; 1089 nos iron pipes; 405 nos. s poles; 661 window glass; 399 bags paper; 50 bundles copper sheet; 1644 bags dyes dry; 100 roles iron wire; 140 roles galv wire; 47 cases coach screws; 105 bundles m/s hoops; 65 cases ships chains; 300 cases radio goods; 85 cases iron screws; 184 bundles p wood; 230 nos. m/s channels; 30 cases codliver oil; 1030 bundles m/s angles; 14913 bundles baling hoops; 200 casks dyes paste; 200 bags glue case; 95 bags dextrine; 495 bags starch; 550 bags slacked lime; 300 cases chicory; 55 nos s joists; 100 casks axalic acid; 1171 bundles sleepers; 438 bags bolts and nuts; 183 drums white oil; 120 bags hinges; 23 cases cardboards; 775 bags farina; 75 cases brandy; 450 cases beer; 23 drums paint; 102 drums acetic acid: 77 d/jhs acetic acid; 166 cases medicines; 200 bundles straw boards; 30 cases naphthaline; 50 cases p pins; 48 casks barium nitrate.

From Portsaid: 1080 bales cotton 393 bags garlic; 25 cases orange.

From Goleburg: 347 bales paper;

From Baltic Port: 1010 bars aspar logs.

From Tallinn: 209 nos. aspen logs.

SHIPPING NEWS

Imports And Exports

ARRIVALS

Bombay, Feb 1

N Y Kaisha's steamer Kotohira Maru of 4484 reg tons, Captain M Watanabe arrived on Saturday from Karachi with cotton scrap iron and general cargo.

B I S N Company's steamer Barpeta of 1892 reg tons, Captain A Tiller, arrived on Sunday from Calcutta via Madras, Colombo and Quilon with general cargo.

P and O S N Company's steamer Soudan of 3477 reg tons, Captain C L Collings, arrived on Sunday from Rotterdam via Antwerp, Middlesbrough, Ingmingham, London, Southampton, Malta, Portsaid, Port Soudan and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

Lionel Edwards' steamer Formosa of 3338 reg tons, Captain J O Hedding arrived on Sunday from Gothenburg via Brevik, Oslo, Gdynia, Hamburg, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Algiers, Portsaid and Karachi with passengers and general cargo.

Scindia Steam Navigation Company's steamer Jalarajan of 3148 reg tons, Captain C Gale arrived from Calcutta via Colombo, Tuticorin and Cochin with passengers and general cargo.

DEPARTURES

Bombay, Feb 1

B I S N Company's steamer Ellora of 2386 reg tons, Captain F A Spenceley sailed for Calcutta with local cargo.

LOADING

Bombay, Feb 1

The following steamers booked for loading on 1-2-37.

S S Gambada (M M and Co) for Colombo, Mauritius, Chittagong, Akyab, Rangoon via Coast Ports

S S Werdenfels (L. E.) for Europe and American Ports via Aden

S S Jalavijaya (Sc. S N Co.) for Calcutta, Madras, Negapatam, Pondicherry and Moulmein.

S S Felice (Ralli Bros) for Portsaid for order.

Alexandra Dock

Bombay, Feb 1

1 Soudan 3477 Yokohama 3-2 M M and Co.
2 Kotohira Maru 4485 Japan 6-2 N Y Kaisha
4 Tango Maru 4238 Japan 11-2 N Y Kaisha
5 Formosa 4330 Colombo N F, L Edwards Ltd.
6 Reichenfels 4760 Karachi 3-2 L Edwards Ltd.
8 Monta Piana 3715 Genoa 2-2 Lloyd Triestino
12 Frauenfels 4679 Karachi 2-2 L Edwards Ltd.
14 Tairea 3756 Durban 3-2 M M and Co.

Victoria Dock

5 Varsova 1955 P Gulf 5-2 M M and Co.
6 Silverfir 2636 New York 2-2 Volkart Bros.
12/13 Chyebassa 4022 Calcutta 3-2 M M and Co.
14 Barpeta 1892 P Gulf, 3-2 M M and Co.

Princes Dock

B Tunni 724 Karachi N F, Malabar Steamship Co.
F Rahmani 3291 Jeddah 2-2 T Morrison and Co
K Akbar 2479 Jeddah 4-2 T Morrison and Co.

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON
Naldera 4-2-37 P and O S N Co
Ranchi 18-2 P and O S N Co.
Comorin 25-2 P and O S N Co
Strathnaver 11-2-37 P and O S N Co.
Strathmore 4-3-37 P and O S N Co
Kaisar-j-Hind 11-3-37 P and O S N Co.
FROM HULL
Kioto 6-2 James Finlay and Co
FROM LIVERPOOL
Clan Alpine 6-2-37 James Finlay and Co.
City of Johannesburg 8-2-37 Killick Nixon and Co.
FROM MOMBASA
Sirsa 3-2 M M and Co.
FROM DURBAN
Karanja 6-2 M M and Co
FROM CHINA AND JAPAN
Kidderpore 5-2 P and O S N Co
Victoria 12-2-37 Lloyd Triestino
Mayebashi Maru 15-2-37 N Y Kaisha
Ranpura 5-2-37 P and O S N Co
Calcutta Maru 19-2-37 N Y Kaisha
Bangalore 14-2-37 M M and Co
Mantai Maru 8-2-37 O S Kaisha
Liverpool Maru 18-2-37 O S Kaisha
Shunko Maru 23-2-37 O S Kaisha
FROM MIRI
British Viscount 5-2-37 Anglo Iranian Oil Co.
FROM MOULMEIN
Jaladuta 2-2-37 Scindia Steam Navigation Co Ltd.
Jalapalaka 6-2-37 Scindia Steam Navigation Co Ltd.
FROM RANGOON
Gambada 4-2-37 M M and Co
FROM AKYAB
Ozarda 30-1-37 M M and Co
FROM SYDNEY
Mongolia 13-2-37 M M and Co
FROM BASRA
Bandra 4-2 M M and Co
Varela 6-2 M M and Co
Bamora 11-2-37 M M and Co
Vasna 13-2 M M and Co
FROM NEW YORK
City of Rayville 12-2-37 Lionel Edward
City of Eastbourne 24-2-37 F F Campbell and Co.
City of Khios 10-2 F F Campbell and Co

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON
Ranpura 6-2-37 P and O S N Co.
Kaiser-i-Hind 13-2-37 P and O S N Co
Mongolia 13-2-37 P and O S N Co
Viceroy of India 20-2 P and O S N Co
Mooltan 27-2 P and O S N Co
FOR LIVERPOOL
Castalia 27-2-37 Grahams Trading Co
FOR GERMANY
Altenfels 5-2 L Edwards
FOR TRIESTE
Conte Rosso 2-3 L Triestino
FOR GENOA
Victoria 12-2 Lloyd Triestino
Monta Piana 2-2 Lloyd Triestino
FOR NEW YORK
City of Ripon 3-2-37 F F Campbell and Co.
City of Khios 10-2-37 F F Campbell and Co.
Silverfir 2-2 Volkart Bros
FOR JEDDAH
Akbar 4-2 T Morrison and Co.
Rahmani 2-2 Turner Morrison and Co.
FOR CHINA AND JAPAN
Soudan 3-2-37 P and O S N Co.
Khurumi Maru 6-2 O S Kaisha
Toyama Maru 4-2 N Y Kaisha
Naldera 5-2-37 P and O S N Co
Tango Maru 15-2-37 N Y Kaisha
Mantai Maru 23-2-37 O S Kaisha
Conte Verde 24-2 L Triestino
Thames Maru 14-2-37 O S Kaisha
FOR BASRA
Barpeta 3-2-37 M M and Co
Varsova 4-2 M M and Co.
FOR SYDNEY
Strathnaver 11-2 P and O S N Co
FOR KARACHI
Werdenfels 5-237 Lionel Edward
Celebes Maru 7-2 O S Kaisha
Reichenfels 3-2-37 Lionel Edwards
Nalgora 9-2-37 M M and Co
FOR DURBAN
Karanja 17-2-37 M M and Co
Tairea 3-2-37 M M and Co

GENERAL LANDING DATES.

S S Reichenfels 29-1-37
S S Iwatesan Maru 29-1-37
S S Thames Maru (boats American cotton) 30-1-37
S S Kalavati 30-1-37
S S Ralavati 30-1-37
S S Netravati 30-1-37

Exports

Bombay, Feb 1

S S Reichenfels for Hamburg: 55 bales cotton N Rajaram and Co; 108 bales cotton V Ladha and Co; 25 bales cotton P D Vora and Co; 66 bags gum T Laxmidas and Co; 53 bags D Mawji and Co.

For Suez: 100 bales cotton R Shantilal and Co.

For Rotterdam: 500 bales talk powder H Trading and Co.

For Bremen: 200 tons manganese ore The Sh. Sy. Ltd; 55 bales cotton fly V A Saw and Co;

For Malmo: 28 bales cotton waste M Chandulal and Co.

For Antwerp: 1450 bags groundnut oil cake K Prasad and Co; 500 bales wool raw Ralli Bros; 50 bales cotton waste P D Vora.

S S Silverfir for New York: 20 bales cotton L O Vora; 66 bags gum B Jaffer and Co; 68 bales skins Ralli Bros

S S Sudan for Kobe: 100 bales cotton N Rajaram and Co; 100 bales cotton R Kanji and Co; 300 bales cotton K Poonja;

For Osaka: 300 bales cotton G K Kaisha.

S S Felce for Portsaid: 48000 bags cottonseed Ralli Bros.

S S Monte Piana for Trieste: 110 bales cotton N Rajaram and Co; 100 drums groundnut oil H Rawji and Co.

For Fuime: 70 bales cotton N Rajaram and Co.

For Genoa: 23 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 110 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

For Venice: 110 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

For Alexandria: 40 bales cotton A H Diab

For Portsaid: 68 bales cotton A H Diab.

S S Tango Maru for Kobe: 300 bales cotton V Ladha and Co; 100 bales cotton K Dewchand and Co; 100 bales cotton N Rajaram and Co; 200 bales cotton B Gangadhar; 200 bales cotton A Podar and Co; 100 bales cotton A Clayton and Co; 500 bales cotton R Kanji and Co; 100 bales cotton K M Nathoo; 100 bales cotton B Factory; 100 bales cotton R B Ch. Ramswami and Co.

For Osaka: 100 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 500 bales cotton G K Kaisha.

S S Kurolime Maru for Kobe: 1000 bales cotton Langley and Co; 500 bales cotton R Kanji and Co; 500 bales cotton S Karamshi and Co; 100 bales cotton Bombay Factory; 300 bales cotton Kotak and Co; 400 bales cotton The Nissho Co Ltd; 400 bales cotton S R Tulshan and Co; 200 bales cotton S J David and Co; 500 bales cotton K Dewchand and Co; 100 bales cotton N Rajaram and Co; 1000 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co; 100 bales cotton The Bombay Co Ltd; 300 bales cotton N Manilal and Co; 200 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 2000 bales cotton N Nagsee and Co; 600 bales cotton A Podar and Co; 500 bales cotton M Amersey and Co; 200 bales cotton H Nensey and Co.

For Nagasaki: 100 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 200 bales cotton G K Kaisha.

For Yokohama: 500 bales cotton Ralli Bros;

For Kobe/Osaka: 300 bales cotton V Bros.

For Osaka: 100 bales cotton M Amersey and Co; 500 bales cotton G K Kaisha; 100 bales cotton Kotak and Co.

For Yokkaichi: 1000 bales cotton G K Kaisha.

S S Kotohire Maru for Kobe: 100 bales cotton S J David and Co; 200 bales cotton K Dewchand and Co; 15 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co; 100 bales cotton L Rawji and Co; 100 bales cotton N Manilal and Co; 100 bales cotton B Harakchand and Co; 300 bales cotton M Amersey and Co; 100 bales cotton H Nensey and Co; 300 bales cotton V Ladha and Co; 300 bales cotton R Kanji and Co; 200 bales cotton S R Tulshan and Co; 300 bales cotton S Karamshi and Co.

For Yokohama: 100 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co.

For Osaka: 800 bales cotton T M Kaisha; 300 bales cotton A Podar and Co.

S S Jeypore for Kobe: 100 bales cotton S Dossa and Co; 200 bales cotton K Dewchand and Co; 200 bales cotton N Rajaram and Co; 400 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co; 100 bales cotton L Ramji and Co; 100 bales cotton N Manilal and Co; 200 bales cotton S Karamshi and Co; 300 bales cotton M Amersey and Co; 100 bales cotton S J David and Co; 300 bales cotton V La-

Continued in Col. 8)

Arrangement Of Italian Credit For Cotton

Barter With Germany

Excellent Demand For Old Crop

BOMBAY; February 1

Latest cables indicate that new arrangement is arrived at for exports of cotton from U. S. A. to Italy on credit basis.

It is also understood that details of the German Cotton barter arrangement have been disclosed in Germany and will be announced in the States this week.

There was excellent demand from trade for old crop months with offerings light.

On Saturday the New York cotton futures market opened steady and advanced on higher Liverpool cables and continued trade buying of near months with basis for white cotton firm. Prices later reacted partially on hedge selling, realising and week-end liquidation. Finally trade buying of old crop months appeared and the tone was steady.

LOAN TERMS

A cable from Washington states that no change will be made in loan cotton release programme although C.C.C. officials admit numerous complaints from trade because of difference for low grades are too wide.

BARTER ARRANGEMENT

Leading interests opine that the present form of release will permit the disposal of only about 250,000 bales. It is understood that details of the German cotton barter arrangement have been disclosed in Germany but are not expected to be know in U. S. A. until this week. The initial volume will be limited. Similar arrangement are also made with Italy.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton futures market opened at a rise of 5 points with March 12.83 and declined 3 points at 12.80 on scattered selling and proved to be the lowest level for the day. Later on prices advanced 5 points from the lowest level and March was quoted 12.85 which was the highest level. The market closed at a net rise of 5 to 7 points for near months but distants closed one point down. Spot cotton prices advanced 5 points at 13.33c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady on trade buying and closed at a rise of 9 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 10 points at 13.40c. per lb.

REUTER'S WEEKLY REVIEW

'Flood threats and a high basis for the release of loan cotton stimulated more active general buying. There was some realising based on the theory that twelve cents was high enough for the new crop months in view of intimations from Washington that an abundant production this year was desirable. The flood in the Mississippi aroused widespread fears that the warehoused supplies would be damaged but surveys indicate that most of the cotton is safely high grounded. It is generally agreed that the allowance named for the release of low grade cotton represents a firmer basis than now prevailing in spot markets. It is believed that initial purchases will absorb only high grade qualities and it is questioned whether low grades will move unless differences are revised which the C.C.C. may do upon ten day's notice. Meanwhile some extension of the advance is expected. Cotton goods were quieter with shipments to the flood area postponed."

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened unchanged with March 7.11. There was Bombay selling, hedging and scattered long liquidation which was well absorbed by trade and local operators. Later on there was heavy trade calling reflecting good Manchester business. The market closed at a net rise of 3 to 4 points. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 5 points at 7.39d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was irregular and Sakels closed at a decline of 6 to 3 points while Uppers were 2 to 4 points higher.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed at a rise of 5 points to a decline of 7 points.

LANCASHIRE YARN

A Liverpool firm writes:

Trade demand on the Spinning side has been brisk. The market settled down fairly quickly after the holidays and a healthy business has developed. Demand has not been restricted to any particular class of yarn but has been of a general character. A very large enquiry for American Yarn has been available and heavy weights of coarse and medium counts have been sold.

Now that coarse weft prices have been advanced, there has been a tendency on the part of consumers to cover in beams. Prices all round have shown a hardening trend and many producers have secured a further improvement in margins. Hosiery firms are pressing for delivery against old contracts and are doing very little in the way of new buying. Many are waiting as long as possible to see if the new prices will hold but the fact that they are being legalised should remove all doubt from that point.

Spinners of most qualities of Egyptian yarns have also found enquiry on a more healthy scale and a good general turnover has been reported.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest 12.85 plus 07 (11-31 a.m.)

New York March lowest 12.80 plus 02 (10-5 a.m.)

Liverpool March highest 7.15 plus 04

Liverpool March lowest 7.10—01

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cable from their foreign friend:—

New York: "Government not willing to change loan cotton disposal, terms at present. Italian credit for cotton arranged. Trade demand continues for old crop months."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Good trade demand near months finding offerings limited to profit taking on scale up limits. New crops meeting hedge pressure both domestic and foreign growths. Believe advance particular this crop months will carry further.

New York: Market likely to go higher. Demand continues for grade and character better.

New York: Heavy trade buying nears. Distants sold. Foreign hedging. Cloth market easing. Flood danger abating. On present basis believe only small amount of low grades of loan release are saleable.

AMERICAN WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS

	Season To-date	This Week	Corresponding Season 1935-36	Week 1936	
Total in sight, (excluding linters)	10,487	180	10,200	172	bales
Forwarded to American Mills including Canada and other American (excluding linters)	5,136	205	3,763	154	"
Exports from U.S. Ports	3,560	146	4,112	78	"
Of which to Japan	921	32	1,088	21	"
Of which to China	21	2	31	4	"
Of which to Great Britain	773	41	934	22	"
Of which to Germany	461	14	551	6	"
Stock at New York	—	1	—	5	"
Stock at U,S, Ports	—	2,492	—	2,607	"
Stock at U. S. Interior towns	—	2,045	—	2,249	"
World's visible supply	—	8,338	—	8,159	"
Of which to American cotton	—	6,087	—	6,573	"
Forwarded to the World's Mills (excluding linters)	7,652	307	6,742	289	"
Receipts at U. S. ports	5,508	64	5,986	94	"

N.B.—All figures are in thousands.

RAMAKRISHNA CENTENARY EXHIBITION

Exhibitors from outside Calcutta who intend participating in the Sri Ramakrishna Centenary Exhibition of Industries and Culture, will be glad to learn that in addition to the Eastern Bengal Railway, the East Indian Railway has also granted certain concessions on its system for the carriage for exhibits, etc. The concessions which are as follows, will be available by goods and passengers trains only:—

1. On forward journey, full tariff rates, subject in all cases to ordinary Tariff conditions.

2. On return journey, free, provided following conditions are fulfilledd:—

(a) exhibits must have remained unsold;

(b) they must be consigned to the station from which originally despatched and by the same route;

(c) they will be carried at owner's risk.

Farewell To Principal Buell

Principal T. Buell and Mrs. Buell were entertained at a farewell party at the Greens' on Saturday evening, when many leading citizens were present. Sir Phiroze C. Sethna presided.

The Foreign Bible Society, the Y. M. C. A. and the American Mission participated in the function.

Principal Buell is well-known in Bombay and he has put in 50 years of educational service and resurrected many institutions. He retired as Principal of American Mission High School.

Mr. B. N. Athavle thanked the Chair towards the close.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, February 1

On Saturday London gold prices improved 1/2d to £7-2-0 while London-Paris Exchange rate declined one point at 105.09. Dollar sterling cross rate was quoted 4.89 25/32. London silver was 1/16d down at 20 1/4d. India bought while China and speculators sold. New York silver was unchanged at 44 3/4 cents and Montreal prices were 5 points down to 10 points up. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 5/8 today.

The local market was quiet but steady with a limited business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

GOLD

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	35	2	6
Magh delivery	35	2	3
Magh Tejimandi	0	3	6
Fagan delivery	35	2	0
Fagan Tejimandi	0	5	6

SILVER

Ready	50	6	0
Posh delivery	50	6	0
Magh delivery	50	4	0
Magh Tejimandi	1	2	0
Fagan delivery	50	8	0
Fagan Tejimandi	1	12	0

Montreal Silver

Montreal, January 30

February 44.85 —05
March 44.85 plus 10
May 44.85 —05

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, February 1

March 258.90 plus 300
April 258.60 plus 350
May 258.00 plus 320
July 258.50 plus 400

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: March 174 May 184 at cross rate 4.89 25/32

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1937 228/8 Liverpool May 7.11 Rs. 81 1/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1937 228/8 New York May 12.67 Rs. 59 1/4 at cross rate 4.89 25/32

High And Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, January 30

Broach A/M 1937 opening 229; highest 229; lowest 228 1/4; closing 228 1/2

Broach J/A opening 231 1/2; highest 231 1/2; lowest 230 3/4; closing 231

Oomra March opening 209 1/4; highest 209 1/4; lowest 208 3/4; closing 209 1/4

Oomra May opening 209 1/2; highest 209 3/4; lowest 209; closing 209 3/4

Bengal March opening 183 3/4; highest 183 3/4; lowest 183; closing 183 1/4

Bengal May opening 182 1/2; highest 182 1/2; lowest 181 3/4; closing 182

Tejimandi for Broach A/M Settlement (21-2-37) Rs. 4 3/4

Tejimandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 9

Tejimandi for Broacn J/A (30-3-37) Rs. 16 1/4

Trade Tendencies

Bombay, February 1

Messrs. M and B Stern have received the following cable from Liverpool:

Wheat: "Consider it a purchase this level for the long run."

Sugar: "Look for trading market time being but higher eventually."

Rubber: "Opinion unchanged expect ultimately higher."

Copper "Trade demand still continues: Recommend buying easy spots."

Cocoa: "Trad demand and consumption continues good consider present setback only temporary: July sh 52/9."

Silver: "America have been covering: If wanted near future supplies probably be small." Would buy forward this level."

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, January 30

March 98d.
May 99 1/2d.
July 100 3/4d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, January 30

May dol 1.27 3/4
July dol 1.11 1/8
September dol 1.08 1/4

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, February 1

Ready Javas Rs. 13-4
Shipment February March Rs. 4-4-6
Shipment July September Rs. 4-7-6
Kesar Rs. 11-10
Saraya Rs. 11-2
Java Spot F. 5.35

Produce Receipts

Bombay, February 1

Wheat	15,105	cwts.
Linseed	194	cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	385	cwts.
Gingellyseed	807	cwts.
Poppyseed	24	cwts.
Groundnuts	39,136	cwts.
Castorseed	2,138	cwts.
Rice	16,293	cwts.
Myrabollams	4,850	cwts.
Cottonseed	11,546	cwts.
Mowraseed	102	cwts.
Gram	849	cwts.
Joowar	2,072	cwts.
Bajre	40	cwts.
Indian sugar	2,496	cwts.
Coal	6,034	cwts.
	3,141	tons.

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, February 1

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	190	187	184	181	
Punjab	190	187	184	181	
Oomra No. 3	218	215	212	209	...
C P No. 1	233	230	227	224	...
C P No. 2	224	221	218	215	...
Khandesh	213	210	207	204	

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, February 1

B. C. RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos.	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK	
B C Rate T T	273 3/8
Banks selling T T	271 3/8
Banks buying T T	269 1/4
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	787
Banks buying T T	802
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 3/8
Banks buying T T	76 5/8
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67 1/4
JAVA—	
Banks selling T T	66 7/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	84
SHANGHAI	
Banks selling D D	81 3/4
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	90 3/4
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 30th ultimo	4.89 25/32
Japan/London— 1st instant	1/2
Java/London— 1st instant	8.89 1/2
Hongkong/London— 1st instant	1/3 1/32
Shanghai/London— 1st instant	1/2 5/8
London/Paris 30th ultimo	105.09
London/Belgium 30th ultimo	29.00 1/2
London/Switzerland 30th ultimo	21.40 3/4
London/Berlin 30th ultimo	12.17
London/Stockholm 30th ultimo	19.39 1/2
London/New York 30th ultimo	4.89 11/16
London/Amsterdam 30th ultimo	8.94 1/8
London/Italy 30th ultimo	93.03
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.	
Gold	
29th ultimo	£7-1-11 1/2
30th ultimo	£7-2-0
Silver London Ready	
29th ultimo	20 5/16
30th ultimo	20 1/4
Silver London Forward	
29th ultimo	20 1/4
30th ultimo	20 1/4
Silver New York Ready	
29th ultimo	45
30th ultimo	45
London Discounts 3 months	
29th ultimo	9/16 p.c.
30th ultimo	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 months	
29th ultimo	11/16 p.c.
30th ultimo	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—	
Call	1 p.c.
3 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
6 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
Tone:—Steady.	

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Jan 30

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Electric Power and Light	22
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	85
Electric Bond Common	26
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	46
Columbia Gas	18
American Tel and Tel	183
Western Union Telg	78 1/4
Baltimore and Ohio Rly	23
New York Central Rly	42 1/4
Union Pacific Rly	129
Amr Tob B	99
Bethelehem Steel	83
Republican Steel	34
United States Steel	96 1/2
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	17
Amr Car Foundry	65
Anaconda Copper Mining	53
Int Nickcd of Canada	63
Chrysler	123
General Motors	67 3/4
General Electric	63 1/4
Radio Corporation	12
American Radiator	29
Barnsdall Oil	34
Socony	17 7/8
Skelley Oil	44
Chase Bank	56 1/2
National City Bank	51
Sun Life of Canada	925

Market firm. Steel shares exceptionally strong at close. Carloadings up 85739. Amr. Radiator at dol 29 and Union Oil of California at dol 27 look higher.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 29th January 15,883 bales.

Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936 1,339,063 bales

Receipts into Bombay same time last season 949,682 bales

Increase 389,381 bales

JAWAHAR UNWILLING TO ENTER INTO T. U. C. COMPLAINT

(From "Sentinel" Correspondent.)

NAGPUR. Feb. 1.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has informed the Provincial Trade Union Secretary that he does not wish to interfere in the matter of selection of Congress nominee for Nagpur Labour seat and that if they like the T. U. C. should represent its case to the Central Parliamentary Committee.

The landing ground at Croydon airport is to be lengthened this year at a cost of £50.000. The airport will shortly be equipped with instruments necessary to control from the ground a machine flying in fog.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, February 1

Following a small rise of 5 points in New York cotton futures the local market opened to-day at Rs. 228/12 for Broach A/M delivery and advanced to Rs. 229/4 on scattered buying. Later on there was some profit taking and prices declined to Rs. 229. The tone of the market was very steady and we think purchases around present prices are safe.

Liverpool market opened very steady at a rise of 4 points and the local market ruled very steady with Broach A/M quoted at Rs. 229/4. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:

	Rs.	a.	p.
Broach A/8	228	8	0
Broach J/A	231	0	0
Oomra March	210	8	0
Oomra May	210	12	0
Bengal March	183	12	0
Bengal May	182	4	0

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, February 1

Bengal Superfine	188/90
Bengal Fine	185/87
C P 1	223/25
C P 2	216/17
Arvi	216/17
Ellichpur	216/17
Berar	212/14
Khamgaon	214/16
Mulkapur	209/11
Khandesh	206/09
Jalna/Sailu	209/11
Burwah Sanavad	214/16
Broach Fine	229/32
Punjab/American	229/34
Sind N T	264/74
Punjab 289 F	289/94

American Cotton Figures

	1936-37	1935-36
F P Bales		
Receipts to date 30-1-37	5525000	5994000
Receipts yesterday 30-1-37	17000	8000
Exports to date 30-1-37	3576000	4121000
Stock at Ports 29-1-37	2492000	2607000
Stock at Interior Towns 29-1-37	2045000	2249000
Stock at Liverpool 29-1-37	972000	733000
Visible Supply 29-1-37	6087000	6573000
Quantity in sight 29-1-37	10487000	10200000
Quantity out of sight 29-1-37	7652000	6742000

New York Sugar

New York, January 30

March	2.71—08
May	2.69—07
July	2.69—05
September	2.69—05

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, February 1

Yellow metal sheets	41	8	0
Copper sheets	51	14	0

Tone: Very steady.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, February 1

Our market was easy to-day on increased liquidation. There was some forced liquidation in groundnuts and February after opening at Rs. 42/12 declined to Rs. 42/5 while May delivery opened at Rs. 44/10 and declined to Rs. 44/1. March delivery opened at Rs. 8/10 and declined to Rs. 8/5 while June was quoted five annas higher. Castorseed May was quoted at Rs. 36/7 and cottonseed after opening at Rs. 21 improved to Rs. 21/1/6 on buying from Gujarat. Arrivals are heavy and to-day about 2000 tons of groundnuts arrived. Export enquiry is quiet and the undertone was easy.

Groundnuts February	42	5	0
Groundnuts May	44	1	6
Cottonseed May	21	1	6
Castorseed May	36	7	6

Indian Cotton Figures

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	30-1-37.	This year.
Khandesh	3,261	163,696
Central India	4,621	197,753
Barsi and Nagar	487	107,301
Hyderabad Gaorani	384	47,079
Berar	4,292	361,346
Central Provinces	985	80,434
Total Oomras	14,027	957,609
Dholera	290	15,828
N W Provinces	65	4,653
Rajputana	316	33,342
Sind-Punjab	1,982	194,809
Broach	358	4,644
Coompta and Dharwar	...	10,997
Westerns Northerns	178	12,750
Cocoanada	...	124
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	2,616
Persian	...	10
American	...	3,144
Egyptian and African	2,116	117,864
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	5
Total	19,332	1,358,395

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 28th Jan

In full-pressed bales

	30-1-37.	This year.
Europe	885	144,553
Japan and China	11,775	603,663
Coast Ports	...	8,118
Up-country by Rail	...	101,827
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	47,420
Total	12,660	905,581

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD

The following rates prevailed in the market on 1st day of February 1937.

Broach Fully Good Quality.

Vaidas.

(B.T.)	April-May 1936-37
10-30	Rs. 229/8
12-30	Rs. 229/4
1-30	Rs. 229 settlement.
4-30	Rs. 229 April-May
Highest	Rs. 229/8
Lowest	Rs. 229

Impressive Buying In Steel Shares

Heavy Realising In Cotton Textiles

Cement Section Dull

BOMBAY, February 1.

The market opened very steady with general buying in all sections and particularly speculative counters showed substantial advances during the initial stage.

Later on there was considerable unloading which depressed prices but offerings in steel shares were readily absorbed and Deferred shares reached new high level.

Steel industry is in a booming state all over the world and prices of various steel products are going up which in turn are forcing up values of steel shares.

In the local market Tata Steel shares are very active with a large turnover and new buyers are coming in. Offerings are scarce and profit-taking sales are too small to satisfy the growing demand.

Cotton mill shares opened very steady but later on prices declined on heavy realising by Bazar operators.

Cement shares remained neglected despite excellent earnings by cement concerns. This is particularly due to absence of speculative activity but current values are attractive. Tata Steel Deferred shares which closed at Rs. 1,267-8 on Saturday opened to-day at Rs. 1,280 and immediately rose to Rs. 1,303. At this level there was some realising and prices declined to Rs. 1,292 but active buying pushed up prices to Rs. 1,315 which was the highest level for the day. Later, on prices eased off on realising but the tone was very steady.

Tata Steel Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 295-8 and after advancing to Rs. 299 ruled quiet on scattered selling.

Tata Power shares opened at Rs. 1,572 and after advancing to Rs. 1,589 declined to Rs. 1,563.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 930 and under heavy selling gave way to Rs. 902-8.

TEXTILE MILLS.

BOMBAY: February 1.

	Rs	as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 14)	305	0
250 B'bay Dyeing (Rs. 25)	902	8
100 Century	217	8
100 Central India (Rs. 4)	290	0
100 Colaba (nil)	152	8
100 Coorla	110	0
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	395	0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0	12 6
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	113	12
100 Gokak (Rs. 2-8)	218	12
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1725	0
100 Indore	48	12
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	95	10
100 Kohinoor (Rs. 8)	277	8
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	675	0
250 Madras United N.	11	0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	960	0
250 Model	61	4
50 Mysore (Rs. 3)	105	0
200 New Great (nil)	190	0
100 Oosmanshahi (Re. 1)	58	8
100 Phoenix (10)	305	0
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	62	8
1,000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2300	0
50 Simplex (Rs. 1-2)	87	8
100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4)	243	12
100 Swan (nil)	90	0
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1317	8
1000 Western	805	0
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	118	0
25-50 Central (As. 12)	35	8
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1527	8
125-500 I. Conty (Rs. 7-8)	376	4
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	139	0
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-3-4)	135	8
5 Union (As. 4)	5	10
CEMENTS.		
10 Bundi (As. 10)	39	14
100 Coimbatore	199	6
70 Gwallor (Rs. 5)	137	8
160 Indian (Rs. 24)	521	4
40 Katni Def. (Rs. 83-8-9)	2305	0
100 Katni ord. (Rs. 10)	387	8
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	301	14
10 Punjab (As. 12)	29	14
100 Shahabad (Rs. 13-8)	510	0
70 United (Rs. 2-8)	161	4
INSURANCE		
80-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	880	0
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	16	6
15-75 New India (Re. 1-4)	44	12
20 Mercantile	46	0
200 Oriental (125)	5,235	0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7	12
ELECTRIC.		
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	185	0
1,000 Andhra Valley (45)	1722	8
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	14	0
50 B'bay Tram (Rs. 3-8)	150	10
100 Bom. Suburban (Rs. 6)	210	0
10 Broach	14	0
100 Karachi (4)	267	8
100 Poona (4)	270	8
100 Surat (Rs. 8)	208	2
100 Tata Hydro (Rs. 5)	189	6
1,000 Tata Power (Rs. 40)	1,562	8
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	920	0
100 C. Province	99	0
[illegible] aramati	[illegible]	[illegible]
100 Gujarat	93	12
100 Mandra Bhon	102	0
100 Pachora Jamner	98	0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	102	8
500 Tapty Valley (17-8)	775	0
MININGS.		
10 Shivrajpur (As. 8)	46	8
30 Tata Steel Def. (Rs. 7-8)	1,295	0
75 Tata Steel Ord. (Rs. 6)	295	8
MISCELLANEOUS		
100 Alcock (Rs. 5)	287	8
50 Belapur Sugar (Rs. 7)	181	4
200 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 40)	900	0
250 B'bay Steam (Rs. 15)	290	0
125 B'bay Burma (Rs. 12-8)	636	4
60 Do. Conty. (Rs. 5)	212	8
8sh Br. B. Petrol (nil)	6	7 0
50 B. Telephone (Rs. 2-8)	116	0
9 Burma Corp. (As. 8)	11	9
2sh. Indian Copper	4	1
100 I. Bleaching (Rs. 4)	150	0
50 I. Invest Trust (Rs. 2)	54	0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, February 1

Century (221/4) 226 228 223 226 217 220 217

Bombay Dyeing (915) 930 922 930 921 925 917 923 910 907 911 902 903 902

Kohinoor (283/12) 286 287 276 277

Central India (291/4) 295 298 292 296 287 290

New Great (191/4) 192 195 190

Simplex (88/12) 90 87

Swadeshi (247/8) 253 247 243

Bundi (39/2) 39 39/12 39/14

I Cement (525) 531 532 523 521

Punjab (29/12) 29/10 29/14

Shahabad (502/8) 506 513 512 516 510 515 510

Andhra (1722/8) 1722 1730 1726 1730 1722

Tata Hydro (188/2) 189 190 189

Tata Power (1561/4) 1572 1577 1575 1580 1567 1577 1570 1571 1562

Tram Ord (150/10) 151/4 150/10

T Steel Defd (1267/8) 1280 1277 1303 1295 1317 1297 1312 1302 1307 1295

T Steel Ord (294/8) 295/8 298/8 296 298/8 297/8 295/8 296 295/10

Tata Steel 2nd pref (177/4) 177/8 177/8

Bellapur (178/12) 185 182 183 181

B Steam (287/8) 288 290

B Burma (637/8) 641 643 638 641 636 637 635 637

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, February 1

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 99/12

3 per cent 1951/54 101/10

3 per cent 1941 Bonds 103/10

3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 96/11

3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 105/8

4 per cent 1943 Bonds 110

4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 113

4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 118/8

3 per cent U P Bonds 98

5 per cent 1938/44 107/10

5 per cent 1940/43 Loan 110/8

5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan 106/2

TAX FREES

3 per cent 1945/55 119/6

4 per cent 1953/63 Loan 111/4

5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 106

5 per cent 1955 Mysore 125

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974 109

4 per cent M Deb 1974 108

5 per cent M Deb 1959 118

6 per cent M Deb 1954 130

6 per cent K P T 1956 130

6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 102

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 96/6 and improved to Rs. 96/12 and finally closed at Rs. 96/11. Tone steady. Later on quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 96/11.

Linseed And Wheat

Bombay, February 1

The local market was fairly steady to-day with a scattered buying. Heavy offerings by Plate are checking demand in foreign markets but rival of enquiry is expected to raise prices.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed May	7	7	6
Linseed September	7	11	0
Wheat May	5	7	3
Wheat September	5	6	0

100 I. Radio defd. (12)	533	12
100 I Radio Ord. (15)	525	0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	621	4
15 Scindia (Re. 1)	21	2
30 Premier Const. (Re. 1-1)	103	0
25 Tata Oil (nil)	20	8
PREFERENCE.		
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1565	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	306	4
7 p.c. Bom Trams (T.F.)	88	0
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	540	0
7 p.c. Katni 1st	136	4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd. (T.F.)	146	4
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	13	10
6-1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 1st	108	12
6-1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	103	8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	160	0
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1602	8
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	197	8
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	177	4
7 p.c. Vishnu	692	8
DEBENTURES		
3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	102	12
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	111	0
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone	51	8
7 p.c. Sholapur	85	4
6 p.c. Tata Hydro	111	8

(Last Dividend in Brackets)

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REGD. NO.. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1937

JUPITER
is a composite office equipped to do insurance business in all departments.
J4

Handicaps To Exercise Of Franchise

CANDIDATES' PROTEST

Polling Arrangements Will Bewilder Voters

Intense dissatisfaction has been created in Congress and Labour circles in the City over the polling arrangements made by the local Government and the manner in which the electoral roll has been prepared.

It is learnt that Congress and Labour candidates of E and F Wards have already forwarded a strong representation to the Government protesting against the arrangements as calculated to defeat the purpose of enlarged franchise and demanding a speedy remedy.

PRINCIPAL GRIEVANCES.

The grievance is based principally on two very vital departures from the usual procedure.

Electoral rolls for the Bombay Legislative Council and the City Municipal elections—or, for the matter of that, all electoral rolls in the past—were arranged (1) according to locality, and in alphabetical order (2) according to surnames.

The present electoral roll for the provincial Assembly is prepared

(1) Without reference to locality, except in so far as the electoral boundaries are concerned, and (2) with alphabetical order according to "Christian" names—except for the Christian constituency!

There is a third difficulty arising from the creation of a number of polling stations for a single constituency.

CONFUSION FOR VOTERS.

Now, what is the result?

According to the past arrangement it was possible for a candidate to take his supporters from any particular locality or building to a single polling station and conveyance caused the least possible difficulty.

According to the new arrangement, people from the same locality will have to be taken in different and often opposite directions.

What is more even members of the same household will have to be conveyed, perhaps, to as many different polling stations as there are voting members of the family.

In the case of the illiterate the difficulty is even greater, and slogans like "On foot to the polling booth" become utterly useless when voters do not know in what direction they have to walk to the polling booth.

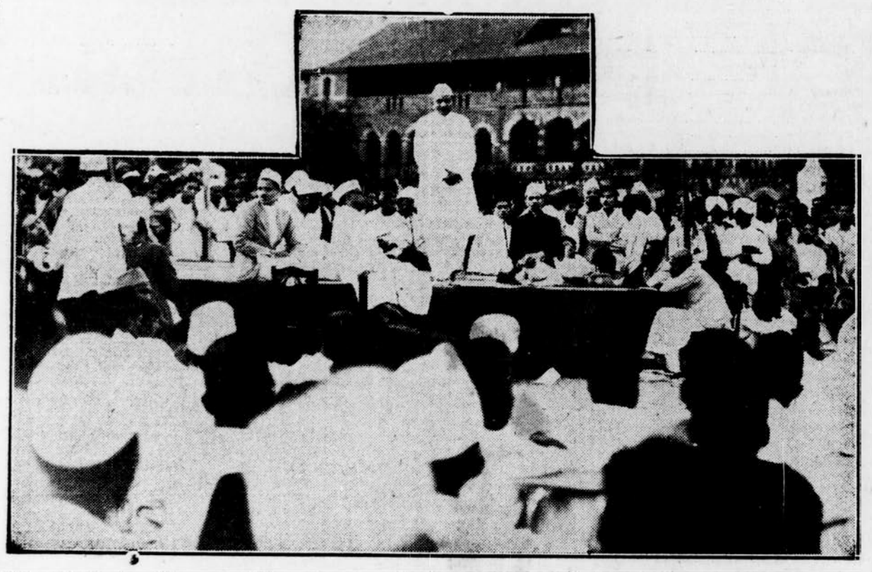
DEFEATING THE PURPOSE.

All this means defeating the purpose of the enlarged franchise and putting an artificial premium on wealth.

WORKING CLASS VOTES.

One more point needs emphasis. The Millowners of Bombay, it is understood, propose to keep their mills open on the election day. The policy of the millowners is calculated to keep out working class votes.

It is learnt that a representation has been sent to the Governor to intervene in the matter and to see that millowners do not directly or indirectly prevent workers exercising their votes.



Mr. Nagindas Master addressing an election propaganda meeting at Chowpathy, on Sunday.

SECURE YOUR VOTER'S CARD

Best Way To Avoid Rush And Impersonation At Polling

The Propaganda Secretaries of the Bombay City Congress Parliamentary Committee write:—

The cards giving the number and the polling booth of every voter are now ready and voters of the Bombay Legislative Assembly are requested to make sure that they get their cards in time for the polling which will take place on Wednesday, February 17. The volunteers of the Congress will no doubt make all efforts to deliver these cards to the respective voters at their residences. It is, however, possible that all the voters may not get their cards owing to change of address, insufficient address and various other reasons. The voters should not wait till they receive their cards at their places. They should approach the nearest election centre of the Congress and get their cards from there. These cards are to be carefully preserved and carried to the polling booths to avoid delay and inconvenience at the booths.

TO AVOID RUSH.

Some of the booths, especially in A, B, C, and D Wards Constituency, are so small and inconvenient in several ways that even with a voting strength of 5 to 10 thousand at each one of these booths, there is bound to be great rush. Voters are, therefore, requested to be at the booths with the cards at 8 a.m. (S.T.) and take the earliest opportunity of recording their votes.

We have also to guard against the usual evil of impersonation and the most effective remedy against that is the early voting.

Volunteers and other workers who will be actually assisting the Congress candidates on that day must be the first in the field and record their votes so that thereafter they can attend to their duties without any anxiety about their votes.

SCHEDULED CASTES & MARATHA SEATS

Directions For Bombay Electorate

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

There appears to be some doubt in the minds of the public regarding the manner in which the reserved and non-reserved seats in a constituency in which a seat or seats are reserved for Marathas or/and Scheduled Castes are to be filled. The case is governed by paragraph 16(3) of Part I of the Government of India (Provincial Legislative Assemblies) Order, 1936 which provides that where the seats to be filled include a reserved seat the Returning Officer shall, when the counting of votes has been completed, first declare that one of the qualified candidates (i.e. candidates who are eligible for being elected to the reserved seat), to whom the largest number of votes has been given, to be elected to fill the reserved seat.

It follows from this provision that if the candidate who, as a result of the counting of votes, gets the largest number of votes is e.g. a Maratha in a constituency in which a seat is reserved for Marathas he will be declared elected to the seat so reserved. If the next candidate in the order of number of votes secured at the poll also happens to be a Maratha then he will be declared elected to the non-reserved seat in the constituency, since Maratha or Scheduled Caste candidates in a general constituency in which seats are reserved for Marathas or Scheduled Castes are as eligible to be elected to non-reserved seats as any other candidate in the constituency.

It is also to be noted that no person is entitled to be included twice in the electoral roll for any particular constituency and the fact that a person is included twice in the electoral roll for a constituency does not increase his rights as respects voting therein. In fact, if any person who is enrolled twice in the same constituency votes twice in the constituency all his votes will be void: vide paragraph 7(3) of Part III of the Government of India (Provincial Elections) (Corrupt Practices and Election Petitions) Order, 1936. Also, no person is entitled to vote in more than one territorial constituency even though his name may have been enrolled in each of them and if he does so, his votes in each of them will be void. If, however, one of the two territorial constituencies is a constituency specially formed for the purpose of electing women members it is open to such a person to vote in both the constituencies: vide paragraph 7 of Part 1 of the Sixth Schedule to the Government of India Act, 1935.

CLASP-KNIFE AT ELECTION MEETING

KARACHI: February 1.

At a meeting held last evening in support of the Congress candidate a Sikh brandishing a clasp-knife rushed towards the speaker on the dais, but he was apprehended by the policeman on duty and was marched off to the lockup.—A. P.

Election Offences Regulation For Orissa

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 31.

The Orissa Criminal Procedure (Election Offences) Amendment Regulation amending Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as proposed by the Orissa Government and approved by Governor-General has been published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary. It extends to the whole of the province of Orissa and shall come into force on such day, as the Local Government may by notification in local Official Gazette Direct.

The Royal Commission on Palestine returned to London on Saturday. Lord Peel told "Reuter" that he could not say when the report might be expected. The Commission had examined a huge amount of evidence and heard over 100 witnesses.

WHY FOIST ON US ANOTHER ENQUIRY?

"India's Duty To Protect Her Nationals Abroad"

ZANZIBAR VOICES PROTEST: Mr. ANANTANI'S APPEAL

BOMBAY, Feb. 1.

Mr. B N Anantani, Editor of the "Zanzibar Voice" and Secretary of the Indian National Association, Zanzibar, and its representative in London, who arrived here yesterday in the course of a statement says:—

"The Colonial Office has appointed Sir Ernest Dowson, formerly Financial Adviser to the Egyptian Government as Commissioner to visit Zanzibar and investigate the question of Agricultural Indebtedness, with particular reference to the new enactment of controversial land legislation in Zanzibar.

PAINFUL SURPRISE

The Indian community in Zanzibar has received the news with painful surprise as it was believed that after the careful and impartial enquiry into the subject by the representative commission appointed by the Zanzibar Government presided over by the Chief Justice of the Zanzibar High Court and the unanimous report of the commission suggesting immediate amendment of the law to meet the Indian grievances, at least partially, and after Mr. Binder's unqualified recommendation to eliminate the racial aspect from the decrees, the matter was regarded as closed. It was on the specific assurance given by the British Resident in Zanzibar to introduce amending legislation that the Indian community in Zanzibar agreed to allow the extension of the moratorium indefinitely much to their detriment.

WHY THIS INQUIRY

The new move will throw the Indian community into a state of suspense and is bound to aggravate its helplessness. What I cannot understand is the necessity for such an enquiry, as there is no absolutely no new development in the situation which requires to be investigated. It is, therefore, my earnest appeal to the Government of India to take immediate steps to see that no such enquiry is held, but, if it is found that an enquiry of the kind cannot be resisted, then the Government of India should see that Sir Ernest Dowson begins it only after the present British Resident in Zanzibar vacates his office on March 1. Another important thing is that the Government of India should immediately send out its own representative to Zanzibar to help the Indian community and insist that on this occasion, this representative should have the status of an associate and not merely an observer in any inquiry.

HOUR OF TRIAL FOR INDIANS

This is an hour of trial for the Indian Community in Zanzibar and it is my fervent hope that our countrymen in India and the Government over here will stand solidly behind us in our fight. We in East Africa have a painful experience of such enquiries, for instance when through the efforts of the Kenya Indian Delegation led by the Right Hon. Sreenivasa Sastri we obtained the Wood-Winterton Agreement, it was nullified by a subsequent enquiry and the Hilton-Young Commission report partly conceding the Indian demands in East Africa with regard to franchise and other minor matters was shelved by a similar enquiry under the Presidency of Sir Samuel Wilson. We are, therefore, afraid of such enquiries and, therefore, India and the Government in India should see that the interests of her nationals abroad and in her own national honour such an unwanted enquiry is not foisted on the Indian Community in Zanzibar".—A P.

VACANCY FOR CABINET MEMBER

Suhrawardy Vacates Second Seat He Has Won For Sir Nazim-ud-Din

CALCUTTA, Jan. 31.

It is understood that Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, who has been elected to the Bengal Legislative Assembly from two different constituencies, has intimated his intention to the All-India Muslim Parliamentary Board of vacating his seat from Calcutta North Mohamedan Constituency, and that it has been decided that Sir Nazim-ud-Din, Member of the Bengal Executive Council, who has been defeated by Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq from the Patualkhali constituency in Barisal, should contest the bye-election caused by the resignation of Mr. Suhrawardy as a Muslim League candidate.—A.P.

MRS. NEHRU'S CONDITION SATISFACTORY

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 1.

The latest bulletin from Anandbhawan says that Mrs. Motilal Nehru passed a good night and her condition this morning is considered very satisfactory.—A. P.

PROTEST AGAINST GRAMOPHONE RECORDS

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 1

Regarding the Tamil language records set issued by the Gramophone Company great protest was raised against it by the Jain Community of India for alleged insult to their religious Lords Mahavir and Parasnath.

In reply to Youngmen's Jain Society, Ahmedabad the Gramophone Company head office from Calcutta states that they are extremely sorry for harming the feeling of Jains and suspend further issue and will also inquire, as to how it happened.

It is never our policy to affect any community's religious feelings.

Govt. Concession For "Gur" Manufacture

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Feb. 1.

The Government of Central Provinces have sanctioned the use of 225 'Sindi' trees at Shegaon near Wardha free of cost for the purpose of preparing coarse sugar (gur) under the auspices of Village Industries Association, Wardha.

RUIKAR FOR BOMBAY

Will Discuss Congress-Labour Deadlock With Sardar

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, Feb. 1.

Mr. R. S. Ruikar, President Nagpur Textile Union leaves for Bombay to-night.

During his three days' stay in Bombay he will meet Sardar Patel and discuss with him the situation in Nagpur apropos of Labour-Congress deadlock over election to Nagpur Labour seat.

The Provincial Trade Union Congress Election Boards has drawn out a programme for election in Nagpur and will support only such candidates as are prepared to accept it. In this connection local Congressmen point out that the list of C. P. candidates having been approached by the Central Congress Parliamentary Board at its Faizpur session even Sardar Patel may find himself helpless in the matter.

NOVEL PROPOSAL

Disciplinary Action Against Jawahar

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, Feb. 1.

Trade Union leaders in Nagpur are adopting an attitude, visa vis the general elections, which is being deplored on all hands, one of them is openly flirting with the Hindu Sabhawallah and rebel Congressmen in Nagpur while another leader has proposed that T. U. C. should take disciplinary action against Pandit Nehru ex-president of the All-India Trade Union Congress for acting against T.U.C. decision in matter of Nagpur and Bombay seats.

This proposal will only evoke some amusement but will harm the T.U.C. itself more than the Congress.

Nagpur workers are already showing signs of restlessness at the policy which their leaders at present pursuing.

CONGRESS LEADER ARRESTED

MYSORE, Jan. 31.

Mr. Tagadur Ramachandra Rao, President, Mysore Congress Committee, who was recently released after being taken to Dundulpet, was again arrested by Inspector Subanna and Sub-Inspector Mariswami on a non-bailable warrant issued by the City Magistrate this evening.

The police have also made inquiries in the Srirama Press, regarding copies of printed leaflets publishing Mr. Ramachandra Rao's intention to break the order under section 144 by the District Magistrate.—United Press.

LOOK OUT FOR

Edgar Wallace's New Story: "The Green Ribbon"

COMMENCING WEDNESDAY, 3rd FEBRUARY, 1937

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